

In [4]: ▶

```
1  ''' TASK -02 TITANIC PREDICTION'''
2
3  #importing required libraries
4  import numpy as np
5  import pandas as pd
6  import seaborn as sns
7  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
8
9  import warnings
10 warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
11
```

In [7]:

```
1 # Loading the Dataset
2 titanic = pd.read_csv('Titanic-Dataset.csv')
3 titanic
```

Out[7]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	7
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	5
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	
...
886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	1
887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	3
888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	2
889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	3
890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	

891 rows × 12 columns



In [8]:

```
1 # Reading first 5 rows
2 titanic.head()
```

Out[8]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.25
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...)	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.0
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.92
3	4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1
4	5	0	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35.0	0	0	373450	8.05

In [9]:

```
1 # Reading last 5 rows
2 titanic.tail()
```

Out[9]:

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare
886	887	0	2	Montvila, Rev. Juozas	male	27.0	0	0	211536	13.00
887	888	1	1	Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith	female	19.0	0	0	112053	30.00
888	889	0	3	Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie"	female	NaN	1	2	W./C. 6607	23.44
889	890	1	1	Behr, Mr. Karl Howell	male	26.0	0	0	111369	30.00
890	891	0	3	Dooley, Mr. Patrick	male	32.0	0	0	370376	7.73

In [10]:

```
1 # Showing no. of rows and columns of dataset
2 titanic.shape
3
```

Out[10]: (891, 12)

```
In [11]: 1 # checking for columns
        2 titanic.columns
```

```
Out[11]: Index(['PassengerId', 'Survived', 'Pclass', 'Name', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp',
               'Parch', 'Ticket', 'Fare', 'Cabin', 'Embarked'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [12]: 1 # Checking for data types
        2 titanic.dtypes
```

```
Out[12]: PassengerId      int64
         Survived         int64
         Pclass          int64
         Name            object
         Sex             object
         Age             float64
         SibSp           int64
         Parch           int64
         Ticket          object
         Fare            float64
         Cabin           object
         Embarked        object
         dtype: object
```

```
In [13]: 1 # checking for duplicated values
        2 titanic.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[13]: 0
```

```
In [14]: 1 # checking for null values
        2 nv = titanic.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
        3 nv = nv[nv>0]
        4 nv
```

```
Out[14]: Cabin          687
         Age            177
         Embarked         2
         dtype: int64
```

```
In [15]: 1 # Cheecking what percentage column contain missing values
        2 titanic.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)*100/len(titanic)
        3
```

```
Out[15]: Cabin          77.104377
         Age            19.865320
         Embarked         0.224467
         PassengerId      0.000000
         Survived         0.000000
         Pclass          0.000000
         Name            0.000000
         Sex             0.000000
         SibSp           0.000000
         Parch           0.000000
         Ticket          0.000000
         Fare            0.000000
         dtype: float64
```

```
In [16]: 1 # Since Cabin Column has more than 75 % null values .So , we will d
2 titanic.drop(columns = 'Cabin', axis = 1, inplace = True)
3 titanic.columns
```

```
Out[16]: Index(['PassengerId', 'Survived', 'Pclass', 'Name', 'Sex', 'Age', 'Sib
Sp',
               'Parch', 'Ticket', 'Fare', 'Embarked'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [17]: 1 # Filling Null Values in Age column with mean values of age column
2 titanic['Age'].fillna(titanic['Age'].mean(),inplace=True)
3
4 # filling null values in Embarked Column with mode values of embark
5 titanic['Embarked'].fillna(titanic['Embarked'].mode()[0],inplace=Tr
```

```
In [18]: 1 # checking for null values
2 titanic.isna().sum()
```

```
Out[18]: PassengerId    0
Survived              0
Pclass               0
Name                 0
Sex                  0
Age                  0
SibSp                0
Parch                0
Ticket               0
Fare                 0
Embarked              0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [19]: 1 # Finding no. of unique values in each column of dataset
2 titanic[['PassengerId', 'Survived', 'Pclass', 'Name', 'Sex', 'Age',
3         'Parch', 'Ticket', 'Fare', 'Embarked']].nunique().sort_value
```

```
Out[19]: Survived      2
Sex                2
Pclass            3
Embarked          3
SibSp             7
Parch             7
Age               89
Fare             248
Ticket           681
PassengerId      891
Name             891
dtype: int64
```

```
In [20]: 1 titanic['Survived'].unique()
```

```
Out[20]: array([0, 1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [21]: 1 titanic['Sex'].unique()
```

```
Out[21]: array(['male', 'female'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [22]: 1 titanic['Pclass'].unique()
```

```
Out[22]: array([3, 1, 2], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [23]: 1 titanic['SibSp'].unique()
```

```
Out[23]: array([1, 0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 8], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [24]: 1 titanic['Parch'].unique()
```

```
Out[24]: array([0, 1, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [25]: 1 titanic['Embarked'].unique()
```

```
Out[25]: array(['S', 'C', 'Q'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [26]: 1 titanic.drop(columns=['PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket'], axis=1, inplace=True)
2 titanic.columns
```

```
Out[26]: Index(['Survived', 'Pclass', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare',
               'Embarked'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [27]: 1 # Showing information about the dataset
2 titanic.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Survived    891 non-null    int64
1   Pclass      891 non-null    int64
2   Sex         891 non-null    object
3   Age         891 non-null    float64
4   SibSp       891 non-null    int64
5   Parch       891 non-null    int64
6   Fare        891 non-null    float64
7   Embarked    891 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(4), object(2)
memory usage: 55.8+ KB
```

```
In [28]: 1 # showing info. about numerical columns
        2 titanic.describe()
```

```
Out[28]:
```

	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	0.486592	0.836071	13.002015	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	2.000000	22.000000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	0.000000	3.000000	29.699118	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	1.000000	3.000000	35.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

```
In [29]: 1 # showing info. about categorical columns
        2 titanic.describe(include='O')
```

