

## LAB - 3

### 1. LINEAR QUEUE USING ARRAYS.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <conio.h>
```

```
#define MAX 10
```

```
int queue[MAX], front = -1, rear = -1;
```

```
void insert() {
```

```
    int num;
```

```
    printf("Enter number to be inserted: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num);
```

```
    if (rear == MAX - 1) {
```

```
        printf("In overflow!");
```

```
    }
```

```
    else if (front == -1 && rear == -1) {
```

```
        front = rear = 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        rear++;
```

```
        queue[rear] = num;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int delete() {
```

```
    int val;
```

```
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
```

```
        printf("\n Underflow!");
```

```
        return -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        val = queue[front];
```

```
        front++;
```

```
        if (front > rear) {
```

```
            front = rear = -1;
```

```
        }
```

```
        return val;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int peek() {
```

```
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
```

```
        printf("\n Queue Empty!");
```

```
        return -1;
```

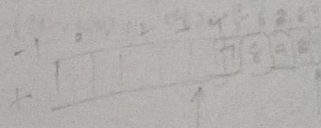
```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        return queue[front];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```





```

void display() {
    int i;
    if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
        printf("\n Queue Empty!");
    }
    else {
        for (i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
            printf("\n %d", queue[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

```

int main() {
    int choice, value;
    printf("\n Queue Operation Menu");
    printf("\n 1. Insert\n 2. Delete\n 3. Peek\n 4. Display\n 5. Exit");
    printf("\n Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);
    switch (choice) {
        case 1: insert();
                break;
        case 2: value = delete();
                if (value != -1) {
                    printf("\n Deleted number: %d", value);
                }
                break;
        case 3: value = peek();
                if (value != -1) {
                    printf("\n First value in queue: %d", value);
                }
                break;
        case 4: display();
                break;
        case 5: exit(0);
        default: printf("Input Invalid!");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```

main.c
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 #define MAX_SIZE 3
5
6 int queue[MAX_SIZE];
7 int front = -1, rear = -1;
8
9 void insert(int value) {
10     if (rear == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
11         printf("Queue Overflow: Cannot insert element %d, queue is full\n", value);
12     } else {
13         if (front == -1) {
14             front = 0;
15         }
16         rear++;
17         queue[rear] = value;
18         printf("Element %d inserted into the queue\n", value);
19     }
20 }
21
22 void delete() {
23     if (front == -1) {
24         printf("Queue Underflow: Cannot delete element, queue is empty\n");
25     } else {
26         printf("Element %d deleted from the queue\n", queue[front]);
27         if (front == rear) {
28             // Reset queue when the last element is deleted
29             front = rear = -1;
30         } else {
31             front++;
32         }
33     }
34 }

```

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Queue Underflow: Cannot delete element, queue is empty

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 4

Element 4 inserted into the queue

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 5

Element 5 inserted into the queue

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 6

Element 6 inserted into the queue

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the value to insert: 7

Queue Overflow: Cannot insert element 7, queue is full

Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Element 4 deleted from the queue



## Q. CIRCULAR QUEUE USING ARRAYS.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define MAX 10
```

```
int queue[MAX];
```

```
int front = -1, rear = -1;
```

```
void insert() {
```

```
    int num;
```

```
    printf("\n Enter number to be inserted: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &num);
```

```
    if (front == 0 && rear == MAX-1) {
```

```
        printf("\n Overflow!");
```

```
    }
```

```
    else if (front == -1 && rear == -1) {
```

```
        front = rear = 0;
```

```
        queue[rear] = num;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else if (rear == MAX-1 && front != 0) {
```

```
        rear = 0;
```

```
        queue[rear] = num;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        rear++;
```

```
        queue[rear] = num;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void delete() {
```

```
    int val;
```

```
    if (front == -1 && rear == -1) {
```

```
        printf("\n Underflow!");
```

```
        return -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    val = queue[front];
```

```
    if (front == rear) {
```

```
        front = rear = -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else {
```

```
        if (front == MAX-1) {
```

```
            front = 0;
```

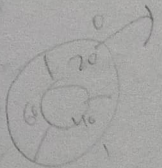
```
        } else {
```

```
            front++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return val;
```





```
void display() {
```

```
    int i;  
    if (front == -1 && rear == -1) {  
        printf("In Queue Empty!");  
    }  
    else {  
        if (front < rear) {  
            for (i = front; i < rear; i++) {  
                printf("In %d", queue[i]);  
            }  
        }  
        else {  
            for (i = front; i < MAX; i++) {  
                printf("In %d", queue[i]);  
            }  
            for (i = 0; i < rear; i++) {  
                printf("In %d", queue[i]);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int choice, value;  
    printf("Queue operation Menu!");  
    printf("\n 1. Insert\n 2. Delete\n 3. Display\n 4. Exit");  
    printf("Enter a choice: ");  
    scanf("%d", &choice);  
    switch (choice) {  
        case 1: insert();  
                break;  
        case 2: value = delete();  
                if (value != -1) printf("Delete number: %d", value);  
                break;  
        case 3: display();  
                break;  
        case 4: exit(0);  
        default: printf("Input Invalid!");  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

Yash  
22/11/24



```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 #define MAX_SIZE 3
5
6 int circularQueue[MAX_SIZE];
7 int front = -1, rear = -1;
8
9 void insert(int value) {
10     if ((rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE == front) {
11         printf("Queue Overflow: Cannot insert element %d, circular queue is full\n", value);
12     } else {
13         if (front == -1) {
14             front = 0;
15         }
16         rear = (rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
17         circularQueue[rear] = value;
18         printf("Element %d inserted into the circular queue\n", value);
19     }
20 }
21
22 void delete() {
23     if (front == -1) {
24         printf("Queue Empty: Cannot delete element, circular queue is empty\n");
25     } else {
26         printf("Element %d deleted from the circular queue\n", circularQueue[front]);
27         if (front == rear) {
28             front = rear = -1;
29         } else {
30             front = (front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
31         }
32     }
33 }

```

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 1  
 Enter the value to insert: 4  
 Element 4 inserted into the circular queue

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 1  
 Enter the value to insert: 5  
 Element 5 inserted into the circular queue

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 1  
 Enter the value to insert: 6  
 Element 6 inserted into the circular queue

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 1  
 Enter the value to insert: 7  
 Queue Overflow: Cannot insert element 7, circular queue is full

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 2  
 Element 4 deleted from the circular queue

Circular Queue Operations:

1. Insert 2. Delete 3. Display 4. Exit  
 Enter your choice: 1  
 Enter the value to insert: 8  
 Element 8 inserted into the circular queue



## 2. Output:

Circular Queue operation Menu

1. Insert
2. Delete
3. Display
4. exit

Enter your choice: 2

Underflow.

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 20

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 40

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 60

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 80

Overflow.

enter your choice: 3

20

40

60

Enter your choice: 4

exit!

Bohail Singh

## Output:

Linear Queue operation Menu

1. Insert
2. Delete
3. Display
4. exit

enter your choice: 2

underflow.

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 20

Enter your choice: 1

enter a number: 40

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 60

Enter your choice: 1

Enter a number: 80

overflow.

Enter your choice: 3

20

40

60