

# PenTest 1 Looking Glass Ilomilo

## Members:

STUDENT ID	NAME	ROLE
1211103196	Adriana Iman binti Noor Azrai	Leader
1211103282	Aida Maisarah binti Hisam	Member
1211103216	Sofea Hazreena binti Hasdi	Member
1211103227	Wan Alia Adlina binti Wan Azman	Member

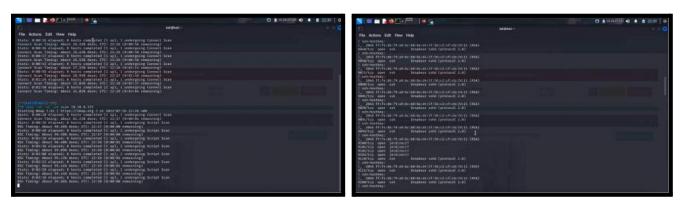
**Steps:** Recon and Enumeration

Members Involved: Wan Alia Adlina, Sofea Hazreena

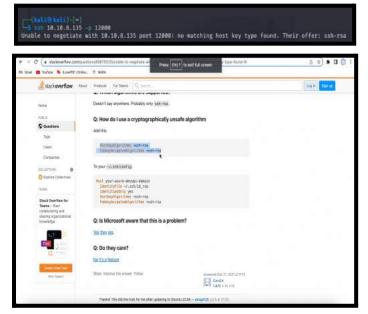
**Tools used:** Kali Linux, Firefox, Terminal, nmap, SSH, Vigenere Solver, nano

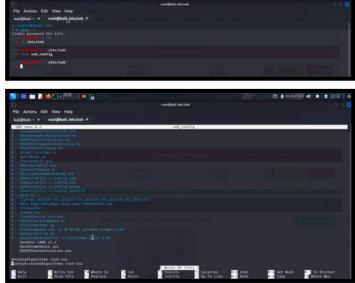
### **Thought Process and Methodology and Attempts:**

To get the user flag, the members involved are Wan Alia Adlina and Sofea Hazreena. Opening Kali, Adlina starts her machine and nmap the machine IP address with -sV (to enumerate applications versions), -sC (to run default scripts) and -oA (output in the three major formats at once). She was provided with ports with a range of 9000 until 14000.

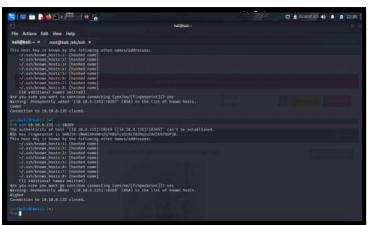


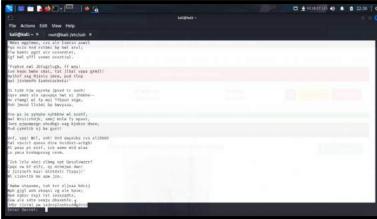
However, Adlina encounters an error when the ssh-rsa cannot be detected in the ssh\_config file. To solve the problem, using a new tab in the terminal as she cannot edit in the file itself, she used the command 'sudo -i' so it will change it to the root file. When she entered the root file, she changed the directory to '/etc/ssh' following the directory to the ssh\_config file and nano the ssh\_config file. Adding the command given from a website, ssh-rsa, after saving it, Adlina managed to solve the problem and the ssh file can be read.



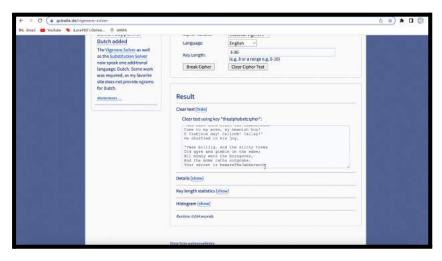


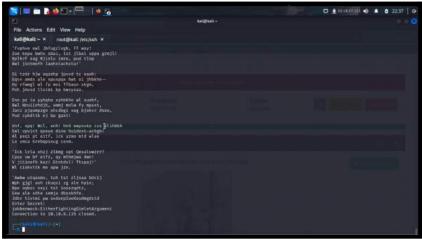
Here, Adlina starts to find the lowest value of the range and highest value of range until she reaches a difference of at least 10. There were many attempts she made as the port can be any number between 9000-14000. Then, she managed to find the right port and Adlina was provided with a long text message that she had to decrypt.



