- 1. Set the base image to Ubuntu
- Add File Author / Maintainer
- Install Nginx
- Install necessary tools: vim wget curl net-tools
- Remove the default Nginx configuration file
- Copy a configuration file from the current directory
- Expose ports (80)
- Set the default command to execute Nginx when creating a new container

Dockerfile

```
srima@srima:~/Docker$ cat Dockerfile
FROM ubuntu
MAINTAINER Srima
RUN apt-get update
RUN apt-get -y install nginx
RUN apt-get -y install apt-utils vim wget curl net-tools -y
RUN apt-get -y install apt-utils vim wget curl net-tools -y
RUN rm /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default
COPY abc.com /etc/nginx/sites-available
RUN ln -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/abc.com /etc/nginx/sites-enabled
EXPOSE 80
CMD [ "nginx", "-g", "daemon off;" ]
srima@srima:~/Docker$
```

Docker Build

```
srima@srima:~/Docker$ sudo docker build -t srima .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 17.92kB
Step 1/10 : FROM ubuntu
---> 72300a873c2c
Step 2/10 : MAINTAINER Srima
---> Using cache
---> d8be24dde21c
Step 3/10 : RUN apt-get update
---> Using cache
 ---> 2b8487050c9d
Step 4/10 : RUN apt-get -y install nginx
---> Using cache
 ---> 2e4bc3eca2e00Ckerfile
Step 5/10 : RUN apt-get -y install apt-utils vim wget curl net-tools -y
 ---> Using cache
---> f75bf0bb3e1c
Step 6/10 : RUN rm /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/default
 ---> Using cache
 ---> 88c7e99cbd4c
Step 7/10 : COPY abc.com /etc/nginx/sites-available
   ---> 075a45c43e0b
Step 8/10 : RUN ln -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/abc.com /etc/nginx/sites-e
nabled
 ---> Running in a0dff04c05f8
Removing intermediate container a0dff04c05f8
---> e92d5ad2bf33
Step 9/10 : EXPOSE 80
      Running in dd6489dd1911
Removing intermediate container dd6489dd1911
 ---> 8864cec44872
Step 10/10 : CMD>[m"nginx", "-g", "daemon off;" ]
---> Running in 7e8641f032b7
Removing intermediate container 7e8641f032b7
 ---> 9261b62ccf4e
Successfully built 9261b62ccf4e
Successfully tagged srima: latest
```

Docker Run

```
srima@srima:~/Docker$ sudo docker run -it -d --name "Srima1" srima
895ad4c0fb5089bfa28b5c0a31b37071c4fe87c43d259df7b3b25d9596c78fb0
srima@srima:~/Docker$ sudo docker ps
CONTAINER ID
                   IMAGE
                                       COMMAND
                                                               CREATED
         STATUS
                             PORTS
                                                NAMES
895ad4c0fb50
                   srima
                                       "nginx -g 'daemon of..."
                                                               16 seconds
        Up 13 seconds
                                                Srima1
                             80/tcp
                                       "nginx -g 'daemon of..."
e88f10cc84d0
                   5965ae696033
                                                               4 minutes
ago Up 4 minutes 80/tcp
                                                Srima
```

Going in the container

```
srima@srima:~/Docker$ sudo docker exec -it 895ad4c0fb50 bash
root@895ad4c0fb50:/# curl localhost
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
<stvle>
    body {
       width: 35em;
       margin: 0 auto;
       font-family: Tahoma, Verdana, Arial, sans-serif;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to nginx!</h1>
If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully instal
working. Further configuration is required.
For online documentation and support please refer to
<a href="http://nginx.org/">nginx.org</a>.<br/>
Commercial support is available at
<a href="http://nginx.com/">nginx.com</a>.
<em>Thank you for using nginx.</em>
</body>
</html>
root@895ad4c0fb50:/# exit
exit
```

2. What is the difference between 'RUN', 'CMD', & 'ENTRYPOINT' in dockerfile?

RUN: executes the command(s) that you give in a new layer and creates a new image. This is mainly used for installing a new package.

CMD: is the default command to be run by the entrypoint. It sets default command and/or parameters, however, we can overwrite those commands or pass in and bypass the default parameters from the command line when docker runs.

ENTRYPOINT: is the program to run the given command. It is used when you want to run a container as an executable instruction allows you to configure a container that will run as an executable. It looks similar to CMD, because it also allows you to specify a command with parameters. The difference is ENTRYPOINT command and parameters are not ignored when Docker container runs with command line parameters.

3. How to connect docker client to docker daemon running on other host?

On Client

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-54-207:~$ sudo vim /lib/systemd/system/docker.servi
[Service]
Type=notify
 the default is not to use systemd for cgroups because the delegate
issues still
exists and systemd currently does not support the cgroup feature s
et required
for containers run by docker
ExecStart=/usr/bin/dockerd -H unix:// -H tcp://0.0.0.0:2375
ExecReload=/bin/kill -s HUP $MAINPID _______/etc/systemd/system/d
TimeoutSec=0
RestartSec=
Restart=always
* Note that StartLimit* options were moved from "Service" to "Unit"
in systemd 229.
st Both the old, and new location are accepted by systemd 229 and up,
so using the old location
# to make them work for either version of systemd.
StartLimitBurst=3
srima@srima:~$ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
srima@srima:~$ sudo systemctl restart docker
srima@srima:~$
```

On server

```
srima@srima:~$ DOCKER_HOST=tcp://3.86.60.93:2375 sudo docker info
[sudo] password for srima:
Client:
 Debug Mode: false
Server:
 Containers: 24
 Running: 0 ... moved from Service to
  Paused: 0
 Stopped: 24
 Images: 51
 Server Version: 19.03.6
 Storage Driver: overlay2
 Backing Filesystem: extfs
 Supports d_type: true
 Native Overlay Diff: true
 Logging Driver: json-file
 Cgroup Driver: cgroupfs
 Plugins:
```