# **PROGRAM-5**

#### MISSIONARIES AND CANNIBALS PROBLEM

### AIM:-

To write and execute the python program for the missionaries and cannibals program.

# PROCEDURE:-

## **Define State Representation:**

• Each state (missionaries\_left, cannibals\_left, boat, missionaries\_right, cannibals\_right) represents the configuration of missionaries and cannibals on both sides of the river and the position of the boat (0 for left and 1 for right).

# Validity Check:

 The is\_valid function checks if a state is valid, ensuring that there are no more cannibals than missionaries on either side of the river.

#### **Generate Successors:**

 The get\_successors function generates successor states from the current state. It computes all possible valid transitions based on moving missionaries and cannibals across the river.

### Breadth-First Search (BFS):

• The solve function performs BFS to find the solution. It explores the state space starting from the initial state and continues until it reaches the goal state.

#### Main Loop:

- Use a queue to perform BFS traversal.
- Pop states from the queue and expand them by generating successor states.
- Add valid successor states to the queue and continue until the goal state is reached.

### **Output Solution:**

- Print the solution path if a solution is found.
- If no solution is found, print "No solution."

# **CODING:-**

from collections import deque

```
def is_valid(s)
return all(0 <= x <= 3 for x in s[:5]) and (s[0] >= s[1] or s[0] == 0) and (s[3] >= s[4] or s[3]
==0)
def get successors(s):
  transitions = [(-1, -1, -1, 1, 1), (-1, 0, -1, 1, 0), (0, -1, -1, 0, 1), (-2, 0, -1, 2, 0), (0, -2, 1, 0, 0)]
-1, 0, 2
  if s[2] == 0: # Adjust transitions for opposite boat direction
     transitions = [(x[3], x[4], 1, x[0], x[1]) for x in transitions]
  return [(s[0]+m, s[1]+c, (s[2]+b) % 2, s[3]-m, s[4]-c) for m, c, b, _, _ in transitions if
is_valid((s[0]+m, s[1]+c, (s[2]+b) % 2, s[3]-m, s[4]-c))]
def solve():
  start, goal = (3, 3, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0, 3, 3)
  q = deque([(start, [])])
  seen = set([start])
  while q:
     state, path = q.popleft()
     if state == goal:
        return path + [goal]
     for next_state in get_successors(state):
        if next state not in seen:
           seen.add(next state)
           q.append((next state, path + [state]))
  return None
```

```
def print_solution(solution):
    if not solution:
        print("No solution.")
    else:
        for s in solution:
            print(f"Left-> M{s[0]} C{s[1]}, Boat: {'left' if s[2] else 'right'}, Right-> M{s[3]} C{s[4]}")
    solution = solve()
    print_solution(solution)
```

# **OUTPUT:-**

```
IDLE Shell 3.11.4
                                                                              X
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
    Python 3.11.4 (tags/v3.11.4:d2340ef, Jun 7 2023, 05:45:37) [MSC v.1934 64 bit (
    AMD64)] on win32
    Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
    = RESTART: C:/Users/User/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/program 5.py
    Left-> M3 C3, Boat: left, Right-> M0 C0
    Left-> M2 C2, Boat: right, Right-> M1 C1
    Left-> M3 C2, Boat: left, Right-> M0 C1
    Left-> M3 CO, Boat: right, Right-> M0 C3
    Left-> M3 C1, Boat: left, Right-> M0 C2
    Left-> M1 C1, Boat: right, Right-> M2 C2
    Left-> M2 C2, Boat: left, Right-> M1 C1
    Left-> M0 C2, Boat: right, Right-> M3 C1
    Left-> M0 C3, Boat: left, Right-> M3 C0
    Left-> M0 C1, Boat: right, Right-> M3 C2
    Left-> M1 C1, Boat: left, Right-> M2 C2
    Left-> MO CO, Boat: right, Right-> M3 C3
>>>
```

# **RESULT:-**

Hence the program has been successfully executed and verified.