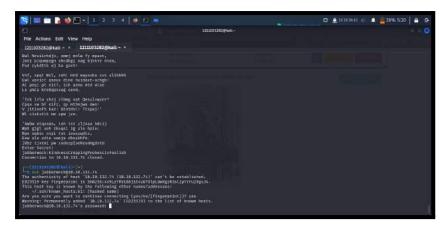


Using the Vigenere solver, Adlina managed to decrypt the message and get the secret that she had to type in the terminal. Then, she received a credential of jabberwock (username:password). However, the password is different for every port.





For the next part, to login as jabberwock, Sofea connects to the ssh port with credential jabberwock and the password that is given after she copies and pastes in the terminal after it has been decrypted.



We got access to the user and she entered command "Is" to list all the files. We will find 3 files in the directory. Next, she concatenates the file in user.txt. The flag looks to be reversed as we can see the thm spelled backwards. To get the exact flag, Sofea reverses the order of the letters by running 'rev' command. Then, we were provided with the user flag.



### **Final Result:**



Upon verification of the flag, Sofea pasted the flag into the TryHackMe site and got the confirmation that we managed to get it [thm{65d3710e9d75d5f346d2bac669119a23}].

Steps: Initial Foothold

Members Involved: Aida Maisarah, Adriana Iman

Tools used: Terminal, Netcat, SSH, pentestmonkey, reverse shell, reboot, cat, ping

### **Thought Process and Methodology and Attempts:**

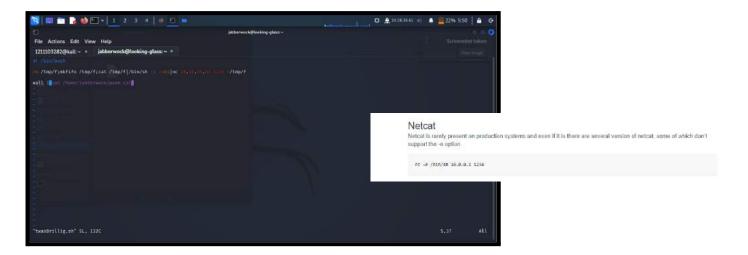
From this part onwards, the members involved are Aida Maisarah and Adriana Iman with of course some help from Adlina and Sofea as well. After receiving the user flag, Aida then uses the command "ls" with the parameter "-al" to list out all the downloaded files in Jabberwock's machine.

And then Adriana suggests aida to change the directory to home using the command "cd .." and see all the files there as well. Next aida decided to exit the home directory and wanted to use the shell script called "twasBrillig.sh" for a reverse shell.

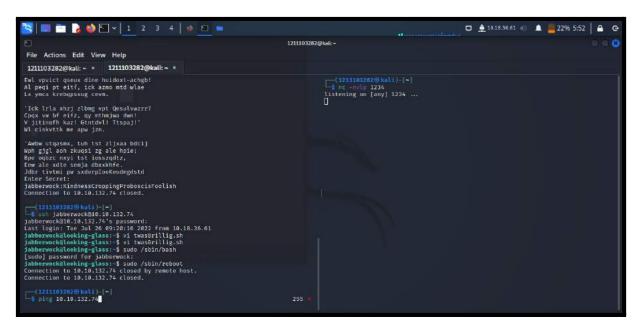
So she typed in "vi twasBrillig.sh" which the command "vi" is to modify the file.

```
jabberwock@looking-glass:-$ vi twasBrillig.sh
jabberwock@looking-glass:-$ vi twasBrillig.sh
```

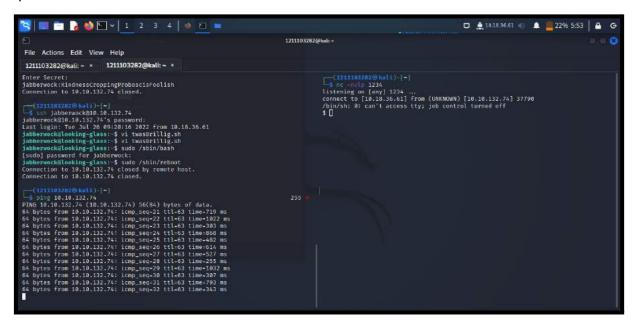
After that she typed in on the first row "#! /bin/bash" to group the reusable code blocks and then Adriana suggests she use a netcat shell from pentestmonkey. Copied it down and pasted it in the file but changed the ip address there to the ip address of her vpn, she then ended the last row with the line that was there when she first opened the file. Pressing the control key and O, she typed in ":wq" to save and exit the file.



