

Span Stock Screener

Algorithm & Massive API Documentation

Version: 1.0

Date: February 2026

Stack: Kotlin 2.2 / Spring Boot 4.0 / Massive.com API

Repository: github.com/sridharvukkadapu/span

Live URL: span-n9xs.onrender.com

Table of Contents

- 1. How It Works (High-Level Flow)
- 2. Massive.com API Calls (5 Total)
- 3. Data Extraction - What Fields Are Used
- 4. Computed Metrics & Formulas
- 5. The 5 Screening Checks (Algorithm)
- 6. Signal Determination (BUY / SELL / HOLD)
- 7. Confidence Level
- 8. Complete Example: AAPL

1. How It Works

When a user requests a recommendation for a ticker symbol (e.g., AAPL), the system performs the following steps:

- 1. Make 5 API calls to Massive.com to fetch real-time market data
- 2. Extract raw financial fields from the API responses
- 3. Compute derived metrics (margins, P/E, P/S, revenue growth, etc.)
- 4. Run 5 independent screening checks - each produces GREEN, YELLOW, or RED
- 5. Count the greens and reds to determine BUY, SELL, or HOLD
- 6. Assess confidence level based on how unanimous the checks are
- 7. Return the full analysis as JSON (API) or a formatted HTML page (browser)

Endpoints

```
JSON API:  GET /api/v1/tickers/{symbol}/recommendation
HTML View: GET /view/{symbol}
```

Caching

All API responses are cached in-memory (ConcurrentHashMap) with a 5-minute TTL. The first request for a ticker takes 2-5 seconds. Subsequent requests within 5 minutes return instantly from cache.

2. Massive.com API Calls (5 Total)

The application makes exactly 5 sequential HTTP GET requests to the Massive.com (Polygon.io) REST API. All requests use Bearer token authentication.

Call 1: Ticker Details

```
GET https://api.massive.com/v3/reference/tickers/{ticker}
```

Returns company metadata. We extract:

- name: Company name (e.g., 'Apple Inc.')
- market_cap: Current market capitalization in USD
- weighted_shares_outstanding: Total shares outstanding

Call 2: Previous Day Bar

```
GET https://api.massive.com/v2/aggs/ticker/{ticker}/prev
```

Returns the most recent trading day's OHLCV data. We extract:

- c (close): The closing price - used as the current stock price
- Also available but not primary: o (open), h (high), l (low), v (volume)

Call 3: Quarterly Financials (8 Quarters)

```
GET https://api.massive.com/vX/reference/financials
?ticker={ticker}&timeframe=quarterly&limit=8
```

Returns 8 quarters of financial statements (income statement, balance sheet, and cash flow statement). This is the most data-rich call.

Why 8 quarters? We split them into:

- Recent 4 quarters: Used for TTM (trailing 12 months) metrics and margins
- Prior 4 quarters: Used for Year-over-Year revenue growth comparison

This eliminates the need for a separate annual financials API call.

Fields extracted from INCOME STATEMENT:

API Field Used For		
revenues	TTM revenue, gross margin denominator, P/S ratio	
gross_profit	Gross margin calculation	
operating_income_loss	Operating margin calculation	
net_income_loss	Profit margin, EPS calculation	

Fields extracted from BALANCE SHEET:

API Field Used For		
other_current_assets	Cash & short-term investments proxy	

long_term_debt	Long-term debt for Cash/Debt ratio
current_liabilities	Short-term debt component

Fields extracted from CASH FLOW STATEMENT:

API Field Used For	
net_cash_flow_from_operating_activities	Operating cash flow for FCF
net_cash_flow_from_investing_activities	CapEx proxy for FCF

Call 4: 50-Day Simple Moving Average (SMA)

```
GET https://api.massive.com/v1/indicators/sma/{ticker}
    ?timespan=day&window=50&limit=1
```

Returns the current 50-day Simple Moving Average. We extract:

- results.values[0].value: The SMA50 price level

Used in the Technicals check to determine if the stock price is trending above or below its 50-day average.

