Name: Sreejith Sathyadevan

Roll No: 23

Design and implementation of Modern Compilers

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Practical NO 1

Aim: Write a program to construct NDFA
Install package automata-lib By
using the following command:
pip install automata-lib

```
">\t").replace("", ""))
    rules = self.get transitions(rules)
    self.nfa = NFA(
states = state set,
      input symbols = input symbols,
transitions = rules,
                           initial state
= initial state,
                 final states =
final states
    del state_set, input_symbols, initial_state, final_states,
rules.
  def get_transitions(self, rules):
rules = [i.split("-") for i in rules]
rules_dict = {}
                             if
    for rule in rules:
rule[0] not in rules dict:
         rules dict[rule[0]] = {rule[1][1]:rule[1][0]}
print("If:", rules dict)
                              else:
```

```
rules dict[rule[0]][rule[1][0]] = rule[1][1]
print("Else:", rules dict)
return rules dict
  def print stats(self):
    print("\n\nSet of states are > ", self.nfa.states)
print("Input symbols are > ", self.nfa.input symbols)
print("Transitions are > ") for transition in
self.nfa.transitions:
      print(transition, self.nfa.transitions[transition])
print("Initial state > ", self.nfa.initial state)
                                                print("Final
states > ", self.nfa.final states)
def print transition table(self):
    input symbols = list(self.nfa.input symbols)
transitions = self.nfa.transitions
    print("\n\nTransition table is > ")
#print(f"States\t\t{input_symbols[0]}\t\t{input_symbols[1]}")
print("States\t\t" + str(input symbols[0]) +
                                                      "\t\t"
str(input symbols[1])) for transition in transitions:
                                                             for
input symbol in input symbols:
                                          try:
```

```
MINITALIT. C. /ODETD /WANTILL /DOMITTOGAD /HATG-PY
Enter state set>
Enter input symbol set> 01
Enter the initial state>
Enter the final state(s)>
                                        M
Enter the number of rules you want to add>
Enter rule 1>
                  W - OA
Enter rule 2>
                   A - 1M
Enter rule 3>
                  M - OW
If: {'W': {'0': 'A'}}
If: {'W': {'0': 'A'}, 'A': {'1': 'M'}}
If: {'W': {'0': 'A'}, 'A': {'1': 'M'}, 'M': {'0': 'W'}}
Set of states are > {'W', 'A', 'M'}
Input symbols are > {'1', '0'}
Transitions are >
W {'0': 'A'}
A {'1': 'M'}
M {'0': 'W'}
Initial state > W
Final states > {'M'}
Transition table is >
States
                   1
                                        0
                                        A
A
                    M
```

Aim: Write a program to convert the given Right linear grammar to Left Linear Grammar form.

```
CODE:
def get_transitions(rules):
  my dict={}
  ld="
res=dict()
  r=''
        for i in
rules:
    my_dict[i[0]]=[i[1][1],i[1][0]] for sub in my_dict:
if isinstance(my_dict[sub],list):
res[sub]=ld.join([str(ele) for ele in my_dict[sub]])
print("Left linear grammar is:") for item in res:
r+=item+"-"+str(res[item])+"\n" print(str(r))
rule_count=int(input("Enter rule count>\t"))
rules=[] for i in
range(rule_count):
  rules.append(input("Enter right linear grammar"+">\t"))
rules=[i.split("->") for i in rules] print(rules)
get_transitions(rules)
```

OUTPUT:

```
= RESTART: C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Msc CS\SEM 2\Compiler\Practicals\Practical 2(A
).py
Enter rule count> 2
Enter right linear grammar> S->uP
Enter right linear grammar> T->qW
[['S', 'uP'], ['T', 'qW']]
Left linear grammar is:
Left linear grammar is:
S-Pu
T-Wq
```

PRACTICAL NO 3

Aim: Write a code to generate DAG for input arithmetic expression.

```
CODE:
def funct1(x):
main=[] for i in
range(0,x):
y=input()
main.append(y)
```

```
print("Label Operator left Right")
for i in range(0,x):
    q=main[i]
                if
q[0] not in res:
res.append(q[0])
if(len(q)>3):
      print(" ",q[0]," ",q[3]," ",q[2]," ",q[4])
else:
      print(" ",q[0]," ",q[1]," ",q[2]," ")
print(main) print(res)
print("Enter number of 3 address code")
x=input() x=int(x) res=[] funct1(x)
```