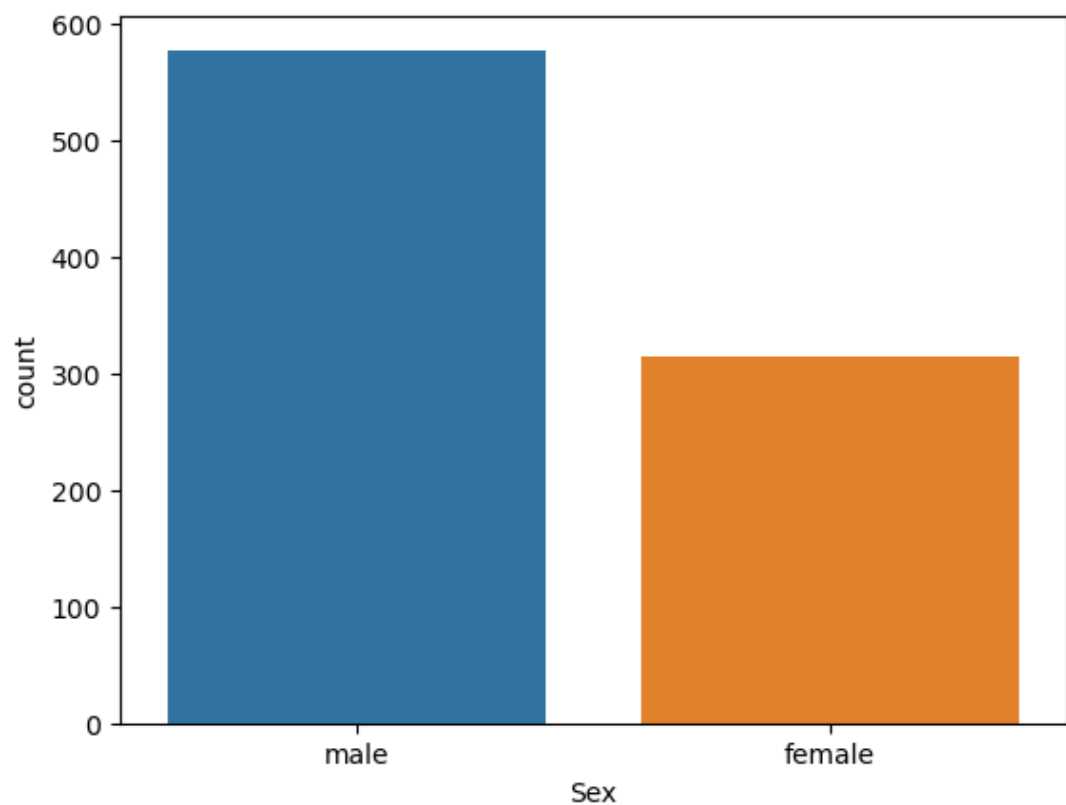
```
Out[29]:
```

	Sex	Embarked
count	891	891
unique	2	3
top	male	S
freq	577	646

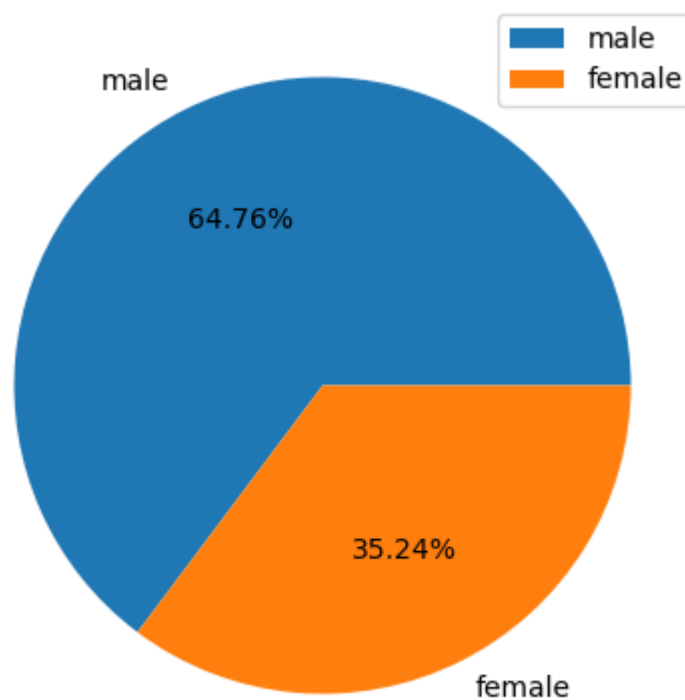
```
In [30]: 1 d1 = titanic['Sex'].value_counts()
        2 d1
```

```
Out[30]: male      577
female    314
Name: Sex, dtype: int64
```

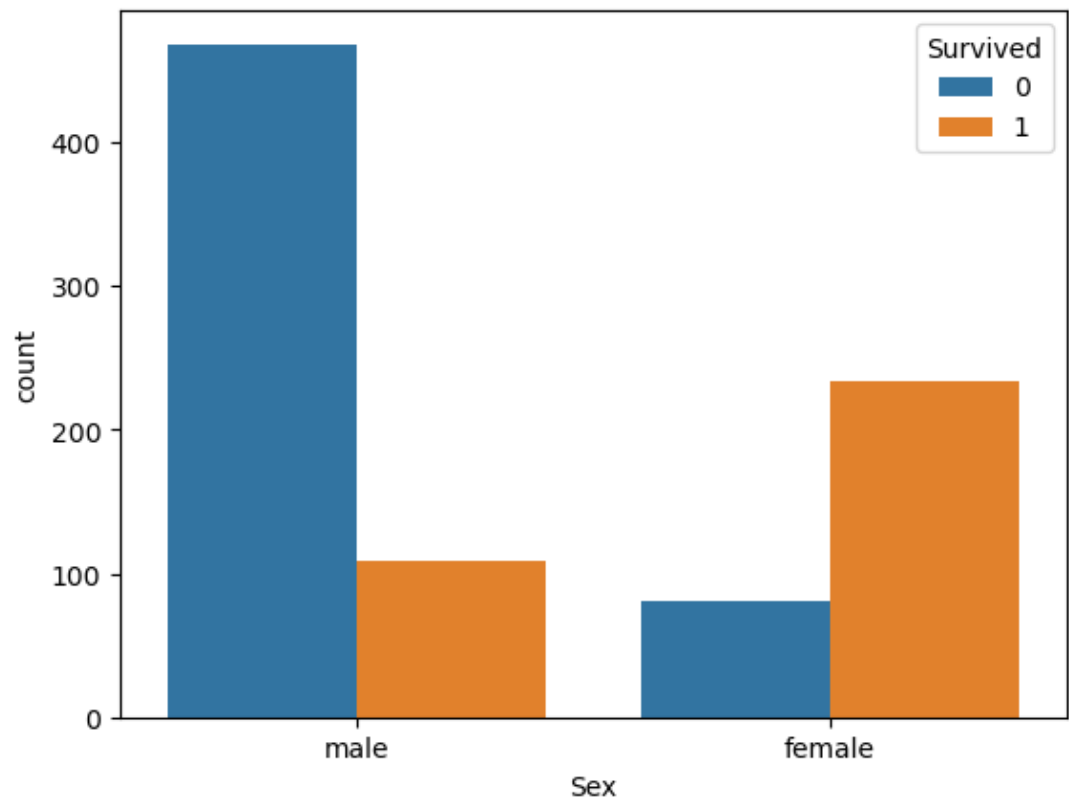
```
In [31]: 1 # Plotting Count plot for sex column
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Sex'])
3 plt.show()
```



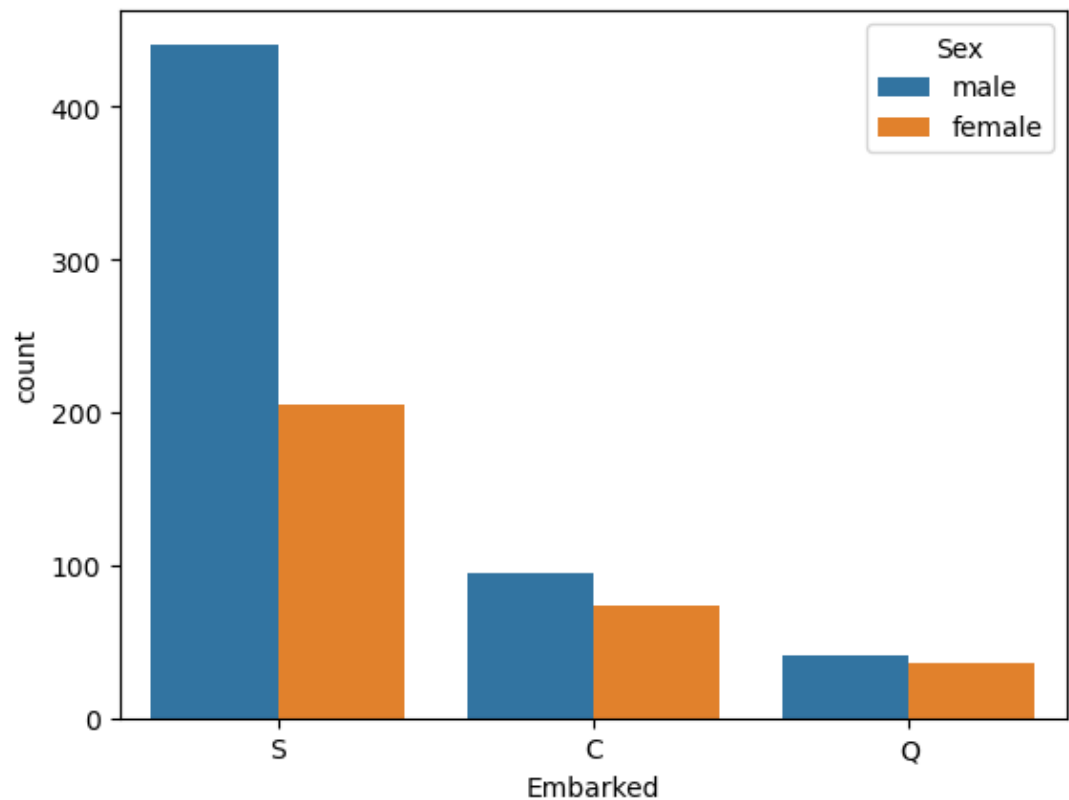
```
In [32]: 1 # Plotting Percentage Distribution of Sex Column
2 plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
3 plt.pie(d1.values,labels=d1.index,autopct='%.2f%%')
4 plt.legend()
5 plt.show()
```



