



## Whoxa – Whatsapp Clone Flutter Android & iOS App

**Whoxa Whatsapp clone** Social Android and iOS App built in [Flutter](#) and [Firebase](#). You can reuse more than 120+ widgets to customize your application.

Mobile app developed using flutter framework created by Google is an open-source mobile application development. It is used to develop applications for Android and iOS, as well as being the primary method of creating applications.

**NB: The same code used for both iOS and Android.**

### Install Flutter:

Visit flutter official website : [flutter.dev](https://flutter.dev) for full install guide. if you prefer video tutorials, we recommend this playlist that will guide throw the full installation process:  
<https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLSzsOkUDsvdtl3Pw48-R8lcK2oYkk40cm>

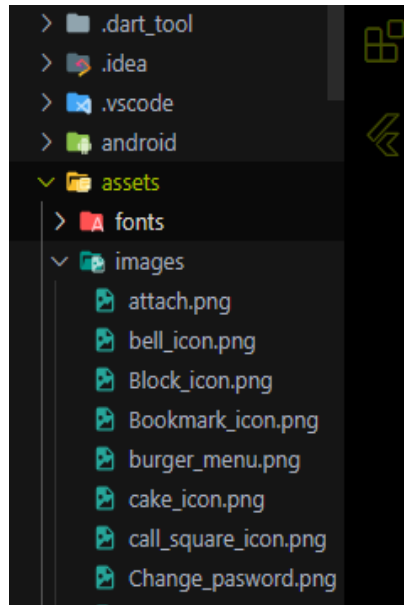
Set up your editor Install the Flutter and Dart plugins.

**Please make sure you have the latest flutter stable version.**

### Android Setup:

- 1 – Open Code in visual studio.
- 2 – Create Your own project in firebase. We already provided below step for how to create firebase project.
- 3 – Now You need to add google firebase json file in whoxa project.
- 4 – just run the following command.  
**Command:** `flutter pub get`
- 5 – If you would like to change app icon then follow below steps.

**5.1** – Go to Folder: assets > image



**5.2** – Put your PNG icon in above folder.

**5.3** – Open pubspec.yaml, Change below code with your logo image name.

```
flutter_icons:
  image_path: "assets/images/applogo.png"
  android: true
  ios: true
```

**5.4** – Run flutter pub get in terminal.

**5.5** – Run flutter pub upgrade

**5.6** – Run flutter pub run flutter\_launcher\_icons:main

**4** – If you want to change the package name following files and folders.

**4.1** – Go to Folder `android>app>src>main>AndroidManifest.xml`

**4.2** – Change the package name in your AndroidManifest.xml file:

```
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" package="your.package.name">
```

**4.3** – Open `/android/app/build.gradle` and change the package name.

```
defaultConfig {
    applicationId "your.package.name" minSdkVersion 16
    targetSdkVersion 27
    versionCode 1
    versionName "1.0"
    testInstrumentationRunner "android.support.test.runner.AndroidJUnitRunner"
}
```

**5** – In your `pubspec.yaml` in the top of this file, change the name with your app name and the project description.

**That's Done for Android.**

## iOS setup:

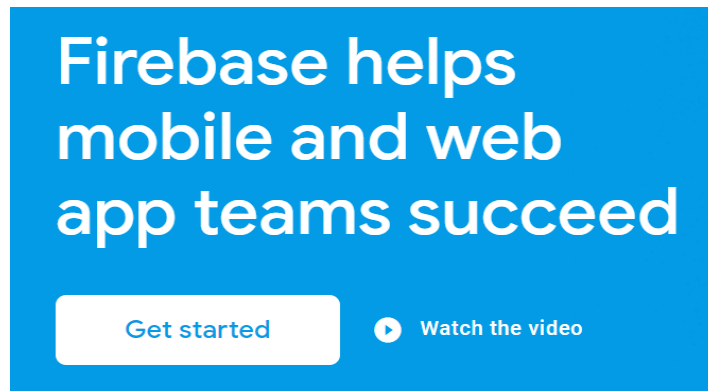
- 1 - Open Code in visual studio.
- 2 - And just run the following command. Command: `Flutter pub get`
- 3 - Create your iOS project in firebase. We already Provided step below for firebase.
- 4 – Add JSON file in xcode.
- 4 - Open terminal and open iOS folder path in terminal and install PODs on your project with below commands.  
  
`pod install`  
`pod update`  
`pod repo update`  
`pod install --repo-update`
- 5 - Now Open iOS folder and open Runner.xcworkspace with Xcode. Run your project with simulators.

