AIR QUALITY MONITORING

PROBLEM FACED ON AIR QUALITY:

Our atmosphere contains much of toxic substances such as CO2, smoke, alcohol, benzene and NH3. These gases cause sever lung damages to the people like stroke, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, trachea, bronchus and lung cancers, aggravated asthma and lower respiratory infections.

- **1. Air Pollution Awareness:** Lack of awareness about air quality and its impact on health and the environment is a significant issue. An IoT-based system can raise awareness by providing real-time data and insights to the public.
- **2. Health Risks:** Poor air quality can lead to a range of health problems, including respiratory diseases, cardiovascular issues, and even premature death. Monitoring air quality can help individuals and communities take precautions to reduce health risks.
- **3. Environmental Impact:** Air pollution can harm ecosystems, damage vegetation, and contribute to acid rain. Monitoring can help track the environmental impact and inform conservation efforts.
- **5. Industrial Emissions:** Monitoring industrial emissions is essential for regulatory compliance and reducing pollution from factories and manufacturing facilities.

- **6. Traffic Management:** Monitoring traffic-related emissions is crucial for managing urban congestion and reducing vehicle-related pollution.
- **7. Climate Change:** Some air pollutants, like greenhouse gases, contribute to climate change. Monitoring these pollutants supports climate mitigation efforts.
- **8. Emergency Response:** In the event of sudden pollution events, industrial accidents, or natural disasters like wildfires, real-time data can assist in emergency response and evacuations.

SOLUTION:

OUR PROJECT DEALS WITH THE FOLLOWING SOLUTIONS

- 1. **Real-time Air Quality Monitoring:** The system provides real-time monitoring of air quality, allowing individuals and authorities to have up-to-date information about the levels of harmful gases in the environment.
- 2. *Health Protection*: By detecting harmful gases such as CO2, smoke, alcohol, benzene, and NH3, the system helps protect public health by alerting people when air quality deteriorates, reducing the risk of respiratory and other health problems.
- 3. *Early Warning*: The alarm triggered when air quality goes beyond a certain level serves as an early warning system. It allows individuals to take preventive measures like staying indoors or using masks when air quality is poor.

- 4. **Data Accessibility**: The web-based interface makes air quality data easily accessible to a wider audience, including local authorities, researchers, and the general public. This transparency can drive awareness and action to improve air quality.
- 5. **Data Visualization**: Displaying air quality information on an LCD and a webpage in parts per million (PPM) provides a clear and user-friendly way to visualize air pollution levels, enhancing understanding and decision-making.
- 6. *Environmental Monitoring*: The system contributes to environmental monitoring efforts, helping identify pollution sources and patterns, which can inform policy decisions and interventions to reduce pollution.
- 7. **Data Logging:** The system likely includes data logging capabilities, which allow for historical analysis of air quality trends and the assessment of long-term changes and improvements in air quality.
- 8. **Remote Monitoring**: Remote access to air quality data is especially valuable for areas prone to pollution from industrial processes, wildfires, or other sources where physical monitoring may be challenging.
- 9. *Community Engagement*: By making air quality data publicly available, the project encourages community engagement and citizen awareness about the importance of clean air and the impacts of pollution.

10. *Environmental Advocacy*: The data collected can be used for advocacy and public awareness campaigns, supporting efforts to address air pollution at local, regional, or national levels.

THANK YOU*