

Computer Networks MCQ Quiz - Objective Question with Answer for Computer Networks - Download Free PDF

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Latest Computer Networks MCQ Objective Questions

Computer Networks Question 1:

____ hides the true network addresses and is used to intercept all messages entering and leaving the network.

1. Logic bomb
2. Firewall
3. Patches
4. Proxy server

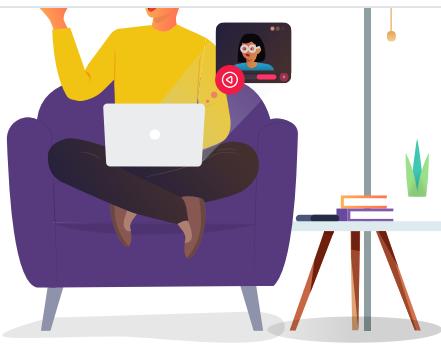
Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4 : Proxy server

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Computer Networks Question 1 Detailed Solution

The correct answer is **Proxy server**.

Key Points

- A proxy server could also be a system or router that provides a gateway between users and the internet.
- Therefore, it helps prevent cyber attackers from entering a private network.
- It's a server, mentioned as an "intermediary" because it goes between end-users and therefore the web pages they visit online.

Additional Information

- **Logic bomb:**
 - It is a malicious piece of code that's secretly inserted into a computer network, OS, or software application.
 - It lies dormant until a specific condition occurs.
 - When this condition is met, the logic bomb is triggered – devastating a system by corrupting data, deleting files, or clearing hard drives.
- **Firewall:**
 - A firewall could also be a network security device that monitors incoming and outgoing network traffic and permits or blocks data packets based on a set of security rules.
 - Its purpose is to work out a barrier between your internal network and incoming traffic from external sources (such as the internet) in order to block malicious traffic like viruses and hackers.

Patches:

- A patch could also be a software update comprised of code inserted (or patched) into the code of an executable program.
- Typically, a patch is installed into an existing software program.

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Computer Networks Question 2:

Which of the following is true about Phishing?

1. It is a type of cybersecurity attack that attempts to obtain data that are sensitive like Usernames, Passwords, and more.
 2. It is typically carried out by email spoofing, instant messaging, and text messaging.
-
1. 1
 2. 2
 3. 1 and 2
 4. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 3 : 1 and 2

Computer Networks Question 2 Detailed Solution

The correct answer is **1 and 2.**

Key Points

- Phishing may be a **type of cybersecurity attack that attempts to obtain data that are sensitive like Username, Password, and more.**
- **It attacks the user through mail, text, or direct messages.**
- **It is typically carried out by email spoofing, instant messaging, and text messaging.**
- Phishing often directs users to enter personal information at a fake website that matches the look and feel of the legitimate site.
- **Phishing is an example of social engineering techniques used to deceive users.**
- This word is created as a homophone and a sensational spelling of fishing, influenced by phreaking.
- **Signs of phishing include:**
 - Incorrect URLs
 - No signature or contact information
 - Too good to be true offer
 - Style inconsistencies
 - Spelling, punctuation, or grammar errors
 - Attention-grabbing titles

Additional Information

- Often spam is sent via email, but it can also be distributed via text messages, phone calls, or social media.
- **Hacking:**
 - The act of compromising digital devices and networks through unauthorized access to an account or computing system.
 - Hacking isn't always a malicious act, but it's most commonly associated with illegal activity and data theft by cybercriminals.
- **Cracking:**
 - Cracking is when someone performs a security hack for criminal or malicious reasons, and therefore the person is called a "cracker."
 - A bit like a bank robber cracks a safe by skillfully manipulating its lock, a cracker breaks into a computing system, program, or account with the help of their technical wizardry.

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Computer Networks Question 3:

A_____ is a small program embedded inside of a GIF image.

1. Web bug
2. Cookie
3. Spyware application
4. Spam

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 1 : Web bug

Computer Networks Question 3 Detailed Solution

- A Web bug, also mentioned as a Web beacon, maybe a file object that's placed on a Web page or in an e-mail message to monitor user behaviour.
- Unlike a cookie, which can be accepted or declined by a browser user, an online bug arrives as just another GIF or other file object.

