

ATLIQ HARDWARES

Codebasics Resume Project Challenge

PRESENTED BY
SRINATH KV

AGENDA

 Introduction To Resume Project Challenge

 Overview Of Atliq Markets, Products And Customers

 Ad Hoc Requests & Insights

Domain
Consumer Goods

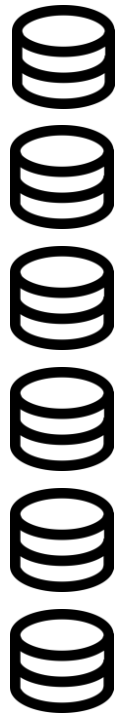
Atliq hardware (Imaginary Company) is one of the leading computer hardware producers in India and well expanded in other countries too.

Function
Executive
Management

Atliq's management noticed that they do not get enough insights to make quick and smart data – informed decision. They want to expand their data analytics team by conducting a SQL challenge to pick a data analyst who is good in both technical and soft skills.

By getting into the challenge I have to solve 10 Ad – Hoc – Requests to give insights to top level executives which will help them to make quick and smart decision.

DATA SETS



Fact sales monthly

Fact gross price

Fact pre invoice deductions

Fact manufacturing cost

Dim customer

Dim product

AGENDA

 Introduction To Resume Project Challenge

 Overview Of Atliq Markets, Products And Customers

 Ad Hoc Requests & Insights

REGION

APAC	EU	NA	LATAM
------	----	----	-------

SUB ZONE

India	ROA	ANZ	NE	SE	NA	LATAM
-------	-----	-----	----	----	----	-------

MARKET



DIVISION

P & A

N & S

Pc

SEGMENT

Peripherals & Accessories

Networking & Storage

Notebook & Desktop

CATEGORY

Peripherals

Internal HDD
Graphic Card
Processors
Mother Board

Accessories

Mouse
Keyboard
Batteries

Networking

Wi fi extender

Storage

External Solid State Drives
USB Flash Drives

Notebook

Personal Laptop
Business Laptop
Gaming Laptop

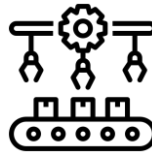
Desktop

Business Laptop
Personal Desktop

PRODUCT

VARIANT





CUSTOMERS

Direct



Atliq Exclusive



Atliq e Store

Direct sales refer to sales made directly to consumers through a company's website or other direct means

Retailer



Croma



Flipkart

Retailers refer to physical or online stores that sell products to consumers

Distributor



Neptune , Sage

distributors refer to intermediaries or middlemen between the manufacturer and retailer or end consumers

CONSUMERS



AGENDA

 Introduction To Resume Project Challenge

 Overview Of Atliq Markets, Products And Customers


 Ad Hoc Requests & Insights

1

Provide the list of markets in which customer "**Atliq Exclusive**" operates its business in the [APAC](#) region.

▼
DRILL
DOWN



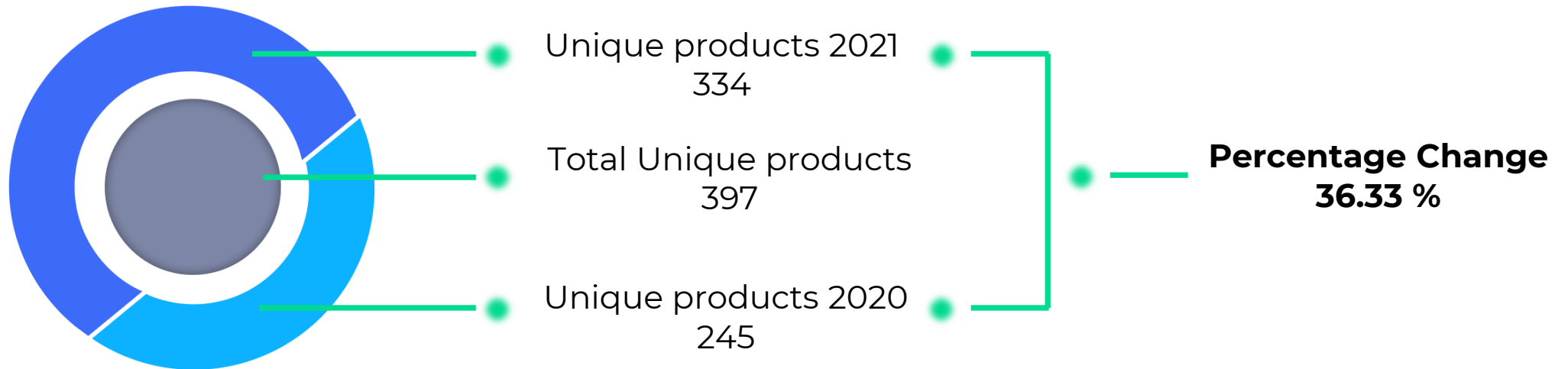


```
SELECT DISTINCT market, region, customer  
FROM dim_customer  
WHERE region = "APAC" AND customer = "Atliq Exclusive";
```