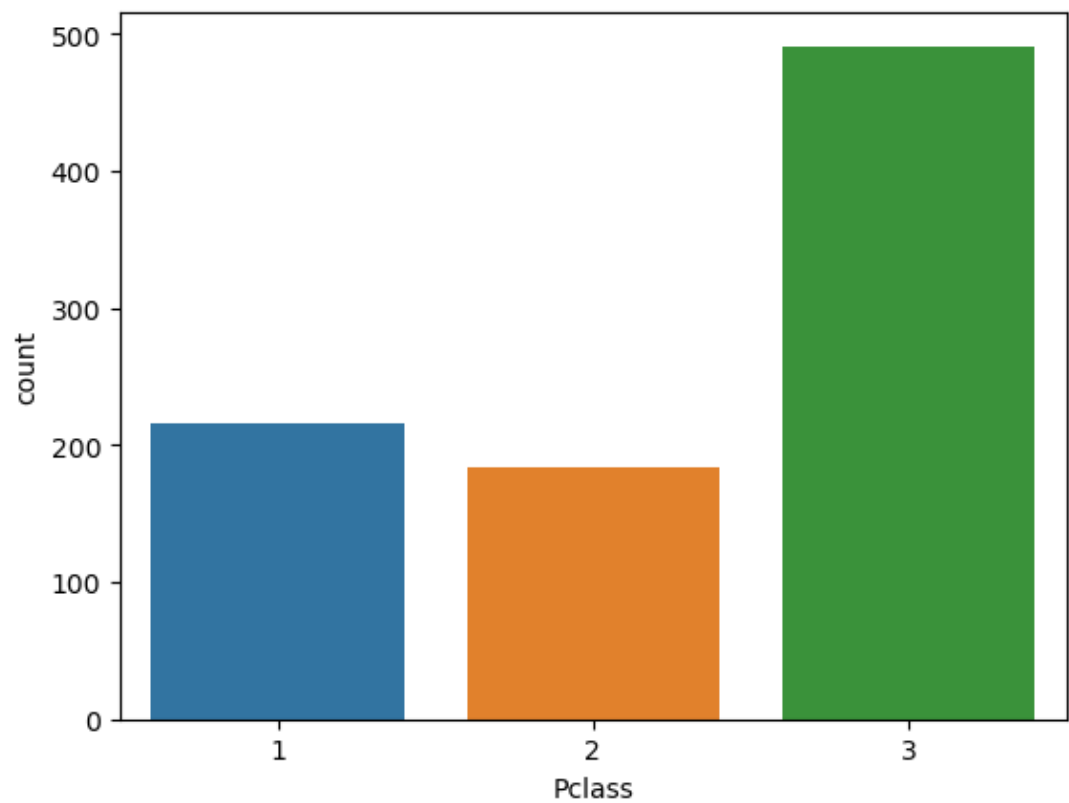

```
In [33]: 1 # Showing Distribution of Sex Column Survived Wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Sex'],hue=titanic['Survived']) # In Sex (0
3 plt.show()
```



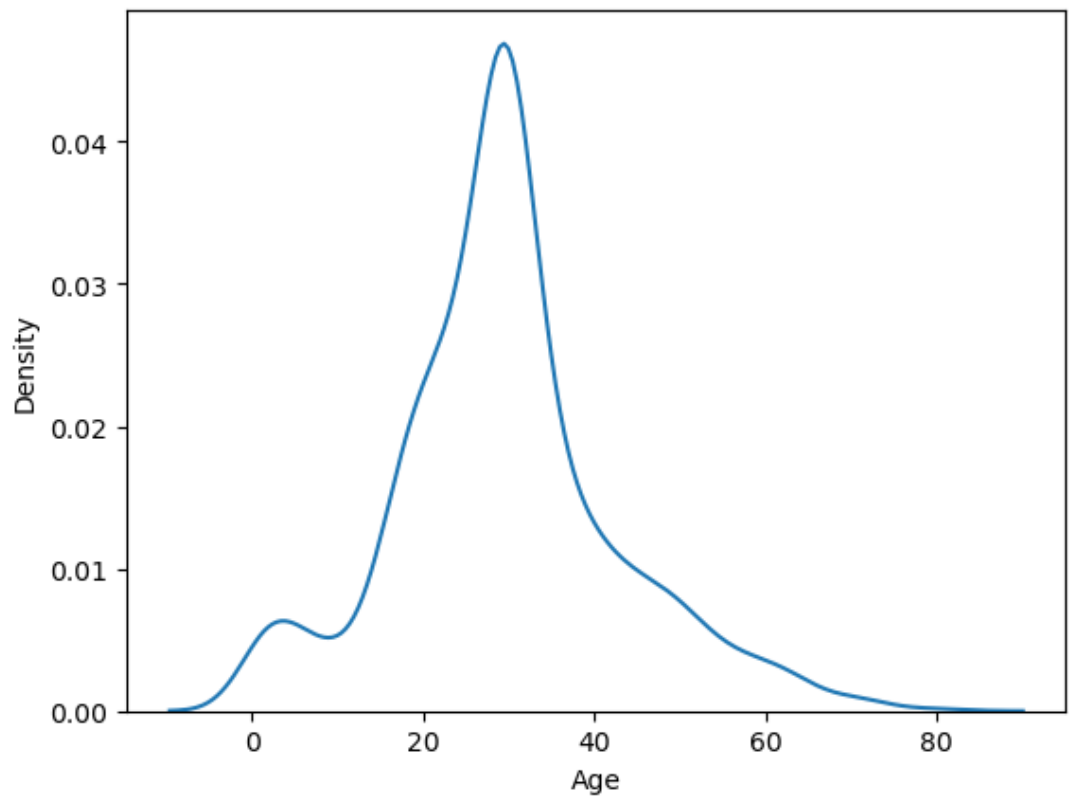
```
In [34]: 1 # Showing Distribution of Embarked Sex wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Embarked'],hue=titanic['Sex'])
3 plt.show()
```



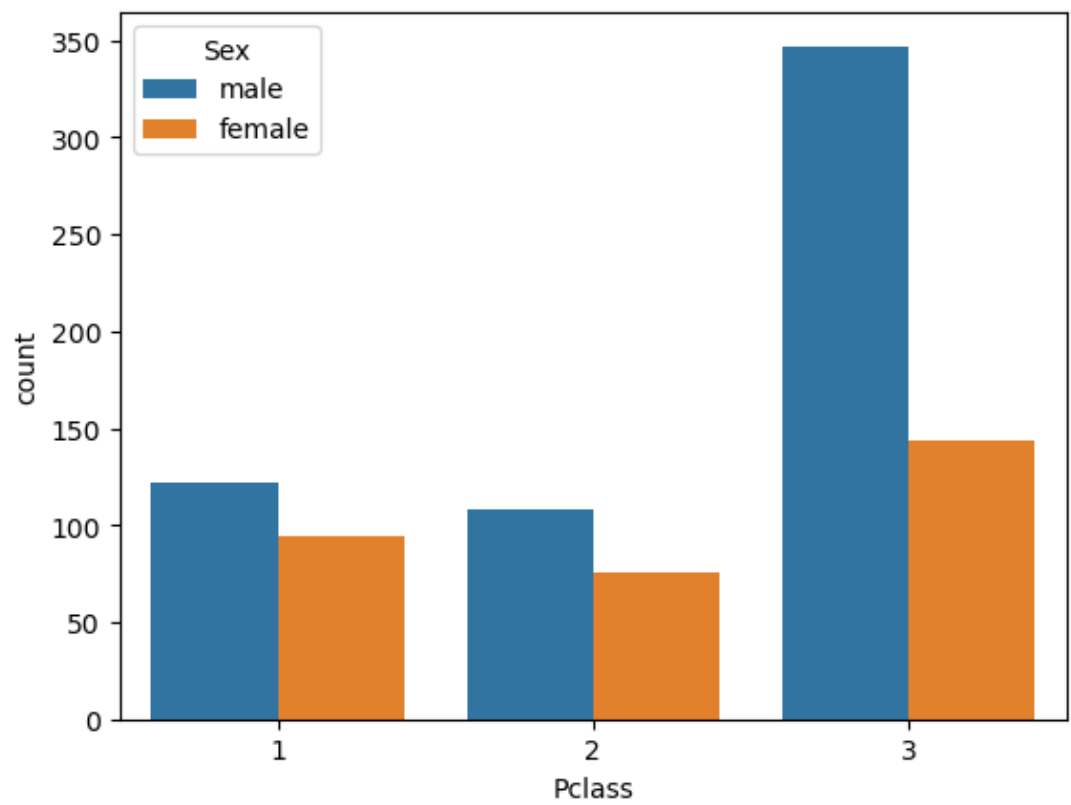
```
In [35]: 1 # Plotting CountPlot for Pclass Column
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Pclass'])
3 plt.show()
```



```
In [36]: 1 # Age Distribution
2 sns.kdeplot(x=titanic['Age'])
3 plt.show()
```



```
In [37]: 1 # Showing Distribution of Pclass Sex wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Pclass'],hue=titanic['Sex'])
3 plt.show()
```