Additional Information

- **Cookie:**
 - Cookies are text files with small pieces of knowledge — like a username and password — that are used to identify your computer as you use a computer network.
 - Specific cookies referred to as HTTP cookies are used to identify specific users and improve your web browsing experience.
- **Spyware Application:**
 - Spyware is loosely defined as malicious software designed to enter your computer device, gather data about you, and forward it to a third party without your consent.
- **Spam:**
 - Spam is any unsolicited communication sent in bulk. Usually sent via email, spam is additionally distributed through text messages (SMS), social media, or phone calls.

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Computer Networks Question 4:

Which virus spreads in application software?

1. Macro virus
2. Boot virus
3. File virus
4. Antivirus

Option 1 : Macro virus

Computer Networks Question 4 Detailed Solution

The correct answer is **Macro virus.**

Key Points

- A macro virus could also be a computer virus written in the same macro language used to create software programs such as Microsoft Excel or Word.
- It centres on software applications and doesn't depend upon the operating system (OS).
- As a result, it can infect any computer running any kind of OS, including Windows, macOS and Linux.

Important Points

- **Application Software:**
 - Application software may be a type of computer program that performs a specific personal, educational, and business function.
 - Each program is meant to assist the user with a particular process, which can be related to productivity, creativity, and/or communication.

Additional Information

- **Boot Virus:**
 - The Boot Virus is the name of a ransomware infection, whose main goal is to convince victims to pay ransom to get their files to work once again.
- **File virus:**
 - A file-infecting virus is one of the most common types of virus.
 - Typically, it infects files with .exe or .com extensions.
 - When the infected file is accessed or executed, it may be partially or completely overwritten by the virus.
- **Antivirus:**
 - Antivirus software is designed to detect, prevent, and remove malicious software, aka malware.
 - The classification of malware includes viruses, worms, trojans, and scareware, as well as (depending on the scanner) some forms of potentially unwanted programs (such as adware and spyware).

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Computer Networks Question 5:

Cracked Softwares are another source of

1. E-mail attack
2. Virus attack
3. Trojan Horse
4. All of these

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : Virus attack

Computer Networks Question 5 Detailed Solution

The correct answer is [Virus Attack](#).

Key Points

- When you install a **cracked version of the software, you furthermore may install malware or a trojan with it, which could cost quite the actual cost of the software.**

Additional Information

- **Email Attack:**
 - Email remains the amount one tool of business communication. the e-mail network is open to practically anyone—and its flexibility, reliability, and convenience mean it's not departure any time soon.
 - But for all its benefits, the email also can be a vector for serious cyberattacks.
 - Social engineering attacks like phishing can cause data breaches, malware attacks, and billions of dollars in losses for businesses worldwide.
- **Trojan Horse:**
 - A computer virus Virus is a type of malware that downloads onto a computer disguised as a legitimate program.
 - The delivery method typically sees an attacker use social engineering to cover malicious code within legitimate software to try and gain users' system access with their software.

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Computer Networks Question 6

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Which among the following network topologies has the highest transmission speed?

- A) LAN
 - B) WAN
 - C) MAN
 - D) Both LAN and WAN have equal transmission speeds.
-
1. A
 2. B
 3. D
 4. C

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 1 : A

Computer Networks Question 6 Detailed Solution

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Option 1 is the correct answer: Local Area Network (LAN) has the highest transmission speed.

Network type	Features

Local Area Network (LAN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• For eg.: Devices at your home or office connected to each other or with a common router.• Connections can be established either through Ethernet cables or radio waves.
Metropolitan Area Network (MAN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• It interconnects the computers/users located in a bigger geographical area as compared to a LAN.• For eg.: A chain of emergency response teams across a big city.
Wide Area Network (WAN)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• It covers the largest area as compared to LAN and MAN. It can cover the whole country.• The Internet is the best example of WAN.

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Computer Networks Question 7

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IPv6 addresses have a size of:

1. 64 bits
2. 128 bits

4. 512 bits

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : 128 bits

Computer Networks Question 7 Detailed Solution

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The correct answer is **128 bits**.