market	product	variant	Total quantity	category	channel
India	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	Standard 1	223007	Mouse	Direct
India	AQ Gamers Ms	Standard 1	220969	Mouse	Direct
India	AQ Master wireless x1 Ms	Standard 1	211794	Mouse	Direct
India	AQ Lite Ms	Standard 1	209640	Mouse	Direct
India	AQ Gamers	Standard 1	183467	Keyboard	Direct
India	AQ Master wireless x1	Standard 1	181908	Keyboard	Direct
India	AQ Master wired x1	Standard 1	180267	Keyboard	Direct

2

What is the percentage of unique product increase in **2021** vs. **2020**? The final output contains these fields,
unique_products_2020
unique_products_2021
percentage_chg



Out of 397 total unique products , 245 unique products were sold in 2020, and 334 unique products were sold in 2021, a rise of 36.33% change. This is a positive sign that end users are showing an interest in purchasing new products.



WITH uniq_prod_2020 **AS** (

SELECT COUNT(**DISTINCT** product_code) **AS** unique_product_2020

FROM fact_sales_monthly

WHERE fiscal_year = 2020),

uniq_prod_2021 **AS** (

SELECT COUNT(**DISTINCT** product_code) **AS** unique_product_2021

FROM fact_sales_monthly

WHERE fiscal_year = 2021)

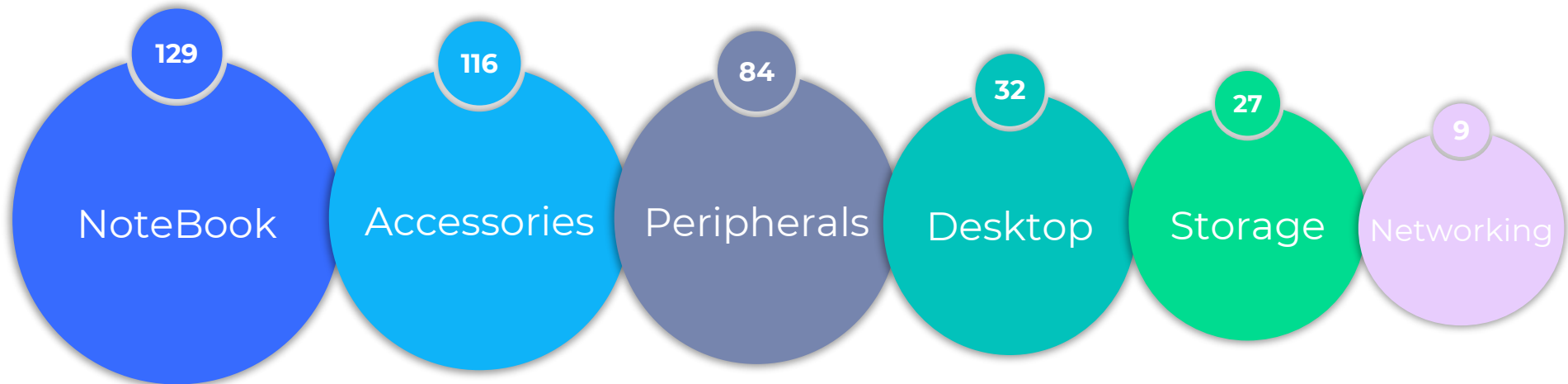
SELECT unique_product_2020,unique_product_2021,

(unique_product_2021 - unique_product_2020) * 100 / unique_product_2020 **AS** percentage_chg


FROM uniq_prod_2020 **CROSS JOIN** uniq_prod_2021;

3

Provide a report with all the **unique product** counts for each segment and sort them in **descending order** of product counts. The final [output](#) contains 2 fields,
segment
product_count



From this visual, notebook has highest number of unique product though it's a main selling segment consists of personal, business & gaming laptops. Following that accessories which is a sub selling segment for the notebook and networking has the least products.