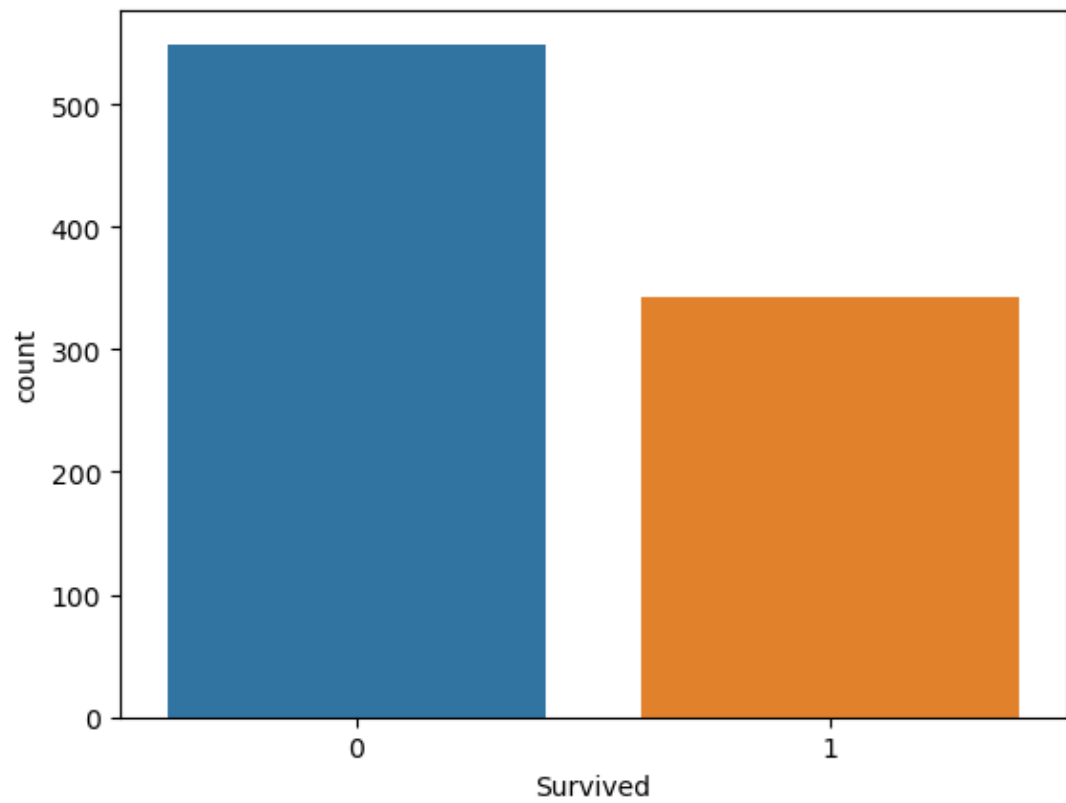


```
In [38]: 1 # Plotting CountPlot for Survived Column
2 print(titanic['Survived'].value_counts())
3 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Survived'])
4 plt.show()
5
```

```
0    549
```

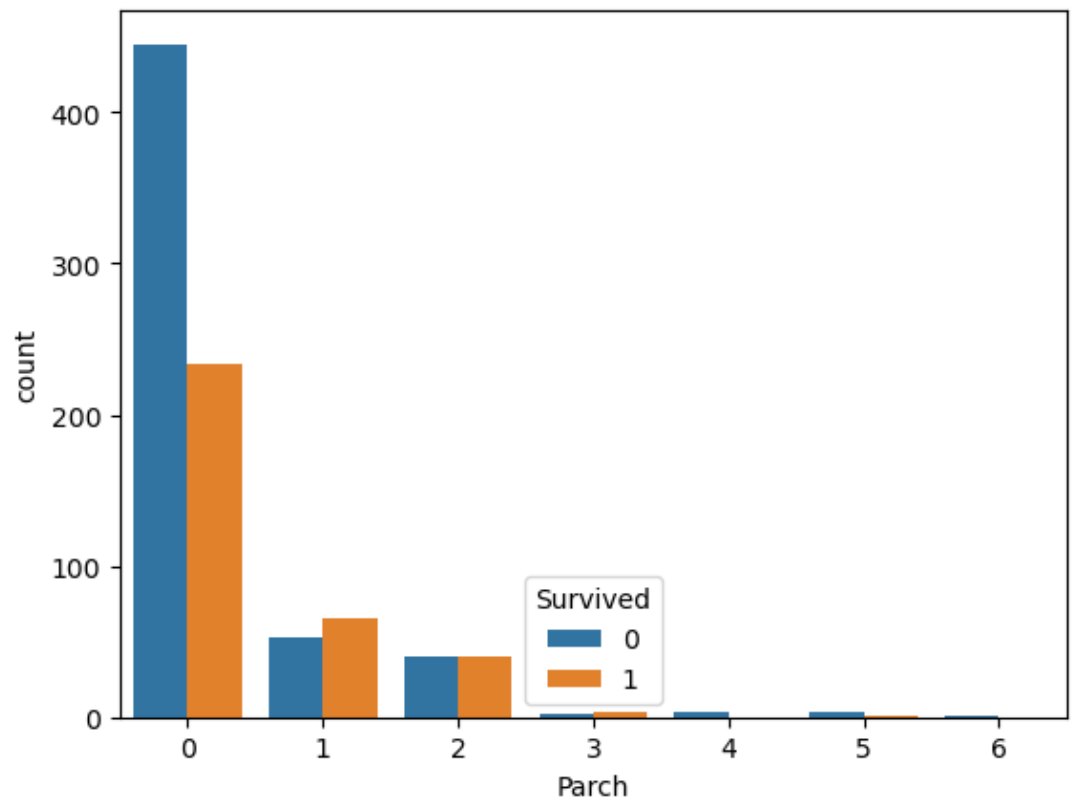
```
1    342
```

```
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```



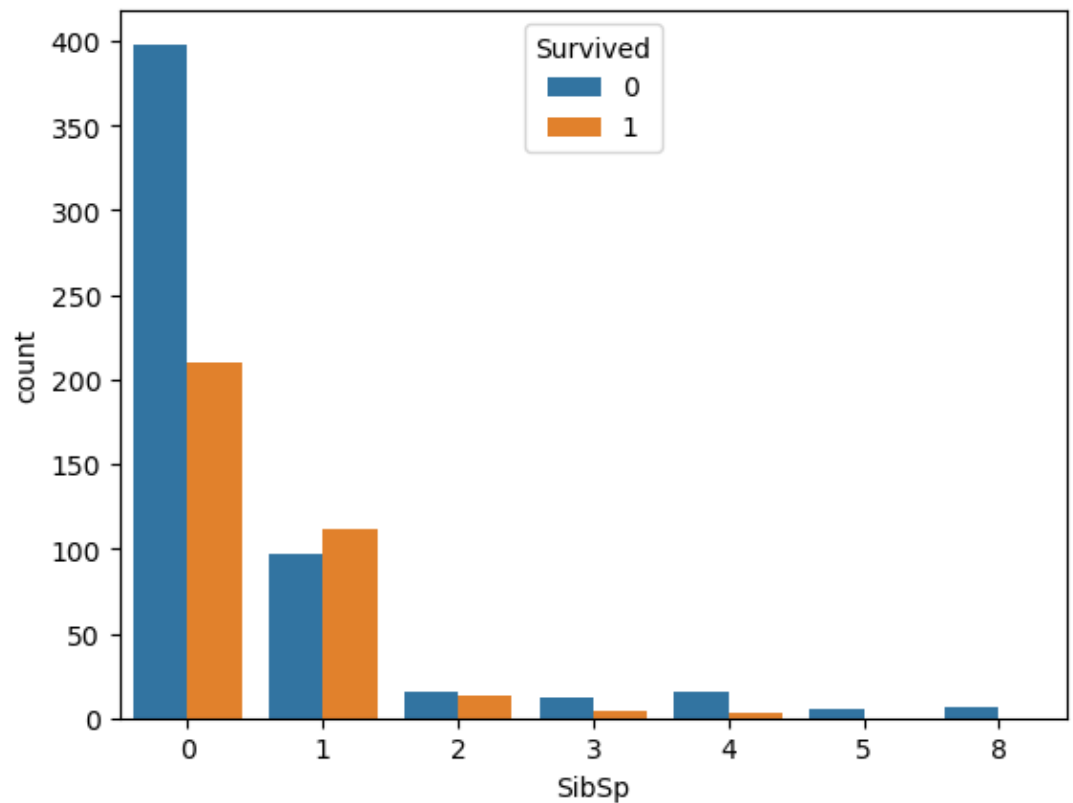
In [39]:

```
1 # Showing Distribution of Parch Survived Wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Parch'],hue=titanic['Survived'])
3 plt.show()
```

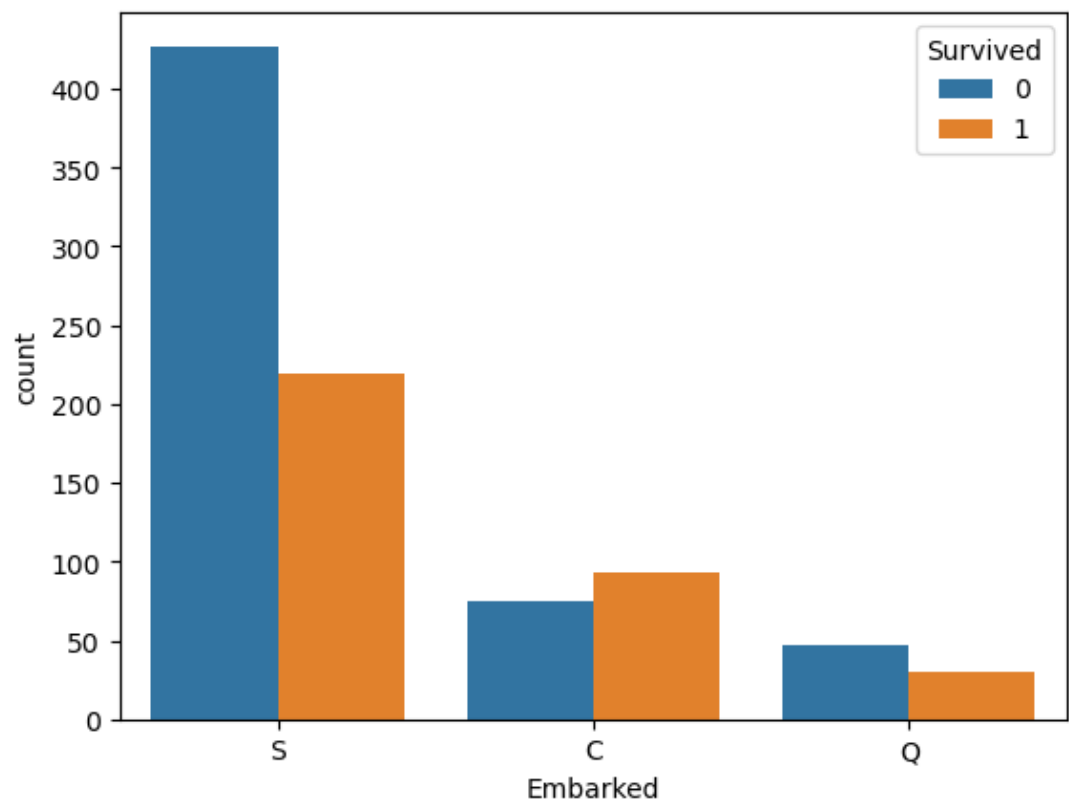


In [40]:

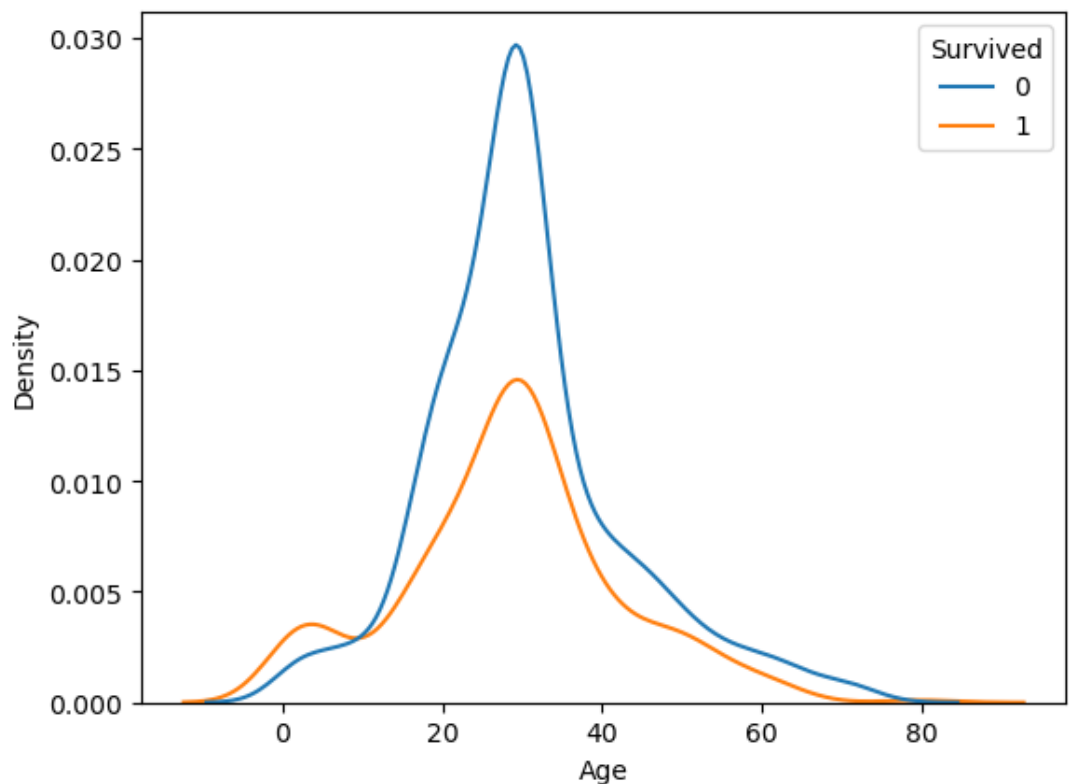
```
1 # Showing Distribution of SibSp Survived Wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['SibSp'],hue=titanic['Survived'])
3 plt.show()
```



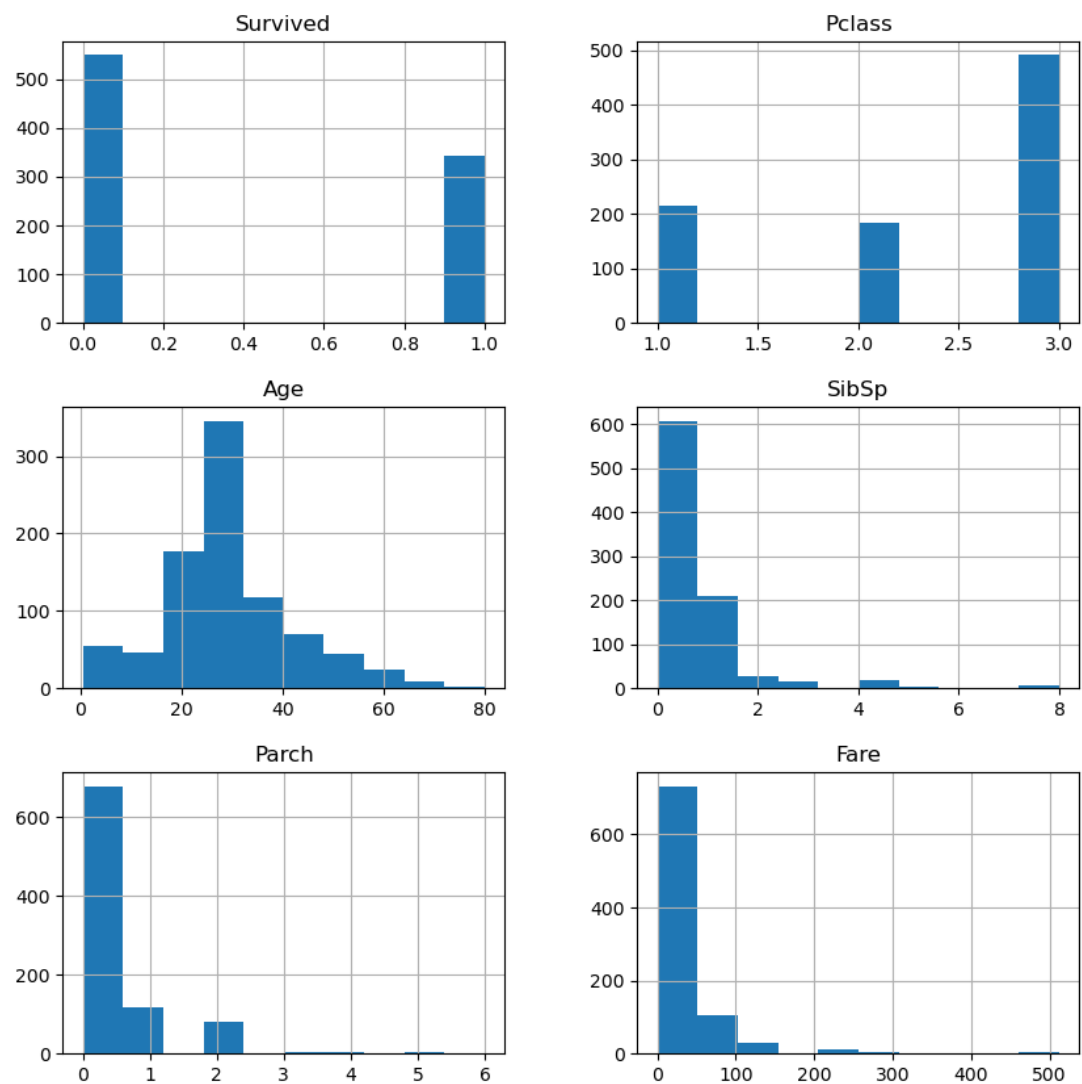
```
In [41]: 1 # Showing Distribution of Embarked Survived wise
2 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Embarked'],hue=titanic['Survived'])
3 plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: 1 # Showing Distribution of Age Survived Wise
2 sns.kdeplot(x=titanic['Age'],hue=titanic['Survived'])
3 plt.show()
```