Key Points

- An IPv6 address has a size of **128 bits**.
- **Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6)** is the most recent version of the Internet Protocol (IP), the communications protocol that **provides an identification and location** system for computers on networks and routes traffic across the Internet.
- IPv6 was **developed by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)** to deal with the long-anticipated problem of IPv4 address exhaustion.
- IPv6 is intended to replace IPv4.
- **1 Bytes is equal to 8 bit**

IPv6 Base Header

version (4) 0110	priority/ traffic class (8)	flow label (20)	→ 4 Byte
payload length (16)	next header (8)	hop limit (8)	→ 4 Byte
source IP address (128)			→ 16 Byte
destination IP address (128)			→ 16 Byte

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What is the full form of 'LAN'?

1. Line Area Network
2. Linear Area Network
3. Local Area Network
4. Land Area Network

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 3 : Local Area Network

Computer Networks Question 8 Detailed Solution[Download Solution PDF](#)

The correct answer is **Local Area Network (LAN)**:

 **Important Points**

- It is a **computer network within a small geographical area**.
- A LAN is composed of interconnected workstations and personal computers which are each capable of accessing and sharing data and devices, such as printers, scanners and data storage devices, anywhere on the LAN.

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Computer Networks Question 9[Download Solution PDF](#)

A computer virus is a

1. Hardware
2. Software
3. Bacteria
4. Freeware

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : Software

Computer Networks Question 9 Detailed Solution[Download Solution PDF](#)

The correct answer is **Software**.

- A computer virus is a malicious software that, when executed replicates itself by modifying other computer programs.
- The full form of VIRUS is Vital Information Resources Under Seize because they replicate and multiply and use up computer memory processing power with fake repetitive commands. It causes the system to become slow and keeps hanging.

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Which of the following device is used to connect similar LAN with same protocols?

1. Gateways
2. Router
3. Switches
4. Bridges

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4 : Bridges

Computer Networks Question 10 Detailed Solution

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The correct answer is **option 4**.

Concept:

The **bridge** is used to connect similar LANs with the same protocols. A bridge operates at the **data link layer**. It is also used for interconnecting two LANs working on the same protocol. It has a single input and single output port, thus making it a 2 port device. A bridge must contain addressing and routing capability.

A bridge is a network device that joins two or more LANs (local area networks) to build a larger LAN. Network bridging is the process of aggregating networks. A bridge joins the various components to make them appear as if they are all part of the same network.

Hence the correct answer is *Bridges*.

Additional Information

- **Switches** are networking devices that operate at the OSI model's layer 2 or data link layer. They connect network devices and use packet switching to deliver, receive, and forward data packets or data frames across the network. A switch has a number of ports into which computers can be connected.
- A **router** is a networking device that sends data packets from one computer network to another. On the Internet, routers are in charge of traffic direction. Data packets are used to send data over the internet, such as a web page or an email.
- A **gateway** is a network node that serves as a connection point between two networks that use distinct transmission protocols.

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Computer Networks Question 11

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Match the following.

List-1	List-2
I) Class - A IP address	A) 8 bit host id and 24 bit network id
II) Class - B IP address	B) 16 bit host id and 16 bit network id
III) Class - C IP address	C) 24 bit host id and 8 bit network id

