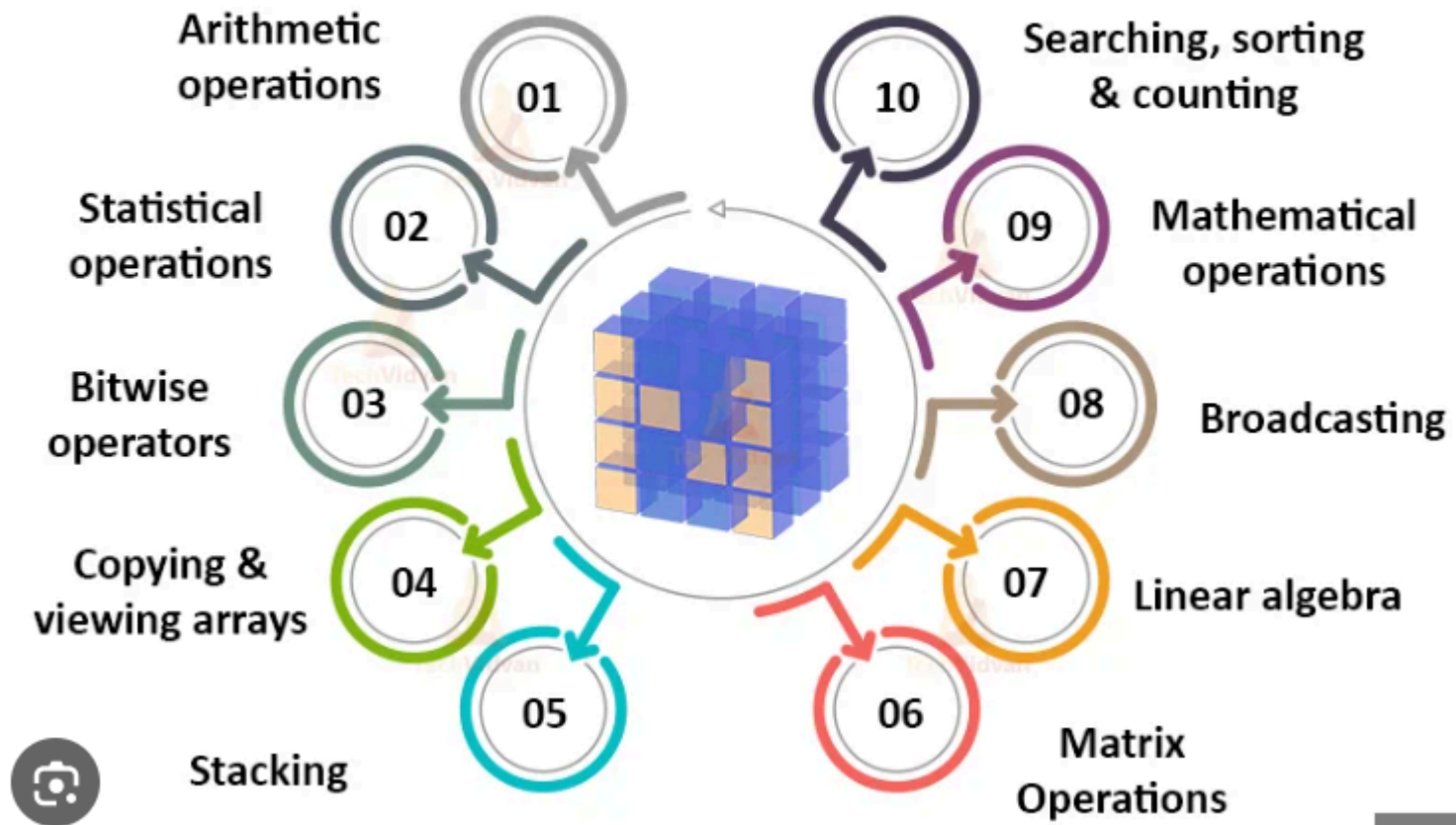


# Uses of NumPy



## 1.Array Creation Functions

```
In [3]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [4]: arr = np.array([10,20,30+40j,"python"])
print(f"Array arr :{arr} ")

Array arr :['10' '20' '(30+40j)' 'python']
```

```
In [8]: arr1 = np.arange(30,0,-5)
print(f"Array arr1 :{arr1} ")

Array arr1 :[30 25 20 15 10  5]
```

```
In [11]: arr2 = np.linspace(20,25,5)      #evenly spaced 5 values
print(f"Array arr2 :{arr2} ")

Array arr2 :[20.   21.25 22.5  23.75 25.   ]
```

```
In [13]: arr3 = np.linspace(-20,5,7)
print(f"Array arr3 :{arr3} ")

Array arr3 :[-20.         -15.83333333 -11.66666667  -7.5         -3.33333333
  0.83333333  5.         ]
```

```
In [17]: arr4 = np.eye(6)
print(f"Identity matrix f : \n {arr4}")

Identity matrix f :
[[1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

## 2. Array Manipulation Functions

```
In [23]: a = np.array([10,20,50.2,True,"hello",2+1j])
reshaped = a.reshape(3,2)
print(f"Reshaped array :\n {reshaped}")
```

```
Reshaped array :
[['10' '20']
 ['50.2' 'True']
 ['hello' '(2+1j)']]
```

```
In [26]: reshaped_fortran = a.reshape(3,2,order="F")
print(f"Fortran array : \n {reshaped_fortran}")
```

```
Fortran array :
[['10' 'True']
 ['20' 'hello']
 ['50.2' '(2+1j)']]
```

```
In [ ]: a1 = np.array([[10,20.5,36],[25,"python"],[2.5,3,-6.5]])      #homogeneity is missing
flattened = np.ravel(a1)
print(f"Flattened array : \n {flattened}")
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[37], line 1
----> 1 a1 = np.array([[10,20.5,36],[25,"python"],[2.5,3,-6.5]])
      2 flattened = np.ravel(a1)
      3 print(f"Flattened array : \n {flattened}")
```

**ValueError:** setting an array element with a sequence. The requested array has an inhomogeneous shape after 1 dimension. The detected shape was (3,) + inhomogeneous part.