Next she opened a new terminal vertically and in the new terminal she typed in a netcat command which is "nc" and "-nvlp" to listen to the 1234 port in the reverse shell. This is to open TCP connections. Then back to the jabberwock terminal, she used the sudo /sbin/reboot command to reboot the machine to log out from the jabberwock machine. After rebooting, Aida tries to ping the ip address of the machine to connect both terminals to verify if the destination ip address exist and work so the portal can be listened.



Then it will take a few seconds for the command to be completed to connect to the 1234 port.



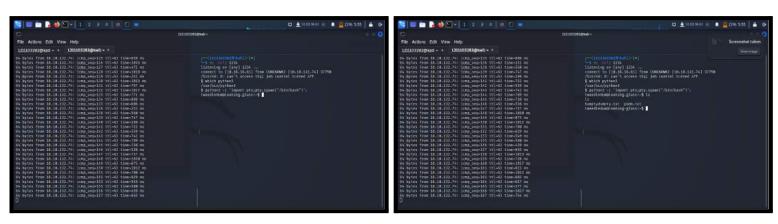
**Steps:** Horizontal Privilege Escalation

Members Involved: Aida Maisarah, Adriana Iman

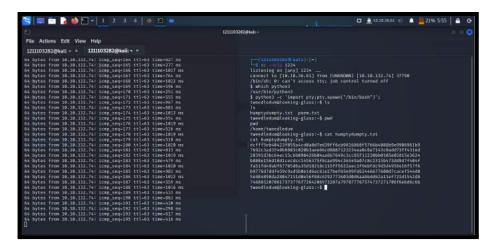
**Tools used:** netcat, python3, Cyberchef, cat, vi editor, RSA private key

### **Thought Process and Methodology and Attempts:**

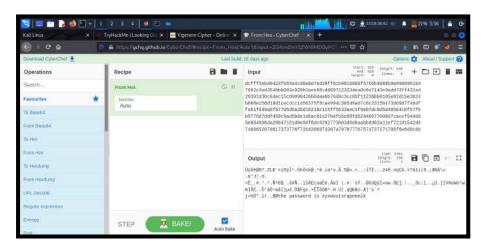
Once netcat is connected to their ip address, Adriana and Aida tried to identify which python3 is available in this where they get [/usr/bin/python3]. So they try using [python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"] to get a proper shell.



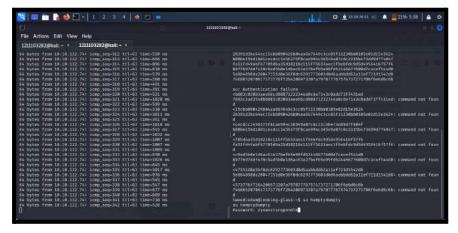
Then, they discover that they now have access to the home directory of tweedledum@lookingglass. From there, Adriana tries inserting the command [ls] to list all directories that are available. Then, she checks the current directory using [pwd] before using [cat humptydumpty.txt] to open the file since it's the first file in the directory. Then, a hash appears which Aida suggests is a hex.



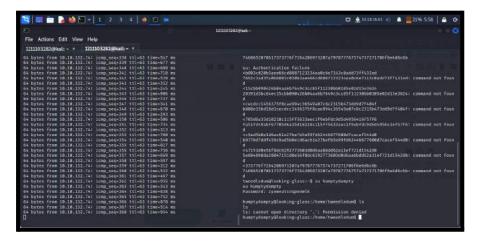
So, Adriana opens Cyberchef and pastes the hash into input. She sets [From Hex] in the recipe and discovers a secret message in the output, which appears to be a password.



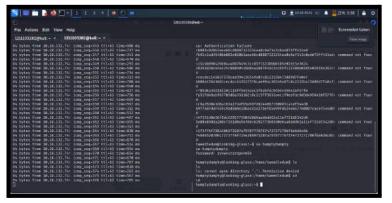
Then, Adriana tried the command [su humptydumpty] to execute the password that they obtained as user humptydumpty. At first, she didn't manage to insert the password but after succeeding, they discover that they now have access to humptydumpty@lookingglass.