```
In [43]: 1 # Plotting Histplot for Dataset
2 titanic.hist(figsize=(10,10))
3 plt.show()
```



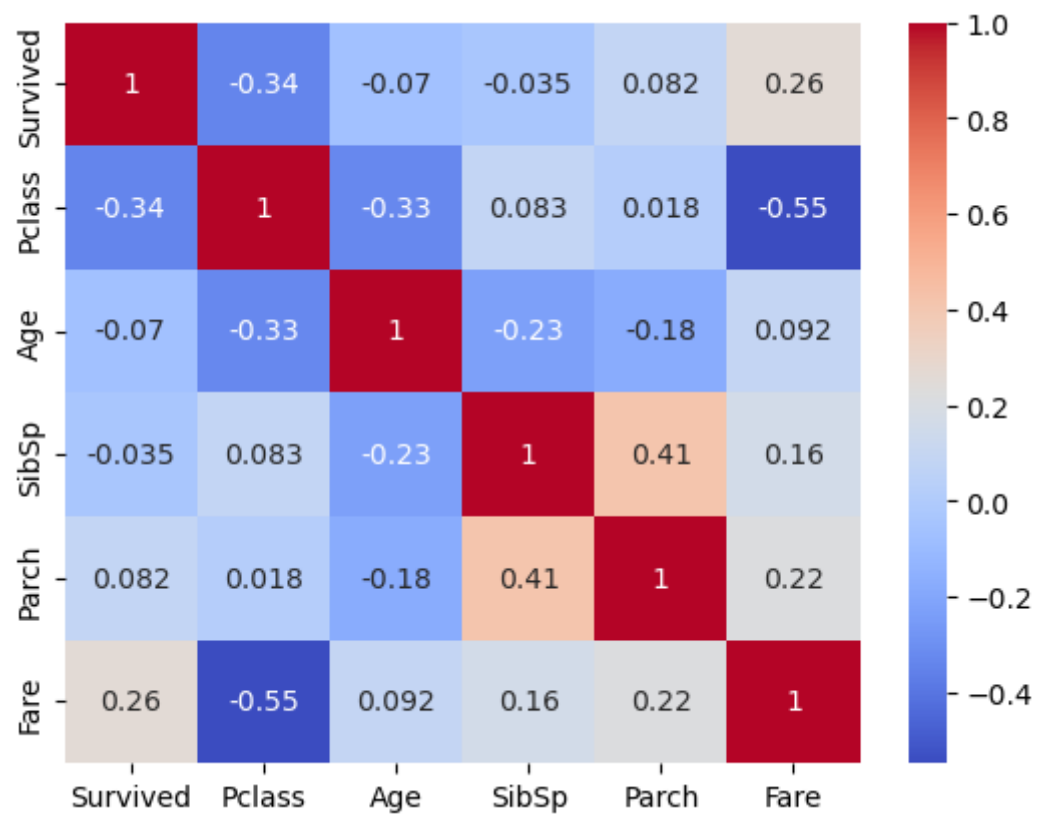
```
In [45]: 1 # showing Correlation
2 titanic.corr()
```

Out[45]:

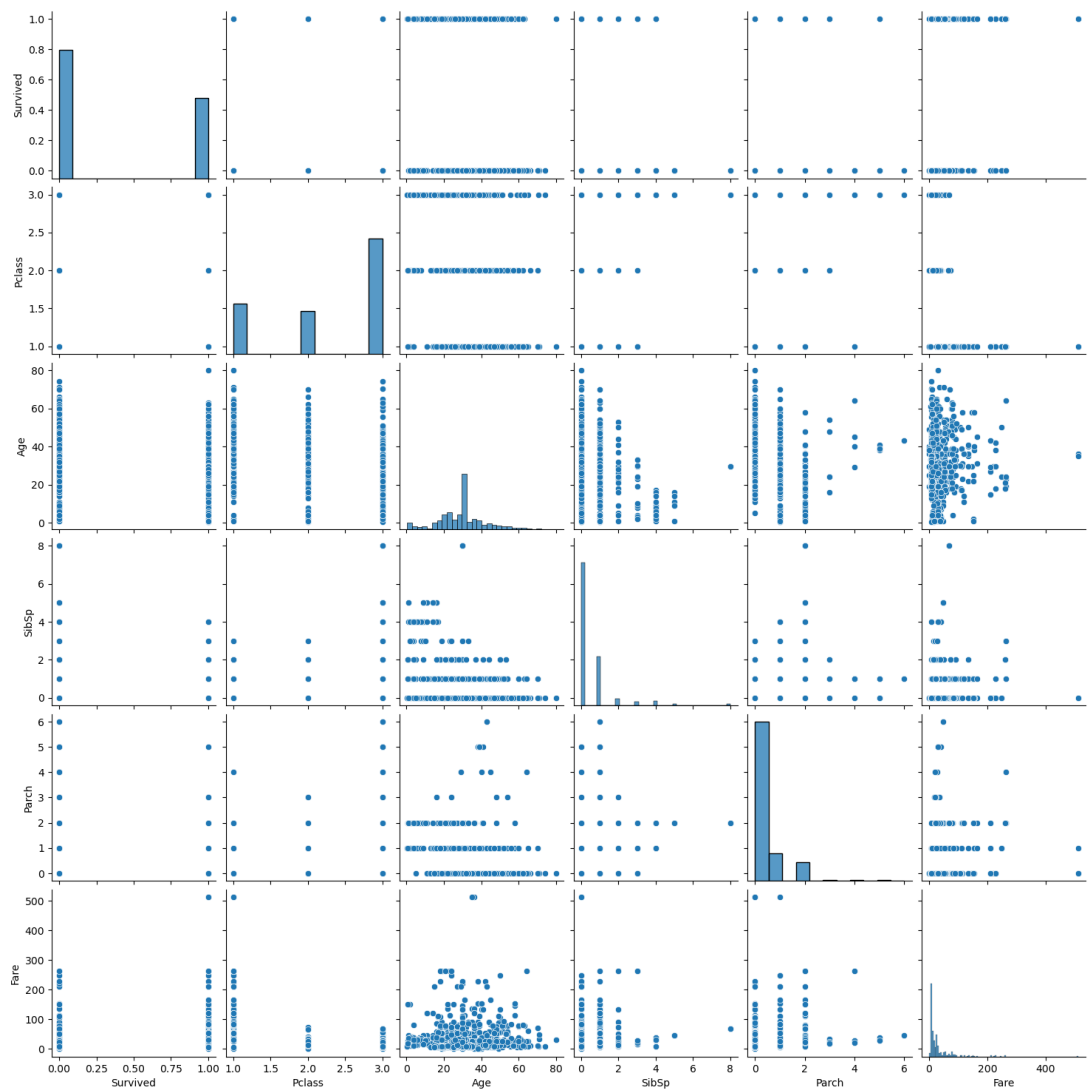
	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
Survived	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.069809	-0.035322	0.081629	0.257307
Pclass	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.331339	0.083081	0.018443	-0.549500
Age	-0.069809	-0.331339	1.000000	-0.232625	-0.179191	0.091566
SibSp	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.232625	1.000000	0.414838	0.159651
Parch	0.081629	0.018443	-0.179191	0.414838	1.000000	0.216225
Fare	0.257307	-0.549500	0.091566	0.159651	0.216225	1.000000

In [46]:

```
1 # Showing Correlation Plot
2 sns.heatmap(titanic.corr(),annot=True,cmap='coolwarm')
3 plt.show()
```



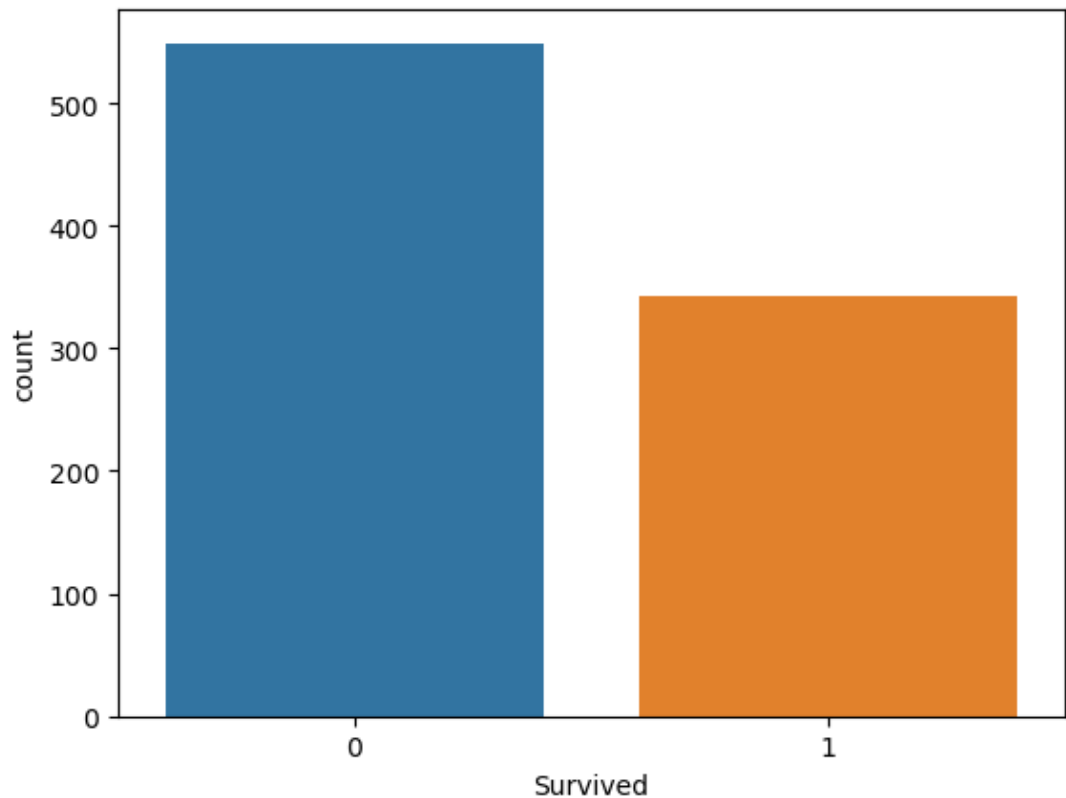

```
In [47]: 1 # Plotting pairplot
2 sns.pairplot(titanic)
3 plt.show()
```



```
In [48]: 1 titanic['Survived'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[48]: 0    549
1    342
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

```
In [49]: 1 sns.countplot(x=titanic['Survived'])
2         plt.show()
```



```
In [50]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
2         # Create an instance of LabelEncoder
3         le = LabelEncoder()
4
5         # Apply label encoding to each categorical column
6         for column in ['Sex', 'Embarked']:
7             titanic[column] = le.fit_transform(titanic[column])
8
9         titanic.head()
10
11        # Sex Column
12
13        # 0 represents female
14        # 1 represents Male
15
16        # Embarked Column
17
18        # 0 represents C
19        # 1 represents Q
20        # 2 represents S
```

```
Out[50]:
```

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	0	3	1	22.0	1	0	7.2500	2
1	1	1	0	38.0	1	0	71.2833	0
2	1	3	0	26.0	0	0	7.9250	2
3	1	1	0	35.0	1	0	53.1000	2
4	0	3	1	35.0	0	0	8.0500	2

```
In [51]: 1 # importing libraries
2
3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
4 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
5 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
6 from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
7 from sklearn.svm import SVC
8 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
9 from sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
10 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report,
```

```
In [52]: 1 cols = ['Pclass', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp', 'Parch', 'Fare', 'Embarked']
2 x = titanic[cols]
3 y = titanic['Survived']
4 print(x.shape)
5 print(y.shape)
6 print(type(x)) # DataFrame
7 print(type(y)) # Series
```

```
(891, 7)
(891,)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
```

```
In [53]: 1 x.head()
```

```
Out[53]:
```

