

Monsoon Semester (Aug-Nov), 2019 Discrete Structures (DS)

Tutorial IV September 8, 2019

Due: 09.09.19 Instructor: Dr. P. Kumar

INSTRUCTIONS:

Problems to be discussed in Tutorial in the week of Monday 9th Sep 2019.

- 1. (Free and Bound Variables) Indicate the variables that are free and bound. Also show the scope of the quantifiers.
 - (a) $(x)(P(x) \wedge R(x)) \rightarrow (x)P(x) \wedge Q(x)$
 - (b) $(x)(P(x) \wedge (\exists x)Q(x)) \vee ((x)P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$
 - (c) $(x)(P(x) \leftrightarrow Q(x) \land (\exists x)R(x)) \land S(x)$
- 2. (Universe of discourse)

If the universe of discourse is the set $\{a, b, c\}$, eliminate the quantifiers in the following formulas

- 1. (x)P(x)
- 2. $(x)R(x) \wedge (x)S(x)$
- 3. $(x)R(x) \wedge (\exists x)S(x)$
- 4. $(x)(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$
- 5. $(x) \neg P(x) \lor (x) P(x)$
- 3. (Truth Values of Predicates) Find the truth values of
 - 1. $(x)(P(x) \vee Q(x))$, where P(x): x = 1, Q(x): x = 2, and the universe of discourse is $\{1, 2\}$
 - 2. $(x)(P \to Q(x)) \lor R(a)$, where $P: 2 > 1, Q(x): x \le 3, R(x): x > 5$, and a: 5, with the universe being $\{-2, 3, 6\}$
- 4. (Implication) Show that $(\exists z)(Q(z) \land R(z))$ is not implied by the formulas $(\exists x)(P(x) \land Q(x))$ and $(\exists y)(P(y) \land R(y))$, by assuming universe of discourse which has two elements.

Student's name: End of Tutorial