1. I – B, II – C, III – A
2. I – C, II – B, III – A
3. I – A, II – B, III – C
4. I – C, II – A, III – B

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : I – C, II – B, III – A

Computer Networks Question 11 Detailed Solution

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1) Class A

2) Class B

3) Class C

4) Class D

5) Class E

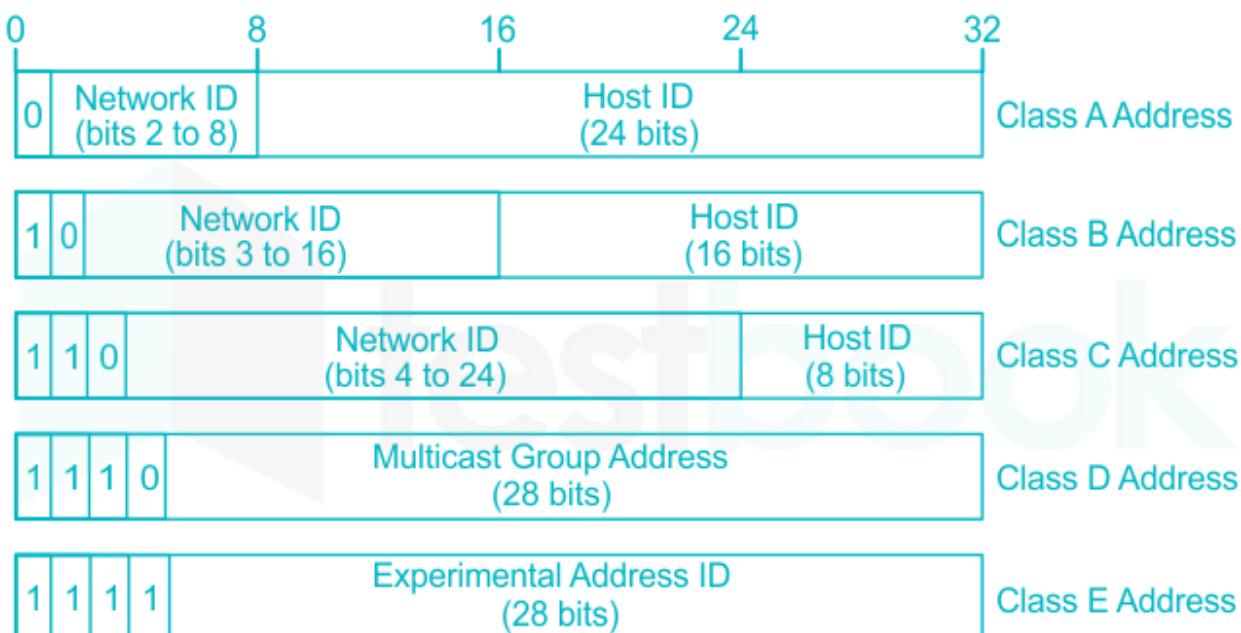
Class D and E are reserved for multicast and experimental purposes.

IPv4 addresses are divided into two parts: a) Network ID b) Host ID

Class A: This class uses 24 bits for network ID part and 8 bit for host ID.

Class B: This class uses 16 bits for network ID and 16 bits for host ID.

Class C: This class uses 8 bits for network ID and 16 bits for host ID.

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In computing, _____ is a network security system that monitors and controls incoming and outgoing network traffic based on predetermined security rules.

1. Spyware
2. Cookie
3. Spam
4. Firewall

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4 : Firewall

Computer Networks Question 12 Detailed Solution

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The correct answer is **option 4) i.e. Firewall.**

- A firewall is a type of **computer-security system**.
- A firewall controls the flow of data from one computer or network to another and they are mainly intended to protect an individual computer system or a network from being accessed by an intruder, especially via the Internet.

Note:

- **Cookies** are small files that are stored on a user's computer. They are designed to hold a modest amount of data specific to a particular client and website and can be accessed either by the web server or the client computer.
- **Spam** is an **undesired or illegal email** message.
- **Spyware** is unwanted software that infiltrates your computing device, stealing your internet usage data and sensitive information.

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Computer Networks Question 13[Download Solution PDF](#)

Which of the following internet service is appropriate to access the computer of your office from home?

1. WWW
2. IRC
3. FTP
4. Telnet

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 4 : Telnet

Computer Networks Question 13 Detailed Solution[Download Solution PDF](#)

The correct answer is **Telnet**.

 **Key Points**

- Any application that empowers users to remotely access another computer (no matter how far away) is called **remote access**.
- **Telnet** is an application protocol that uses a virtual terminal connection to offer bidirectional interactive text-oriented communication over the Internet.
- Telnet facilitates **remote login on a computer**.
- It also facilitates terminal emulation purposes.
- Telnet was developed in **1969**.
- Telnet allows users to execute various application programmes on a distant site and then transport the results back to their local computer.

 **Additional Information**

- The **Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)** is the backbone of the **internet's data transfer**.
 - It is a stateless protocol.
- **Real-Time Protocol (RTP)** is a protocol designed to handle real-time traffic (like **audio and video**) of the Internet.
- **File Transfer Protocol** is a set of rules that govern how computers transfer files from one system to another over the internet

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Computer Networks Question 14

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A _____ is a hardware device which is used to receive, analyse and forward the incoming packets to another network.