## That's done for iOS.

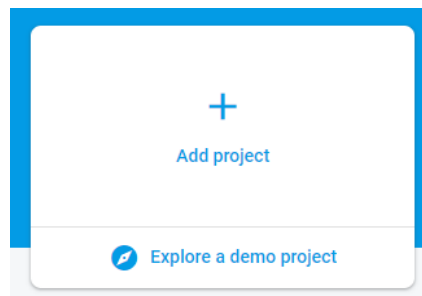
Build & Publish Flutter App:

To build and publish Android App, follow the official Documentation [Android](#) and [iOS](#) .

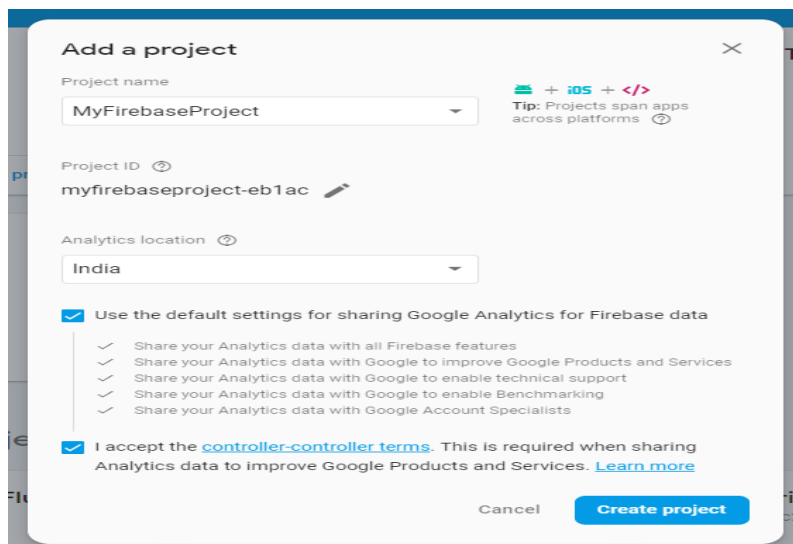
## Create a Firebase Project



From within the Firebase dashboard, select the “Create new project” button and give it a name:



Next up, we’re given the option to enable Google Analytics. It isn’t directly necessary for what we’re trying to do, so do whatever feels right for your use-case here.

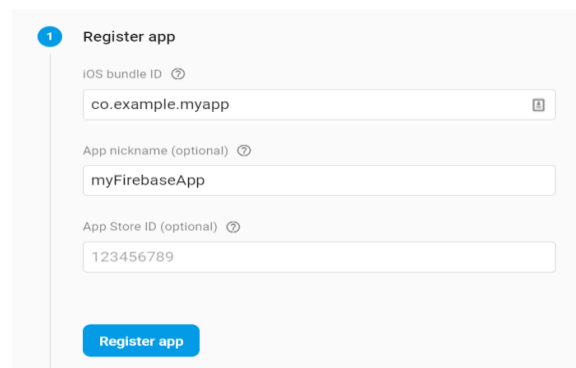


Assuming that we’re using Google Analytics, we’ll need to review and accept the terms and conditions prior to project creation.

After a relatively painless setup process, we should now be navigated to the dashboard for our project.

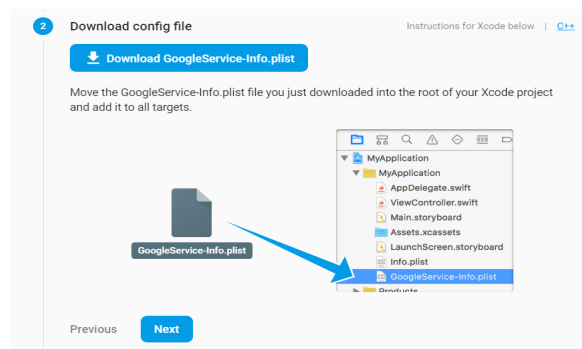
## Adding Android support

### Step 1: Register app



The screenshot shows the '1 Register app' step in the Firebase console. It contains three input fields: 'iOS bundle ID' with the value 'co.example.myapp', 'App nickname (optional)' with the value 'myFirebaseApp', and 'App Store ID (optional)' with the value '123456789'. A blue 'Register app' button is at the bottom.

The most important thing here is to match up the **Android package name** that you choose here with the one inside of our application. The structure of this is done like so: `com.example.app`.



The next step is to add the Firebase configuration file into our Flutter project. This is important as it contains the API keys and other critical information for Firebase to use.

Select “Download google-services.json” from this page.

Once you’ve got this, take the file and place it inside of the `android/app` directory within the Flutter project and it must replace the existing one.

