Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false.

Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
2
    int main()
 3.
4
        int x,y;
 5
        scanf("%d %d",&x,&y);
6
        int x1=x%10;
7
        int y1=y%10;
8
        if(x1--y1)
9.
            printf("true\n");
10
11
        else{
12 .
            printf("false\n");
13
14
        return 0;
15
16
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
-	25 53	false	false	~
,	27 77	true	true	~

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
2
4
5
6
7
8
9
         int n;
         scanf("%d",&n);
         if(n%2--0)
         {
             if(n>=2 && n<=5)
                  printf("Not Weird");
11
12
13
             else if(n>=6 && n<=20)
14 .
15
                  printf("Weird");
16
             else
17
18 -
                  printf("Not Weird");
19
20
21
22
23 •
24
25
         }
             else
                  printf("Weird");
26
         return 0;
27
28
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Weird	Weird	4
,	24	Not Weird	Not Weird	~

```
Wille (hangith reduiter o tal
      #include<stdio.h>
      int main()
   2
   3.
          int a,b,c;
          scanf("%d",&a);
   5
          scanf("%d", &b);
          scanf("%d",&c);
          if((a*a)+(b*b)==(c*c))
   8 9 .
              printf("yes\n");
  10
  11
  12
          else if((a*a)+(c*c)==(b*b))
  13
  14 .
              printf("yes\n");
  15
  16
 17
          else if((b*b)+(c*c)==(a*a))
 18
 19 .
              printf("yes\n");
  20
          }
 21
 22
          else
 23
 24 .
 25
              printf("no\n");
 26
 27
          return 0;
 28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
1	3 5 4	yes	yes	~

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓ 3 5 4		yes	yes	~
~	5 8 2	no	по	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
3
    int main()
4
        char ch;
        int n;
6
        scanf("%c %d", &ch,&n);
        if(ch=='a'||ch=='c'||ch=='c'||ch=='g')
8 .
            if(n%2==0)
10
11.
            {
12
                printf("The square is white.");
            }
13
14
15 .
            else[
16
                printf("The square is black.");
17
18
19
20
        else if(ch=='b'||ch=='d'||ch=='f'||ch=='h')
21 .
22
            if(n%2==0)
23 +
24
                printf("The square is black."):
25
26 +
            else{
27
                printf("The square is white.");
28
29
30
        return 0;
31
```

```
12
13
14
15 •
                 printf("The square is white.");
             else{
                 printf("The square is black.");
17
18
19
20
        else if(che='b'||che='d'||che='f'||che='h')
21 .
22
             if(n%2-0)
23 .
24
                 printf("The square is black.");
25
26 -
             else{
27
                 printf("The square is white.");
28
29
30
        return 0;
31
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	a 1	The square is black.	The square is black.	~
~	d 5	The square is white.	The square is white.	~

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main()
4
   int n;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   switch(n)
   case 3:
   printf("Triangle");
10 break;
11
12 case 4:
13 |printf("Square");
14
   break;
15
16
   case 5:
17
   printf("Pentagon");
18
   break;
19
20
   case 6:
21 |printf("Hexagon");
22
   break;
24
   case 7:
25 printf("Heptagon");
26 break;
27
28 case 8:
29
   printf("Octagon");
30
31
   break;
32
   case 9:
33
   printf("Nonagon");
34
   break;
35
36 case 10:
37
   printf("Decagon");
38
39
   break;
```

```
default:
printf("The number of sides is not supported.");
break;
}
return 0;
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3	Triangle	Triangle	~
~	7	Heptagon	Heptagon	~
~	11	The number of sides is not supported.	The number of sides is not supported.	,

Passed all tests! 🗸

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include<stdio.h>
   2
       int main()
   3.
           int y, diff=0;
           scanf("%d",&y);
   5
    6
           diff=((y-2000)%12);
           switch(diff)
   8 .
   9
               case 0:
  10
               printf("Dragon");
  11
               break;
  12
  13
               case 1:
   14
               printf("Snake");
   15
               break;
   16
   17
               case 2:
   18
               printf("Horse");
   19
                break;
   20
   21
                case 3:
   22
                printf("Sheep");
   23
                break:
   24
   25
                case 4:
   26
                printf("Monkey");
   27
                break;
   28
   29
                case 5:
   30
                printf("Roaster");
   31
                break;
   32
   33
                case 6:
   34
                printf("Dog");
   35
                break;
   36
   37
                case 7:
   38
                printf("Pig"):
```

```
39
40
            break;
41
            case 8:
42
            printf("Rat");
43
             break;
44
45
             case 9:
46
47
             printf("0x");
             break;
48
49
             case 10:
50
             printf("Tiger");
51
             break;
52
53
             case 11:
54
             printf("Horse");
55
             break;
56
57
         return 0;
58
59 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2004	Monkey	Monkey	~
~	2010	Tiger	Tiger	,

Passed all tests! 🗸

Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false.

Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 .
 4
        int x,y;
 5 6 7
         scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
         int x1=x%10;
         int y1=y%10;
 8
         if(x1==y1)
 9.
             printf("true\n");
10
11
12 .
        else{
13
             printf("false\n");
14
15
         return 0;
16 |}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
v	25 53	false	false	~
v	27 77	true	true	1