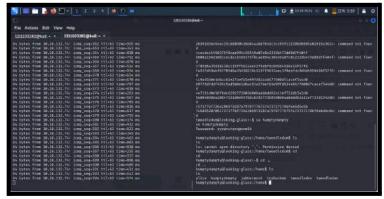


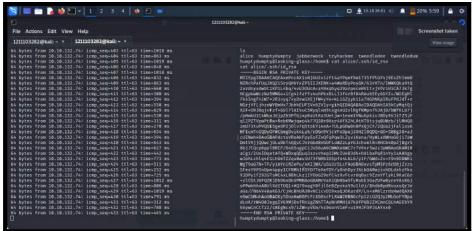
So, Adriana types in [ls] again to find each directories that are available. However, it stated that access is denied and it turns out that the home directory is still /home/tweedledum.



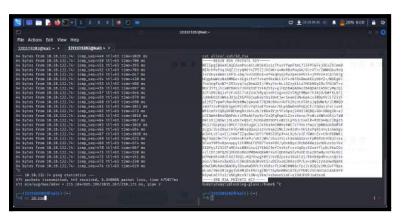
So, she tries inserting [cd] to change directory and then [cd ..] to exit back to home directory. Then they put in [ls] again and finally a few directories show up. After that, she tries to open one of the ssh keys with [cat alice/.ssh/id\_rsa] and finds out that the file can be read as an RSA key and copies it.

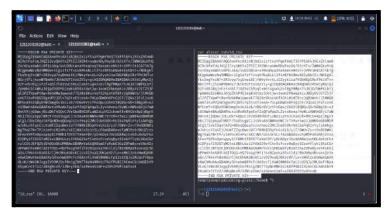






Adriana then opens up [vi id\_rsa] to modify the id\_rsa file and pastes the RSA key in there.





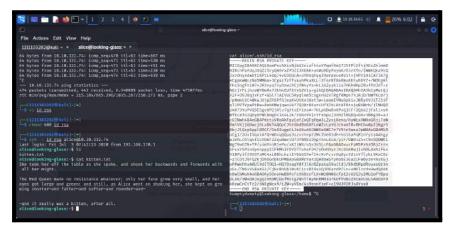
**Steps:** Root Privilege Escalation

Members Involved: Sofea Hazreena

Tools used: Kali Linux, Terminal, ssh, cat, getcap, vi editor

### **Thought Process and Methodology and Attempts:**

In the next step, Sofea changed the permissions of id\_rsa file to 600 by using the chmod command. To login as alice, she named it as id\_rsa alice and before getting in as alice she used ssh to manage the machines and the moves the files between the two systems. After that, she runs is command to see the files in the alice directory. She used cat commands to read the data in the file and the data does not contain any useful information that we needed.

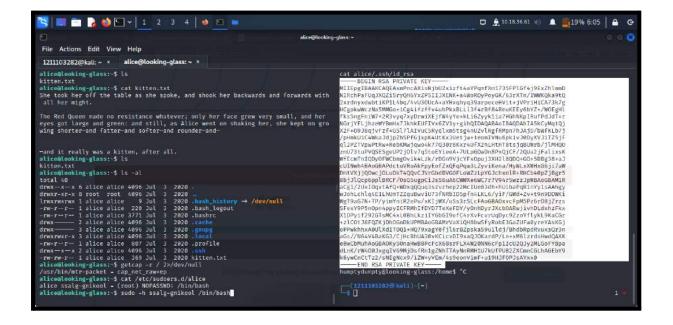


She runs the command to list out the long format including the hidden files in the directory. After it is running, it states all the directory and files that are readable, the file owner has read and write permission and the owner has execute permissions. Next, she used getcap and filtered out all the errors. Also she uses the command [2 >/dev/null] to send output that needs to be ignored.

