GIT Commands

When ever you want to do some configuration change.

- 1. Always do a GIT pull.
- 2. Edit your configuration file and add it git add, then commit with clear message why you are doing so.
- 3. Once commit id done, ALWAYS use "git pull --rebase", so there will be no merge conflicts.
- 4. Only once the above three steps are double checked do a git push.

```
git status --see the status of git repo
git pull ----pull from repo
git pull origin branch-name -----pull the branch
git push ----push to repo
git push origin branch-name ----push to branch
git add file ----add the file to localrepo
git rm file ---remove the file from localrepo
git commit -m 'remove extra files'---commit chages
git reset --soft HEAD~ ---revert back to commit changes
git stash -- it will save our changes in temporary folder , then we change our branch without adding change
git stash pop --- revert back our changes from temparary changes
git pull --rebase - pull the master update before pushing to master
git remote -v update --- it will give branch status with which has uptodate which has changes and needs to pull
git branch ----it will show the branch details in git
git checkout -b branch-name && git push origin branch-name ---it will create branch and push changes to branch
git fetch && git checkout branch-name ----it will fetch and checkout to branch (client machine).
```