Call 5: 14-Day Relative Strength Index (RSI)

```
GET https://api.massive.com/v1/indicators/rsi/{ticker}
    ?timespan=day&window=14&limit=1
```

Returns the current 14-day RSI. We extract:

- results.values[0].value: The RSI value (0-100)

Used in the Technicals check:

- RSI > 70: Overbought (bearish warning)
- RSI 30-70: Neutral zone (healthy)
- RSI < 30: Oversold (bearish or potential reversal)

3. Data Extraction Summary

Below is a complete mapping of every Massive.com API field used by the screener and what it feeds into:

API Call Field Feeds Into			
Ticker Details	name	Company name display	
Ticker Details	market_cap	P/S ratio, overview	
Ticker Details	weighted_shares_out	EPS calculation	
Prev Day Bar	c (close)	Price, P/E, technicals	
Financials	revenues	TTM revenue, margins, P/S, growth	
Financials	gross_profit	Gross margin	
Financials	operating_income_loss	Operating margin	
Financials	net_income_loss	Profit margin, EPS	
Financials	other_current_assets	Cash (balance sheet check)	
Financials	long_term_debt	Cash/Debt ratio	
Financials	current_liabilities	Total debt calculation	
Financials	operating CF	FCF margin	
Financials	investing CF	FCF margin (CapEx proxy)	
SMA Indicator	value	SMA50 for trend check	
RSI Indicator	value	RSI14 for momentum check	

4. Computed Metrics & Formulas

4.1 Overview Metrics

Metric Formula		
TTM Revenue	Sum of 'revenues' from latest 4 quarters	
TTM Net Income	Sum of 'net_income_loss' from latest 4 quarters	
TTM EPS	TTM Net Income / Shares Outstanding	
P/E Ratio	Closing Price / TTM EPS (only if EPS > 0)	
P/S Ratio	Market Cap / TTM Revenue	

4.2 Margin Metrics (all TTM from latest 4 quarters)

Metric Formula		
Gross Margin %	$(\text{Sum of gross_profit} / \text{Sum of revenues}) \times 100$	
Operating Margin %	$(\text{Sum of operating_income_loss} / \text{Sum of revenues}) \times 100$	
Profit Margin %	$(\text{Sum of net_income_loss} / \text{Sum of revenues}) \times 100$	
FCF Margin %	$((\text{Operating CF} + \text{Investing CF}) / \text{Sum of revenues}) \times 100$	

4.3 Revenue Growth (Year-over-Year)

YoY growth is computed by comparing the sum of the recent 4 quarters vs. the sum of the prior 4 quarters:

$$\text{Growth \%} = ((\text{Recent 4Q Revenue} - \text{Prior 4Q Revenue}) / \text{Prior 4Q Revenue}) \times 100$$

Additionally, all 8 quarters are grouped by fiscal year to show annual revenue breakdowns in the response.

4.4 Balance Sheet Metrics

Metric Formula		
Cash	other_current_assets from most recent quarter	
Total Debt	long_term_debt + current_liabilities	
Cash/Debt Ratio	Cash / Total Debt	

5. The 5 Screening Checks

Each check independently evaluates one dimension of the stock and produces a traffic light signal: GREEN (bullish), YELLOW (neutral/caution), or RED (bearish). If the data for a check is unavailable, the check is skipped entirely.

Check 1: Margins

Evaluates whether the company has strong pricing power and profitability.

Light Condition Reasoning			
GREEN	Gross Margin $\geq 50\%$	High-margin business, strong	pricing power
YELLOW	GM 30-50% AND Profit Margin $> 10\%$	Moderate margins but still profitable	
RED	Gross Margin $\leq 30\%$	Low margin, commodity business	risk

Primary data: gross_profit and revenues from income statement.

Check 2: Price/Sales Ratio

Evaluates valuation relative to revenue. High P/S can be justified by growth + cash flow.

Light Condition Reasoning			
GREEN	P/S ≤ 10	Reasonably valued relative to revenue	
GREEN	P/S 10-20, Growth+FCF% $> 30\%$	High P/S justified by strong fundamentals	
YELLOW	P/S 10-20, Growth+FCF% $\leq 30\%$	Elevated valuation, not enough growth	
RED	P/S ≥ 20	Very expensive - needs exceptional growth	

This check combines valuation (P/S) with a 'Rule of 40'-style test: Revenue Growth % + FCF Margin % should exceed 30% to justify a higher P/S.

Check 3: Revenue Growth (Year-over-Year)

Evaluates whether the company is growing revenue fast enough.

