

Explanation of BestStoreMVC File Structure

Tuesday, March 4, 2025 5:16 PM

1 wwwroot/ - Static Files

This folder contains **public static files** that users can access directly, like:

- css/ → Stores CSS files for styling.
- js/ → Stores JavaScript files for client-side scripts.
- lib/ → Contains external libraries (Bootstrap, jQuery, etc.).
- products/ → Stores uploaded product images.
- favicon.ico → The website's favicon.

● When a user uploads an image, it is saved inside the **wwwroot/products/** folder.

2 Controllers/ - Handle User Requests

- **HomeController.cs** → Handles requests for the home page.
- **ProductsController.cs** → Manages product-related operations, such as:
 - Index() → Fetches all products from the database and passes them to the view.
 - Create(ProductDto productDto) → Saves a new product to the database.
 - Edit(int id, ProductDto productDto) → Updates an existing product.
 - DeleteConfirmed(int id) → Deletes a product.

● Controllers act as the "brain" of the application, fetching and sending data between Views and Models.

3 Migrations/ - Database Schema Management

- 20250302201416_InitialCreate.cs → A migration file that defines how the database schema is created/modified.
- ApplicationDbContextModelSnapshot.cs → Represents the current database schema snapshot.

● This folder is used by Entity Framework Core to manage database updates and structure.

4 Models/ - Data Representation (Database Tables)

- **Product.cs**

```
public class Product
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Brand { get; set; }
    public string Category { get; set; }
    public decimal Price { get; set; }
    public string Description { get; set; }
    public string ImageFileName { get; set; }
    public DateTime CreatedAt { get; set; }
}
```

- Represents the Products table in the database.
- **ProductDto.cs**

```
public class ProductDto
{
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Brand { get; set; }
    public string Category { get; set; }
    public decimal Price { get; set; }
    public string Description { get; set; }
    public IFormFile? ImageFile { get; set; }
}
```

● **ProductDto (Data Transfer Object)** is used for handling form data but does not directly map to the database.

- It is used when receiving data from the user in Create and Edit actions.

5 Services/ - Application Database Context

- **ApplicationDbContext.cs**

```
csharp
CopyEdit
public class ApplicationDbContext : DbContext
{
    public ApplicationDbContext(DbContextOptions<ApplicationDbContext> options) :
    base(options) { }
    public DbSet<Product> Products { get; set; }
}
```

● **Manages the connection between the application and the database using Entity Framework Core.**

- Defines a Products table using DbSet<Product>.

6 Views/ - User Interface (Frontend HTML Templates)

◇ Views/Home/

- Index.cshtml → Homepage template.
- Privacy.cshtml → Privacy policy page.

◇ Views/Products/

- Create.cshtml → **Form to create a new product.**
- Edit.cshtml → **Form to edit a product.**
- Index.cshtml → **Displays all products in a table.**

◇ Views/Shared/

- _Layout.cshtml → **Main layout template (header, footer, etc.).**
- _ValidationScriptsPartial.cshtml → **Includes client-side validation scripts.**
- Error.cshtml → **Error handling page.**

7 Configuration Files

- appsettings.json → **Stores database connection strings and app settings.**
- Program.cs → **Entry point of the application, configures services like MVC and Entity Framework.**

How Data Flows in Your Application

- 1 User requests a page (e.g., localhost:5000/Products).
- 2 Controller (**ProductsController.cs**) handles the request and fetches data from the database using `ApplicationDbContext`.
- 3 Data is passed to a View (**Index.cshtml**) where products are displayed.
- 4 If a user submits a form (e.g., Create/Edit Product), the form data is captured using `ProductDto`.
- 5 Controller processes the data, saves it in the database, and redirects to `Index.cshtml`.
- 6 If an image is uploaded, it is stored in `wwwroot/products/`.

Summary

- Controllers handle HTTP requests and interact with the database.
- Models represent database tables and business logic.
- Views display HTML pages using Razor syntax.
- The database is managed using Entity Framework Core with migrations.
- Static files like CSS, JS, and images are stored in `wwwroot/`.
- Images uploaded by users are stored in `wwwroot/products/`.

💡 Your project follows a clean and structured MVC architecture. Let me know if you need improvements or explanations! 🚀💧