```
In [43]: a2 = np.array([[10,20.5,36],[25,"python",True],[2.5,3,-6.5]])
flattened = np.ravel(a2)
print(f"Flattened array : \n {flattened}")
```

```
Flattened array :
['10' '20.5' '36' '25' 'python' 'True' '2.5' '3' '-6.5']
```

```
In [40]: a2
```

```
Out[40]: array([[ '10', '20.5', '36'],  
               [ '25', 'python', 'True'],  
               [ '2.5', '3', '-6.5']], dtype='<U32')
```

```
In [ ]: transpose_arr = a2.transpose()      #rows converted into columns and columns into rows  
print(transpose_arr)
```

```
[ '10' '25' '2.5']  
[ '20.5' 'python' '3']  
[ '36' 'True' '-6.5']]
```

```
In [46]: a3 = np.array([1,2.5,3])  
a4 = np.array([2.5,3,-5.5])  
stacked = np.vstack([a3,a4])  
print(f"Stacked array : \n {stacked}")
```

```
Stacked array :  
[[ 1.  2.5  3. ]  
 [ 2.5  3. -5.5]]
```

### 3. Mathematical Functions

```
In [54]: b = np.array([10,25.5,20,30])  
add = np.add(b,-5)  
print(add)
```

```
[ 5.  20.5 15.  25. ]
```

```
In [56]: power_value = np.power(b,2)  
print(power_value)
```

```
[100.   650.25 400.   900. ]
```

```
In [57]: squareroot = np.sqrt(b)
print(squareroot)
```

```
[3.16227766 5.04975247 4.47213595 5.47722558]
```

```
In [63]: dot1 = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
dot2 = np.array([5,6,7,8])
dot_product = np.dot(dot1,dot2)
print(f"Dot product of dot1 and dot2 :\n {dot_product}")
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[63], line 3
      1 dot1 = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
      2 dot2 = np.array([5,6,7,8])
----> 3 dot_product = np.dot(dot1,dot2)
      4 print(f"Dot product of dot1 and dot2 :\n {dot_product}")
```

```
ValueError: shapes (5,) and (4,) not aligned: 5 (dim 0) != 4 (dim 0)
```

```
In [64]: dot1 = np.array([1,2,3,4])
dot2 = np.array([5,6,7,8])
dot_product = np.dot(dot1,dot2)
print(f"Dot product of dot1 and dot2 :\n {dot_product}")
```

```
Dot product of dot1 and dot2 :
70
```

#### 4. Statistical Functions

```
In [65]: s = np.array([1,2,3,4])
mean_value = np.mean(s)
print(f"mean of s : {mean_value}")
```

```
mean of s : 2.5
```

```
In [66]: stad_dev = np.std(s)
print(stad_dev)
```

1.118033988749895

```
In [67]: mini_value = np.min(s)
print(f"minimum value : {mini_value}")
```

minimum value : 1

```
In [69]: max_value = np.max(s)
print(f"maximum value : {max_value}")
```

maximum value : 4

## 5. Liner Algebra Functions

```
In [70]: matrix = np.array([[1,2],[3,4]])
determinat = np.linalg.det(matrix)
print(f"Determinat of matrix : {determinat}")
```

Determinat of matrix : -2.0000000000000004

```
In [71]: inverse_matrix = np.linalg.inv(matrix)
print(inverse_matrix)
```

```
[[ -2.   1. ]
 [ 1.5 -0.5]]
```

## 6. Boolean & Logical Functions

```
In [72]: logical_test = np.array([True,False,True])
all_true = np.all(logical_test)
print("All elements are True :",all_true)
```

All elements are True : False

```
In [73]: any_true = np.any(logical_test)
print("Any elements True :", any_true)
```

Any elements True : True

## 7. Set Operations

```
In [74]: set_a = np.array([1,2,3,4])
set_b = np.array([3,4,5,6])
np.intersect1d(set_a,set_b)
```

Out[74]: array([3, 4])

```
In [ ]: np.union1d(set_a,set_b)
```

## 8.Array Attribute Functions

```
In [76]: arr5 = np.array([1,2,3,4])
print(arr5.shape)
print(arr5.size)
print(arr5.ndim)
print(arr5.dtype)
```

(4,)  
4  
1  
int64

## 9. Other Functions

```
In [77]: arr5
```

```
Out[77]: array([1, 2, 3, 4])
```

```
In [78]: copied_array = np.copy(arr5)
print("copied array :",copied_array)
```

```
copied array : [1 2 3 4]
```

```
In [79]: array_size_in_bytes = a.nbytes
print("Size in bytes:", array_size_in_bytes)
```

```
Size in bytes: 1536
```

```
In [80]: shared = np.shares_memory(arr5,copied_array)
print("Do arr5 and copied_array share memory?",shared)
```

```
Do arr5 and copied_array share memory? False
```