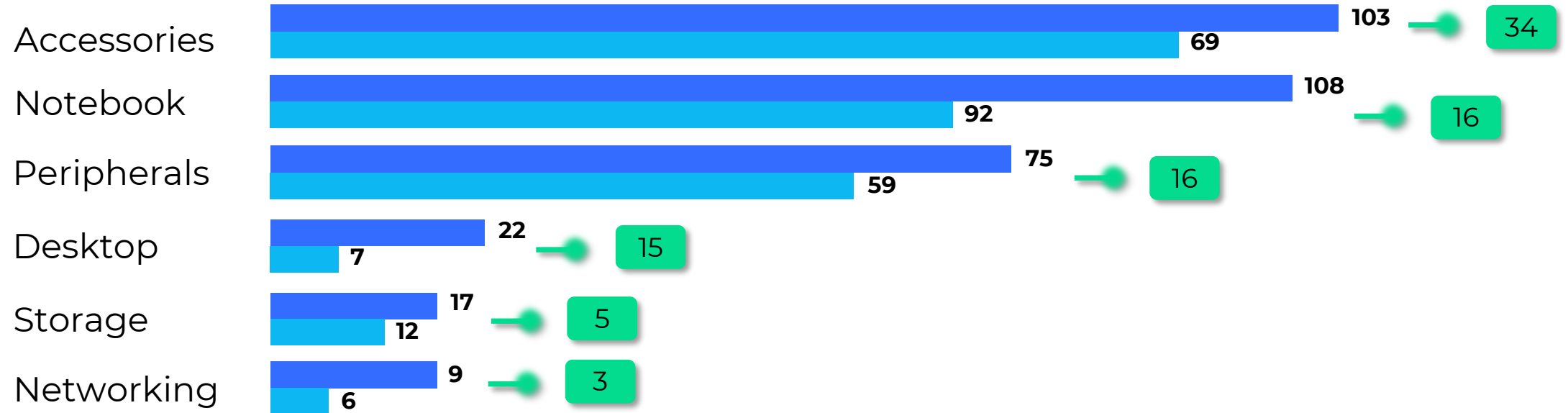
```
SELECT segment,COUNT(DISTINCT product_code) AS unique_product
FROM dim_product
GROUP BY segment
ORDER BY unique_product DESC;
```


4

Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in **2021** vs **2020**? The final [output](#) contains these fields,

segment
product_count_2020
product_count_2021
difference

DRILL DOWN



From this bar graph, compared to last year, 2021 has high increased unique products. In that accessories had the most increase in unique products following by notebook, peripherals, desktop, storage, networking.



```
WITH uniq_prod_2020 AS (  
    SELECT dp.segment, COUNT(DISTINCT dp.product_code) AS unique_product_2020  
    FROM fact_sales_monthly fs  
    JOIN dim_product dp ON  
    fs.product_code = dp.product_code  
    WHERE fs.fiscal_year = 2020  
    GROUP BY dp.segment),  
uniq_prod_2021 AS (  
    SELECT dp.segment, COUNT(DISTINCT dp.product_code) AS unique_product_2021  
    FROM fact_sales_monthly fs  
    JOIN dim_product dp ON  
    fs.product_code = dp.product_code  
    WHERE fs.fiscal_year = 2021  
    GROUP BY dp.segment)  
SELECT up1.segment, unique_product_2020, unique_product_2021,  
    (unique_product_2021 - unique_product_2020) AS difference  
FROM uniq_prod_2020 up1  
JOIN uniq_prod_2021 up2 ON  
up1.segment = up2.segment  
GROUP BY up1.segment  
ORDER BY difference DESC;
```

5

Get the products that have the **highest** and **lowest** manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields,
product_code
product
manufacturing_cost



Segment	Category	Product	Variant
Accessories	Mouse	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	Standard 1
Desktop	Personal Desktop	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	Plus 3

SELECT

dp.product_code, dp.product,

CONCAT(fm.manufacturing_cost, ' - ', 'Min Cost') **AS** manufacturing_cost

FROM dim_product dp

JOIN fact_manufacturing_cost fm **ON**

dp.product_code = fm.product_code

WHERE fm.manufacturing_cost = (

SELECT MIN(manufacturing_cost) **AS** manufacturing_cost **FROM** fact_manufacturing_cost)

UNION

SELECT dp.product_code, dp.product,

CONCAT(fm.manufacturing_cost, ' - ', 'Max Cost') **AS** manufacturing_cost

FROM dim_product dp

JOIN fact_manufacturing_cost fm **ON**

dp.product_code = fm.product_code

WHERE fm.manufacturing_cost = (


SELECT MAX(manufacturing_cost) **AS** manufacturing_cost **FROM** fact_manufacturing_cost);

6

Generate a report which contains the **top 5** customers who received an average high **pre_invoice_discount_pct** for the **fiscal year 2021** and in the **Indian market**. The final [output](#) contains these fields,
customer_code
customer
average_discount_percentage

Customer Code	Average Discount %
Flipkart 90002009	0.3083
Viveks 90002006	0.3038
Ezone 90002003	0.3028
Croma 90002002	0.3025
Amazon 900020016	0.2933