Light Condition Reasoning

GREEN	YoY Growth $\geq 20\%$	Strong growth company	
YELLOW	Growth 10-20%	Moderate growth, may be maturing	
RED	Growth $< 10\%$	Slow or no growth	

Growth is computed from 8 quarters: sum of recent 4Q vs. sum of prior 4Q. This gives a true trailing comparison without waiting for annual filings.

Check 4: Cash/Debt Ratio

Evaluates balance sheet strength - can the company cover its debts?

Light Condition Reasoning

GREEN	Cash/Debt ≥ 1.0	More cash than debt, strong position	
YELLOW	Cash/Debt 0.5-1.0	Manageable debt levels	
RED	Cash/Debt ≤ 0.5	High leverage, financial risk	

Cash = other_current_assets. Debt = long_term_debt + current_liabilities.

Check 5: Technicals (SMA50 + RSI14)

Combines trend analysis (price vs. 50-day moving average) with momentum (14-day RSI) to assess short-term technical health.

Light Condition Reasoning

GREEN	Price $> \text{SMA50}$, RSI 30-70	Uptrend, not overbought	
YELLOW	Price $> \text{SMA50}$, RSI > 70	Uptrend but overbought warning	
YELLOW	Price $< \text{SMA50}$, RSI ≥ 30	Below trend but not oversold	
RED	Price $< \text{SMA50}$, RSI < 30	Downtrend and oversold	

6. Signal Determination

After all 5 checks run, the system counts the GREEN and RED results to produce a final recommendation. SELL is evaluated first (defensive bias).

Decision Logic

```
total = number of checks that ran (max 5, fewer if data missing)
reds  = count of RED checks
greens = count of GREEN checks

if reds >= total / 2    --> SELL
if greens >= total / 2  --> BUY
otherwise               --> HOLD
```

Examples with 5 checks:

- 4 GREEN, 1 RED --> BUY (4 >= 2.5)
- 3 GREEN, 2 YELLOW --> BUY (3 >= 2.5)
- 1 GREEN, 4 YELLOW --> HOLD (neither threshold met)
- 0 GREEN, 3 RED --> SELL (3 >= 2.5)
- 2 GREEN, 2 YELLOW, 1 RED --> HOLD

7. Confidence Level

Confidence reflects how unanimous the screening checks are:

Level Condition	
HIGH	All checks are the same color (all GREEN or all RED)
MEDIUM	At most 1 check differs from the majority
LOW	Mixed results (2+ checks differ) - default

Examples:

- 5 GREEN, 0 RED --> HIGH confidence BUY
- 4 GREEN, 1 other --> MEDIUM confidence BUY
- 3 GREEN, 1 YELLOW, 1 RED --> LOW confidence BUY
- 5 RED, 0 GREEN --> HIGH confidence SELL

8. Complete Example: AAPL

Here is a real analysis of Apple Inc. (AAPL) showing each step:

API Data Retrieved

Ticker Details: name=Apple Inc., market_cap=\$3.88T, shares=14.68B
Previous Bar: close=\$264.35
Financials: 8 quarterly filings (Q3'24 through Q2'26)
SMA(50): \$266.74
RSI(14): 48.90

Computed Metrics

TTM Revenue: \$435.6B
TTM Net Income: \$117.8B
EPS (TTM): \$8.02
P/E Ratio: 32.96x
P/S Ratio: 8.91x
Gross Margin: 47.33%
Operating Margin: 32.38%
Profit Margin: 27.04%
FCF Margin: 31.22%
YoY Rev Growth: 10.07%
Cash/Debt: 0.61x

Check Results

# Check Light Detail					
1	Margins	YELLOW	Gross margin 47.33% (30-50%), PM 27.04%		
2	Price/Sales	GREEN	P/S 8.91 <= 10		
3	Revenue Growth	YELLOW	Revenue growth 10.07% (10-20%)		
4	Cash/Debt Ratio	YELLOW	Cash/Debt ratio 0.61 (0.5-1.0)		
5	Technicals	YELLOW	Price below SMA50, RSI 48.9		

Final Result

Signal: HOLD
Confidence: LOW
Reasoning: 1/5 checks GREEN, 4/5 YELLOW, 0 RED
Neither greens (1) nor reds (0) reach threshold (2.5)
--> HOLD with LOW confidence (mixed results)