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	3	1	22.0	1	0	7.2500	2
1	1	0	38.0	1	0	71.2833	0
2	3	0	26.0	0	0	7.9250	2
3	1	0	35.0	1	0	53.1000	2
4	3	1	35.0	0	0	8.0500	2

```
In [54]: 1 y.head()
```

```
Out[54]: 0    0
1    1
2    1
3    1
4    0
Name: Survived, dtype: int64
```

```
In [55]: 1 print(891*0.10)
```

```
89.10000000000001
```

```
In [56]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.10
2         print(x_train.shape)
3         print(x_test.shape)
4         print(y_train.shape)
5         print(y_test.shape)
```

```
(801, 7)
(90, 7)
(801,)
(90,)
```

```
In [57]: 1 def cls_eval(ytest,ypred):
2         cm = confusion_matrix(ytest,ypred)
3         print('Confusion Matrix\n',cm)
4         print('Classification Report\n',classification_report(ytest,ypr
5
6         def mscore(model):
7             print('Training Score',model.score(x_train,y_train)) # Trainin
8             print('Testing Score',model.score(x_test,y_test)) # Testing
```

```
In [58]: 1 # Building the Logistic Regression Model
2         lr = LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000,solver='liblinear')
3         lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
Out[58]: LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000, solver='liblinear')
```

```
In [59]: 1 # Computing Training and Testing score
2         mscore(lr)
```

```
Training Score 0.8052434456928839
Testing Score 0.7666666666666667
```

```
In [60]: 1 # Generating Prediction
2         ypred_lr = lr.predict(x_test)
3         print(ypred_lr)
```

```
[1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0
0 0
0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0
1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1]
```

```
In [61]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_lr)
3 acc_lr = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_lr)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_lr)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[46  7]
 [14 23]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.77	0.87	0.81	53
1	0.77	0.62	0.69	37
accuracy			0.77	90
macro avg	0.77	0.74	0.75	90
weighted avg	0.77	0.77	0.76	90

Accuracy Score 0.7666666666666667

```
In [62]: 1 # Building the knnClassifier Model
2 knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=8)
3 knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[62]: KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=8)

```
In [63]: 1 # Computing Training and Testing score
2 mscore(knn)
```

Training Score 0.7752808988764045

Testing Score 0.6777777777777778

```
In [64]: 1 # Generating Prediction
2 ypred_knn = knn.predict(x_test)
3 print(ypred_knn)
4
```

```
[1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 1
0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
1 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
In [65]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_knn)
3 acc_knn = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_knn)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_knn)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[47  6]
 [23 14]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.67	0.89	0.76	53
1	0.70	0.38	0.49	37
accuracy			0.68	90
macro avg	0.69	0.63	0.63	90
weighted avg	0.68	0.68	0.65	90

Accuracy Score 0.6777777777777778

```
In [66]: 1 # Building Support Vector Classifier Model
2 svc = SVC(C=1.0)
3 svc.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[66]: SVC()

```
In [67]: 1 # Computing Training and Testing score
2 mscore(svc)
```

Training Score 0.6891385767790262

Testing Score 0.6333333333333333

```
In [68]: 1 # Generating Prediction
2 ypred_svc = svc.predict(x_test)
3 print(ypred_svc)
```

```
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
0 0
0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
In [69]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_svc)
3 acc_svc = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_svc)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_svc)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[48  5]
 [28  9]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.63	0.91	0.74	53
1	0.64	0.24	0.35	37
accuracy			0.63	90
macro avg	0.64	0.57	0.55	90
weighted avg	0.64	0.63	0.58	90

Accuracy Score 0.6333333333333333

```
In [75]: 1 # Building the RandomForest Classifier Model
2 rfc=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=80,criterion='entropy',min_
3 rfc.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[75]: RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=10, min_samples_split=5,
n_estimators=80)

```
In [76]: 1 # Computing Training and Testing score
2 mscore(rfc)
```

Training Score 0.920099875156055

Testing Score 0.7555555555555555

```
In [77]: 1 # Generating Prediction
2 ypred_rfc = rfc.predict(x_test)
3 print(ypred_rfc)
```

```
[1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0
0 1
 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0
 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1]
```

```
In [81]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_rfc)
3 acc_rfc = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_rfc)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_rfc)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[47  6]
 [16 21]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.75	0.89	0.81	53
1	0.78	0.57	0.66	37
accuracy			0.76	90
macro avg	0.76	0.73	0.73	90
weighted avg	0.76	0.76	0.75	90

Accuracy Score 0.7555555555555555

```
In [79]: 1 # Building the DecisionTree Classifier Model
2 dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=5,criterion='entropy',min_sam
3 dt.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[79]: DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=5, min_samples_split=10)

```
In [80]: 1 # Computing Training and Testing score
2 mscore(dt)
```

Training Score 0.8526841448189763

Testing Score 0.7777777777777778

```
In [82]: 1 # Generating Prediction
2 ypred_dt = dt.predict(x_test)
3 print(ypred_dt)
```

```
[1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0
0 1
 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0
 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1]
```



```
In [83]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_dt)
3 acc_dt = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_dt)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_dt)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[46  7]
 [13 24]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.78	0.87	0.82	53
1	0.77	0.65	0.71	37
accuracy			0.78	90
macro avg	0.78	0.76	0.76	90
weighted avg	0.78	0.78	0.77	90

Accuracy Score 0.7777777777777778

```
In [84]: 1 # Builing the Adaboost model
2 ada_boost = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=80)
3 ada_boost.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[84]: AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=80)

```
In [85]: 1 # Computing the Training and Testing Score
2 mscore(ada_boost)
```

Training Score 0.8564294631710362

Testing Score 0.7666666666666667

```
In [86]: 1 # Generating the predictions
2 ypred_ada_boost = ada_boost.predict(x_test)
```

```
In [87]: 1 # Evaluate the model - confusion matrix, classification Report, Acc
2 cls_eval(y_test,ypred_ada_boost)
3 acc_adab = accuracy_score(y_test,ypred_ada_boost)
4 print('Accuracy Score',acc_adab)
```

Confusion Matrix

```
[[45  8]
 [13 24]]
```

Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.78	0.85	0.81	53
1	0.75	0.65	0.70	37
accuracy			0.77	90
macro avg	0.76	0.75	0.75	90
weighted avg	0.77	0.77	0.76	90

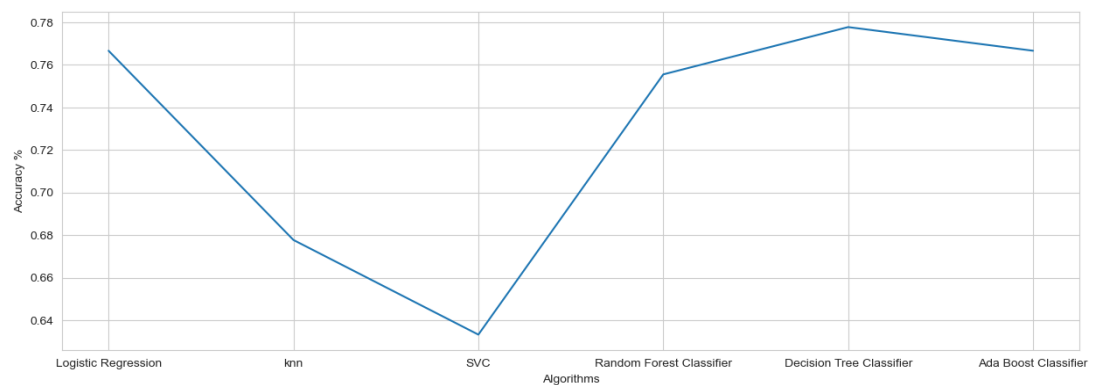
Accuracy Score 0.7666666666666667

```
In [88]: 1 models = pd.DataFrame({
2         'Model': ['Logistic Regression', 'knn', 'SVC', 'Random Forest Clas
3         'Score': [acc_lr, acc_knn, acc_svc, acc_rfc, acc_dt, acc_adab]})
4
5 models.sort_values(by = 'Score', ascending = False)
```

```
Out[88]:
```

	Model	Score
4	Decision Tree Classifier	0.777778
0	Logistic Regression	0.766667
5	Ada Boost Classifier	0.766667
3	Random Forest Classifier	0.755556
1	knn	0.677778
2	SVC	0.633333

```
In [91]: 1 colors = ["blue", "green", "red", "yellow", "orange", "purple"]
2
3 sns.set_style("whitegrid")
4 plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
5 plt.ylabel("Accuracy %")
6 plt.xlabel("Algorithms")
7 sns.lineplot(x=models['Model'], y=models['Score'], palette=colors )
8 plt.show()
```



```
In [95]: 1 colors = ["black", "violet", "pink", "yellow","orange","cyan",]  
2  
3 sns.set_style("whitegrid")  
4 plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))  
5 plt.ylabel("Accuracy %")  
6 plt.xlabel("Algorithms")  
7 sns.barplot(x=models['Model'],y=models['Score'], palette=colors )  
8 plt.show()
```