Output:

```
Aim: Write a code for triples.

Code:

def funct1(x):

main=[] for i in

range(0,x):

y=input()

main.append(y)
```

```
print("Address operator argument 1 argument2")
  for i in range(0,x):
    g=main[i]
g[0] not in res:
res.append(g[0])
e=funct2(g[2])
if(len(g)>3):
      r=funct2(g[4])
      print(" (",i,")"," ",g[3]," ",e," ",r)
else:
      print(" (",i,")"," ",g[1]," ",e," ") print(main)
print(res) def funct2(g):
 try:
    z=res.index(g)
return(z) except:
return(g)
print("Enter number of production")
x=input() x=int(x) res=[] funct1(x)
```

Output:

```
Enter number of production

4

t=a-b

u=a-c

w=t*u

e=w

Address operator argument 1 argument2

(0) - a b

(1) - a c

(2) * 0 1

(3) = 2

['t=a-b', 'u=a-c', 'w=t*u', 'e=w']

['t', 'u', 'w', 'e']
```

```
Aim: Write the code for Postfix Evaluation CODE: def postfix evaluation(s):
```

```
s=s.split() n=len(s) stack=[]

for i in range(n): if

s[i].isdigit():

stack.append(int(s[i])) elif

s[i]=="+": a=stack.pop()

b=stack.pop()
```

stack.append(int(a)+int(b))

```
elif s[i]=="*":
a=stack.pop()
b=stack.pop()
stack.append(int(a)*int(b))
elif s[i]=="/":
      a=stack.pop()
b=stack.pop()
stack.append(int(a)/int(b))
elif s[i]=="-": a=stack.pop()
b=stack.pop()
stack.append(int(a)-int(b))
return stack.pop()
s="8 7 8 * + 4 -"
val=postfix_evaluation(s) print(val)
OUTPUT:
-60
```

```
Aim: Write a code to generate 3 address code Code:
postfix=input("Enter postfix expression").split()
operators=['+','-','/','*','^'] stack=[] result=''
str1="
count=0 print("3
address code") for i in
          if i not in
postfix:
operators:
stack.append(i)
print("Stack-",stack)
else:
    op1=stack.pop()
op2=stack.pop()
result=op2+i+op1
str1='T'+str(count)
stack.append(str1)
```

```
print("T",count,"=",result)
count+=1
```

Output:

```
Y
Enter postfix expression a b c + / d *
3 address code
Stack- ['a']
Stack- ['a', 'b']
Stack- ['a', 'b', 'c']
T 0 = b+c
T 1 = a/T0
Stack- ['T1', 'd']
T 2 = T1*d
```

PRACTICAL NO 7

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate loop jamming for given code sequence containing loop. Code: Loop Jamming import time

from datetime import datetime def func1(arr1,arr2,arr3):

```
t1=datetime.now()
start=time.time()
  print(t1.minute,":",t1.second,":",t1.microsecond)
for i in range (0,1000000):
               for j in
    sum=0
range(0,len(arr1)):
      sum=sum+arr1[j]
for k in range(0,len(arr2)):
      sum=sum+arr2[k]
for I in range(0,len(arr3)):
      sum=sum+arr3[l]
if(sum!=210):
print(false)
  tm=datetime.now()
done=time.time()
elapsed=done-start
```

```
print(t1.minute,":",t1.second,":",t1.microsecond)
print("First loop Difference",elapsed)
  start=time.time()
                    for i in
range(0,10000000):
               for j in
    sum=0
range(0,len(arr1)):
      sum=sum+arr1[j]
sum=sum+arr2[j]
sum=sum+arr3[j]
if(sum!=210):
print(false)
  tn=datetime.now()
  done=time.time()
elapsed=done-start
  print(t1.minute,":",t1.second,":",t1.microsecond)
print("second loop Diffrence",elapsed)
```

```
arr1=[10,20,30]
arr2=[20,10,30]
arr3=[40,40,10]
func1(arr1,arr2,arr3)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Python 3.10.3 (tags/v3.10.3:a342a49, Mar 16 2022, 13:07:40) [MSC v. AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more informated by the stage of th
```

PRACTICAL NO 8

Aim: Write a program to demonstrate loop unrolling for given code sequence containing loop.

Loop Unrolling Code:

import time

```
from datetime import datetime
def funct1():
              arr=[]
                        arr1=[]
t1=datetime.now()
start=t1.microsecond
print(start)
             for i in
range(0,1000):
    arr.insert(0,i)
print(arr)
t2=datetime.now()
end1=t2.microsecond
print(end1)
  for i in range(0,1000,4):
    arr1.insert(0,i)
arr1.insert(0,i+1)
arr1.insert(0,i+2)
arr1.insert(0,i+3)
print(arr1)
t3=datetime.now()
```

```
end2=t3.microsecond

print(end2)

print("Before unroling:",end1-start)

print("After unroling:",end2-end1) funct1()

OUTPUT:
```

```
833747

Squeezed text (54 lines).

112643

Squeezed text (54 lines).

369812

Before unroling: -721104

After unroling: 257169
```