1. modem
2. router
3. repeater
4. USB

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : router

Computer Networks Question 14 Detailed Solution

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Key Points

A router is a networking device that forwards data packets between computer networks. Routers perform the traffic directing functions on the Internet. Data sent through the internet, such as a web page or email, is in the form of data packets. A router is a hardware device that is used to receive, analyze and forward the incoming packets to another network.

Hence the correct answer is a *router*.

Additional Information

or regenerates an incoming signal before retransmitting it.

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Computer Networks Question 15

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In OSI model accounting, addressing and routing functions of the system are provided by:

1. application layer
2. network layer
3. transport layer
4. physical layer

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 2 : network layer

Computer Networks Question 15 Detailed Solution

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OSI Model

- OSI stands for Open System Interconnection is a reference model that describes how information from a software application in one computer moves through a physical medium to the software application in another computer.
- OSI consists of seven layers, and each layer performs a particular network function.

There are seven OSI layers. Each layer has different functions. A list of seven layers are given below.

1) Physical Layer:

- The main functionality of the physical layer is to transmit the individual bits from one node to another node.
- It is the lowest layer of the OSI model.

2) Data-Link Layer:

- This layer is responsible for the error-free transfer of data frames.
- It defines the format of the data on the network.
- It provides reliable and efficient communication between two or more devices.

3) Network Layer:

- It is a layer 3 that manages device addressing, tracks the location of devices on the network.
- It determines the best path to move data from source to destination based on the network conditions, the priority of service, and other factors.
- Logical Addressing and Routing are functions of the Network Layer.

4) Transport Layer:

- The Transport layer is a Layer 4 ensures that messages are transmitted in the order in which they are sent and there is no duplication of data.
- The main responsibility of the transport layer is to transfer the data completely.

5) Session Layer:

- The Session layer is used to establish, maintain, and synchronizes the interaction between communicating devices.

6) Presentation Layer:

- It acts as a data translator for a network.
- This layer is a part of the operating system that converts the data from one presentation format to another format.

7) Application Layer:

- An application layer serves as a window for users and application processes to access network service.
- This layer provides network services to the end-users.
- **HTTP is an application layer protocol designed within the framework of the Internet protocol suite.** Its definition presumes an underlying and reliable transport layer protocol, and Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) is commonly used.

Thus, HTTP is an application layer in the OSI Model of Networking.

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- Python Design of Steel Structures MCQ
- HTI Java
- MS Electromagnetic Theory MCQ
- Resistor
- MC Utilization of Electrical Energy MCQ
- Latent Heat
- Refrigeration and AC Mechanic MCQ
- AAI Chemical Reaction Engineering MCQ
- OPS Strength of Materials MCQ
- OPS Mechanical Vibrations MCQ
- MP Adhesive
- Adhesive Mechanical Vibrations MCQ
- JSS Irrigation Engineering MCQ
- JSS Railway Engineering MCQ
- Tesla Electronic Devices MCQ
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Chemical Technology MCQ

Reinforced Concrete Structures MCQ

Compiler Design MCQ

Programming and Data Structure MCQ

Power Engineering MCQ

Theory of Computation MCQ

Analog Electronics MCQ

Electronic Mechanic MCQ

Mechatronics and Robotics MCQ

Digital Logic MCQ

Web Technologies MCQ

Basic Science and Engineering MCQ

Marketing Officer MCQ

Mathematics Pedagogy MCQ

Operating Systems MCQ

Agriculture Officer MCQ

Power Electronics and Drives MCQ

Engineering Mechanics MCQ

Thermodynamics MCQ

General Aptitude MCQ

Child Development and Pedagogy MCQ

Social Studies Pedagogy MCQ

Aerospace Engineering MCQ

Engineering Ethics MCQ

Accountancy MCQ

Business Finance MCQ

Human Resource Management MCQ

Marketing Management MCQ

Psychology MCQ

Business Environment and International Business MCQ

Accounting and Auditing MCQ

Business Economics MCQ

Business Statistics and Research Methods MCQ

Business Management MCQ

Banking and Financial Institutions MCQ

Legal Aspects of Business MCQ

Income-tax and Corporate Tax Planning MCQ

Data Analytics MCQ

Data Entry MCQ

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