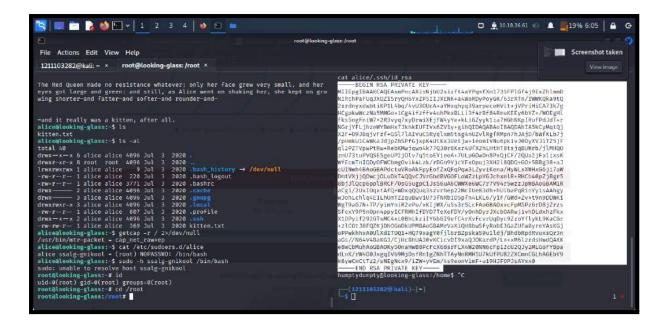
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### Actions East View Heigh

| Cat allocation | Action | Control |
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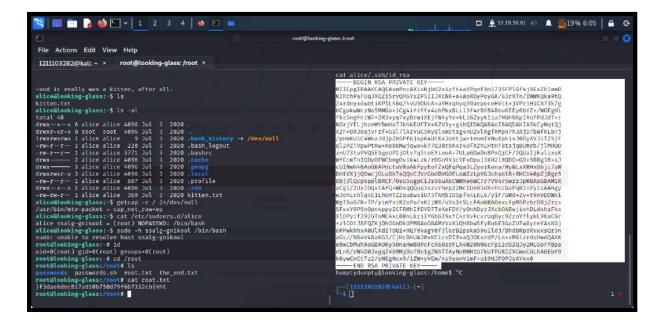
Next, she enumerates again and uses the /sudoers.d command to instruct the system how to handle the sudo command. We cannot use sudo -l to find sudo privileges because the password is not given. Sofea used the -h command with sudo to exploit an 'ssalg-gnikool' that she got from the sudoers file that has been concatenated. So, she can run /bin/bash as root.



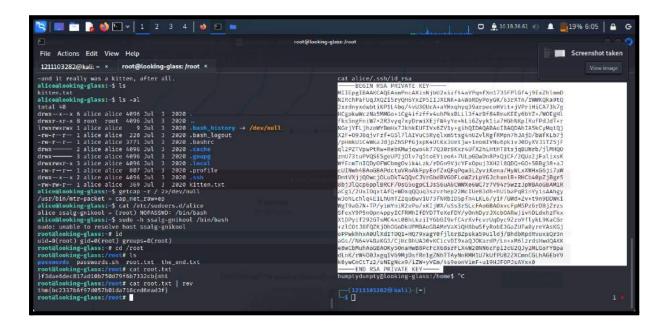
After it is running, she can escalate to root. In this part, Adlina realises that in order for us to become the root we have to change as ssalg-gnikool hostname as it will bring us to root, (ssalg-gnikool = (root). She entered the id command to display the user, group names and numeric id of the current user. Next, she changed the directory to /root.



Sofea entered is command to list out all the files in the root directory and concatenate the root.txt to catch the flag. The flag shown is backward.



She concatenates the root.txt again and adds a reverse command to catch the real flag.



### **Final Result:**



Upon verification of the flag, Sofea pasted the flag into the TryHackMe site and got the confirmation that we managed to get it [thm{bc2337b6f97d057b01da718ced6ead3f}].

# **Contributions**

Student ID	Student Name	Contribution	Signatures
1211103196	Adriana Iman binti Noor Azrai	<ul> <li>Solving Horizontal Privilege Escalation</li> <li>Find proper shell using python3</li> <li>Decode hash</li> <li>Suggested to use 'From Hex' in recipe for Cyberchef</li> <li>Did final checkings for report</li> </ul>	<u>LA</u>
1211103282	Aida Maisarah binti Hisam	- Gain the first reverse shell - Solving for netcat part in Initial Foothold section - solving the shell script for the reverse shell part - provide screenshots for the walkthrough - Suggests that the hash is a hex and should go through Cyberchef	A
1211103216	Sofea Hazreena binti Hasdi	- Logging in as Jabberwock - Obtain the user flag - Solving Root Privilege Escalation - Solving for netcat part in Initial Foothold section - obtain the root flag	84.
1211103227	Wan Alia Adlina binti Wan Azman	<ul> <li>Nmap to the machine IP address</li> <li>Adding commands into the ssh_config file so it can read ssh-rsa in ssh.</li> <li>Finding the right port for ssh to get the message</li> <li>Decrypt message after obtain the right port</li> <li>Helping to change directory from alice to root.</li> <li>Video editor</li> </ul>	

Youtube video link: <u>TT6L P1 Ilomilo Presentation Video</u>