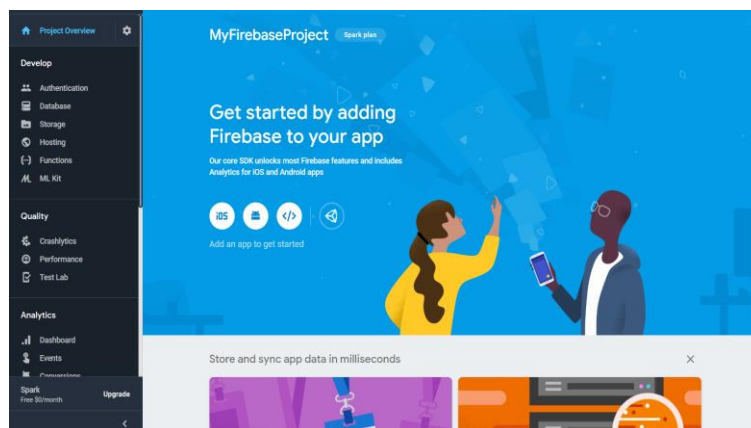
From here, run your application on an Android device or simulator. If everything has worked correctly, you should get the following message in the dashboard:

Next up, let's add iOS support!

## Adding iOS support

In order to add Firebase support for iOS, we have to follow a similar set of instructions.

Head back over to the dashboard and select `Add app` and then `iOS` icon to be navigated to the setup process.



### Step 1: Register an app

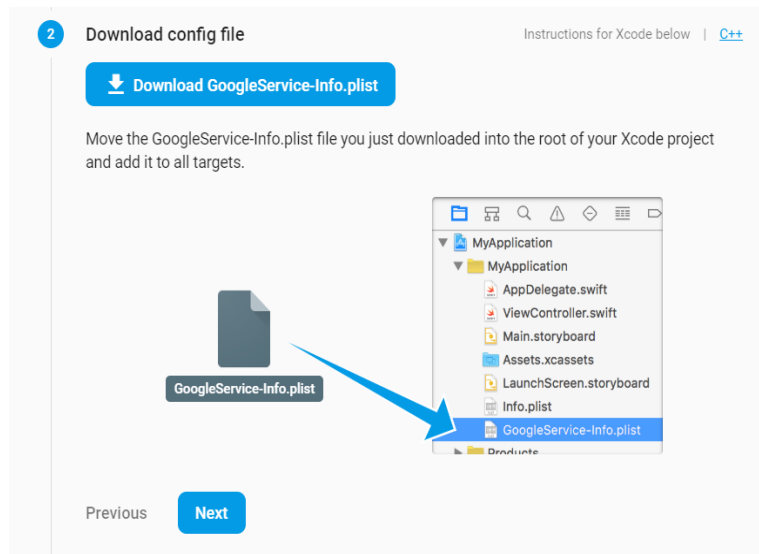
Once again, we'll need to add an iOS Bundle ID which I'm keeping the same as Android for consistency:

You'll then need to make sure this matches up by opening the iOS project up in Xcode at `ios/Runner/Runner.xcodeproj` and changing the Bundle identifier under General:

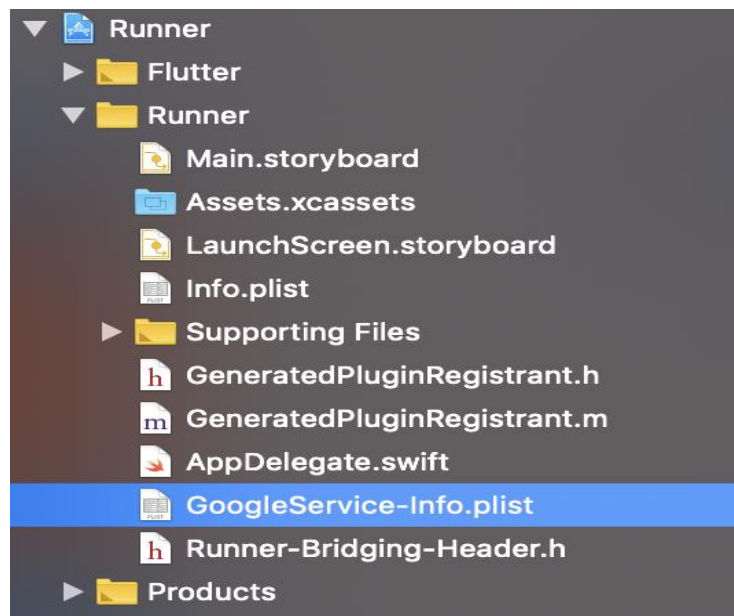
Click "Register app" to move to the next screen.

### Step 2: Download config file.

In this step we'll need to download the configuration file and add this to our Xcode project.



Download `GoogleService-Info.plist` and drag this into the root of your Xcode project within `Runner`:



It's important that you don't simply drag this into the folder without going through Xcode, as this will not work.

**That's it! You'll also be happy to know that we can skip the rest of the steps from here on out.**