

Bonus Question

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

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11.16.3.5: Given that a fair coin is marked 1 on one face and 6 on the other and a fair die are tossed. find the probability sum turns up to be 3 and 12

Solution: Let X be the random variable for number on coin and Y be the random variable for number on dice. We know that, for a random variable moment generating function is ,

$$MGF_X(s) = \frac{e^s}{2} + \frac{e^{6s}}{2} \quad (11)$$

$$MGF_Y(s) = \frac{e^s + e^{2s} + e^{3s} + e^{4s} + e^{5s} + e^{6s}}{6} \quad (12)$$

$$MGF_Z(s) = \left(\frac{e^s + e^{2s} + e^{3s} + e^{4s} + e^{5s} + e^{6s}}{6} \right) \left(\frac{e^s}{2} + \frac{e^{6s}}{2} \right) \quad (13)$$

$$MGF_X(s) = E(e^{sX}) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \Pr(X = i) e^{sX} \quad (1)$$

Now , coefficient of e^{sz} in MGF represents the probability of $Z = z$

Here , let us define random variable Z ,

$$MGF_Z(s) = E(e^{s(X+Y)}) \quad (2)$$

$$= E(e^{sX} e^{sY}) \quad (3)$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \Pr(X = i, Y = j) e^{s(X+Y)} \quad (4)$$

$$(5)$$

$$\therefore \Pr(Z = 3) = \left(\frac{1}{6} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \quad (15)$$

$$\Pr(Z = 12) = \left(\frac{1}{6} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \quad (17)$$

Here, X and Y are independent random variables,

$$\therefore \Pr(X = i, Y = j) = \Pr(X = i) \Pr(Y = j) \quad (6)$$

$$(7)$$

So,

$$MGF_Z(s) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \Pr(X = i) \Pr(Y = j) e^{sX} e^{sY} \quad (8)$$

$$= \left(\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \Pr(X = i) e^{sX} \right) \left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \Pr(Y = j) e^{sY} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$\therefore MGF_Z(s) = MGF_X(s) MGF_Y(s) \quad (10)$$