

Solving Reacher Environment using DDPG

Abstract: DDPG is an algorithm that helps map from pixels to actions. The algorithm implements an Actor Critic network in which the actor takes in a state as input and outputs distribution of actions as output. The critic inputs a state and outputs the state value function of policy π .

Hyperparameters :

`BUFFER_SIZE = int(1e5)`

`BATCH_SIZE = 128`

`GAMMA = 0.99`

`TAU = 1e-3`

`LR_ACTOR = 2e-4`

`LR_CRITIC = 2e-4`

`WEIGHT_DECAY = 0`

`n_episodes=1000`

`max_t=10000`

`print_every=100`

`Random Seed = 10`

Application :

The main goal is to train a robotic arm.

Environment:

Number of Visual Observations (per agent): 0

Vector Observation space type: continuous

Vector Observation space size (per agent): 33

Number of stacked Vector Observation: 1

Vector Action space type: continuous

Vector Action space size (per agent): 4

Sample States:

0.00000000e+00 -4.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00

1.00000000e+00

-0.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -4.37113883e-08

0.00000000e+00

0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00

0.00000000e+00

0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 -1.00000000e+01

0.00000000e+00

1.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -0.00000000e+00 -4.37113883e-08

0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00

0.00000000e+00

0.00000000e+00 0.00000000e+00 5.75471878e+00 -

1.00000000e+00

5.55726671e+00 0.00000000e+00 1.00000000e+00
0.00000000e+00
-1.68164849e-01

This solution is not a multi-agent model. Here we implement it for a single agent and the target reward is +30/100 consecutive episodes.

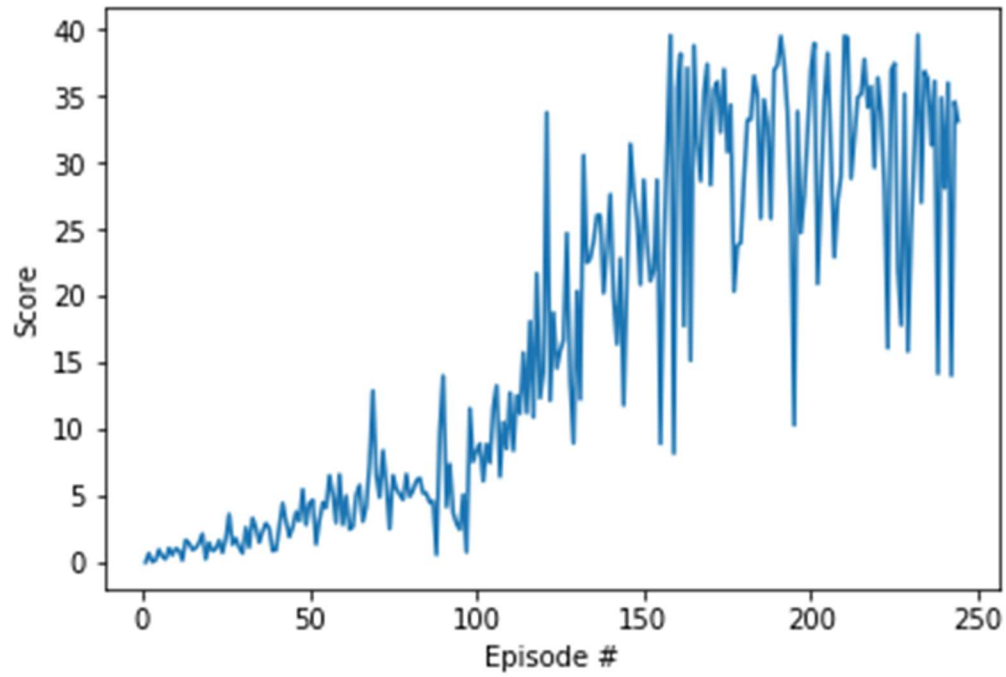
Observations:

- 1) The weight_decay , max_t & random seed play an important role in the training.
- 2) Also, there was a need for adding batch norm & dropout.
- 3) Changing the OUNoise parameters theta and sigma also can accelerate learning. But if we do not select the right value the results could become random.

Scope for improvement:

- 1) Try another algorithm like A2C , A3C and PPO.
- 2) Also experiment with different noise processes and different theta , sigma values for the OUNoise process.
- 3) Try out different architectures for both Actor and Critic models.
- 4) Experiment with a different set of hyperparameters.

Reward Plot:



Conclusion: Hence the Reacher environment could be solved.