

DSA ASSIGNMENT - 5

1) write a c program to reverse a string using stack?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
int top=-1;
int item;
char stack_string[MAX];
void pushChar(char item);
char popChar();
int vacant();
int overflow();
int main()
{
    char str[MAX];
    int i;
    printf("Enter a string: ");
    scanf("%s",str);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        pushChar(str[i]);

    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        str[i]=popChar();
    printf("The Reversed String is: %s\n",str);
    return 0;
}
void pushChar(char item)
{
    if(overflow())
    {
        printf("The Stack is FULL !\n");
        return;
    }
    top++;
    stack_string[top]=item;
}
char popChar()
{
    if(vacant())
    {
        printf("The Stack is EMPTY !\n");
        return 0;
    }
    item = stack_string[top];
```

```

        top--;
        return item;
    }
    int vacant()
    {
        if(top== -1)
            return 1;
        else
            return 0;
    }
    int overflow()
    {
        if(top==MAX-1)
            return 1;
        else
            return 0;
    }
}

```

2)write a program for Infix To Postfix Conversion Using Stack.

```

#include<stdio.h>
char stack[50];
int top = -1;
void push(char z)
{
    stack[++top] =z;
}

char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
        return -1;
    else
        return stack[top--];
}

int priority(char z)
{
    if(z == '(')
        return 0;
    if(z == '+' || z == '-')
        return 1;
    if(z == '*' || z == '/')
        return 2;
}

int main()

```

```

{
    char exp[50];
    char *e, z;
    printf("Enter the expression :: ");
    scanf("%s",exp);
    e = exp;
    while(*e != '\0')
    {
        if(by(*e))
            printf("%c",*e);
        else if(*e == '(')
            push(*e);
        else if(*e == ')')
        {
            while((z= pop()) != '(')
                printf("%c", z);
        }
        else
        {
            while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e))
                printf("%c",pop());
            push(*e);
        }
        e++;
    }
    while(top != -1)
    {
        printf("%c",pop());
    }
}

```

3)write a C Program to Implement Queue Using Two Stacks

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void push1(int);
```

```
void push2(int);
```

```
int pop1();
```

```
int pop2();
```

```
void enqueue();
```

```
void dequeue();
```

```
void display();
```

```
void create();
```

```
int stack1[100], stack2[100];
```

```
int top1 = -1, top2 = -1;
```

```
int count = 0;
```

```

int main()
{
    int choice;
    printf("Queue using 2 stack implementation\n");
    printf("1.Enqueue\n");
    printf("2.Dequeue\n");
    printf("3.Display\n");
    printf("4.Exit\n");
    printf("\n");
    create();
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                enqueue();
                break;
            case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
            case 4:
                exit(0);
            default:
                printf("\nInvalid Entry!\n");
        }
    }
}

```

```

void create()
{
    top1 = top2 = -1;
}

```

```

void push1(int element)
{
    stack1[++top1] = element;
}

```

```
int pop1()
{
    return(stack1[top1--]);
}
```

```
void push2(int element)
{
    stack2[++top2] = element;
}
```

```
int pop2()
{
    return(stack2[top2--]);
}
```

```
void enqueue()
{
    int data, i;
    printf("Enter the elements : ");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    push1(data);
    count++;
}
```

```
void dequeue()
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i <= count; i++)
    {
        push2(pop1());
    }
    pop2();
    count--;
    for (i = 0; i <= count; i++)
    {
        push1(pop2());
    }
}
```

```
void display()
{
    int i;
    if(top1 == -1)
```

```

{
    printf("Queue is Empty!\n");
}
else
{
    printf("The elements in Queue:\n");
    for (i = 0; i <= top1; i++)
    {
        printf(" %d ", stack1[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}
}

```

4) write a c program for insertion and deletion of BST.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
{
    int value;
    struct node *left, *right;
};
struct node *newNode(int item)
{
    struct node *temp = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    temp->value = item;
    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
    return temp;
}
void inorder(struct node *root)
{
    if (root != NULL)
    {
        inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d \n", root->value);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}
struct node* insert(struct node* node, int value)
{
    if (node == NULL) return newNode(value);
    if (value < node->value)
        node->left = insert(node->left, value);
    else if (value > node->value)
        node->right = insert(node->right, value);
    return node;
}

```

```

}
struct node * minValueNode(struct node* node)
{
    struct node* current = node;
    while (current && current->left != NULL)
        current = current->left;
    return current;
}
struct node* deleteNode(struct node* root, int value)
{
    if (root == NULL) return root;
    if (value < root->value)
        root->left = deleteNode(root->left, value);
    else if (value > root->value)
        root->right = deleteNode(root->right, value);
    else
    {
        if (root->left == NULL)
        {
            struct node *temp = root->right;
            free(root);
            return temp;
        }
        else if (root->right == NULL)
        {
            struct node *temp = root->left;
            free(root);
            return temp;
        }
        struct node* temp = minValueNode(root->right);
        root->value = temp->value;
        root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->value);
    }
    return root;
}
int main()
{
    struct node *root = NULL;
    root = insert(root, 210);
    insert(root, 55 );
    insert(root, 14);
    insert(root, 49);
    insert(root, 234);
    inorder(root);
    printf("Delete 55\n");
    root = deleteNode(root, 55);
}

```

```
Root = deleteNode(root,49);  
printf("The modified BS transversal tree: \n");  
inorder(root);  
return 0;  
}
```