From the above graph, these are the top 5 customers on average where atliq has given discounts in fiscal year 2021. all customers shares almost the same discount with slight variation.



```
SELECT pre.customer_code,customer,  
      AVG(pre.pre_invoice_discount_pct) AS avg_pre_invoice_discount_pct_top_5  
FROM fact_pre_invoice_deductions pre  
JOIN dim_customer c ON  
pre.customer_code = C.customer_code  
WHERE c.market = 'India' AND fiscal_year = 2021  
GROUP BY c.customer_code  
ORDER BY avg_pre_invoice_discount_pct_top_5 DESC LIMIT 5;
```

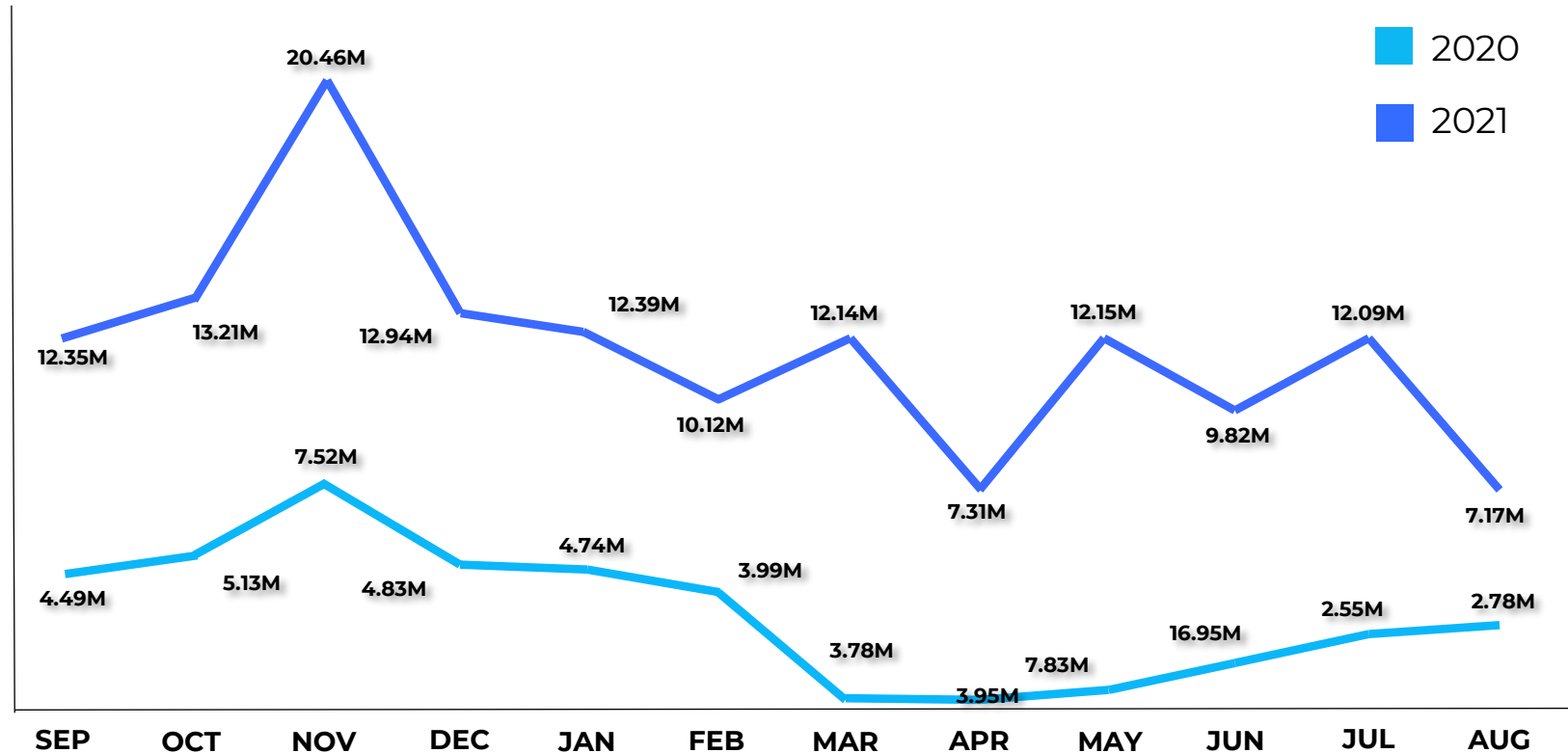
7

Get the complete report of the **Gross sales amount** for the customer “**AtliqExclusive**” for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions. The final [report](#) contains these columns:


Month

Year

Gross sales Amount



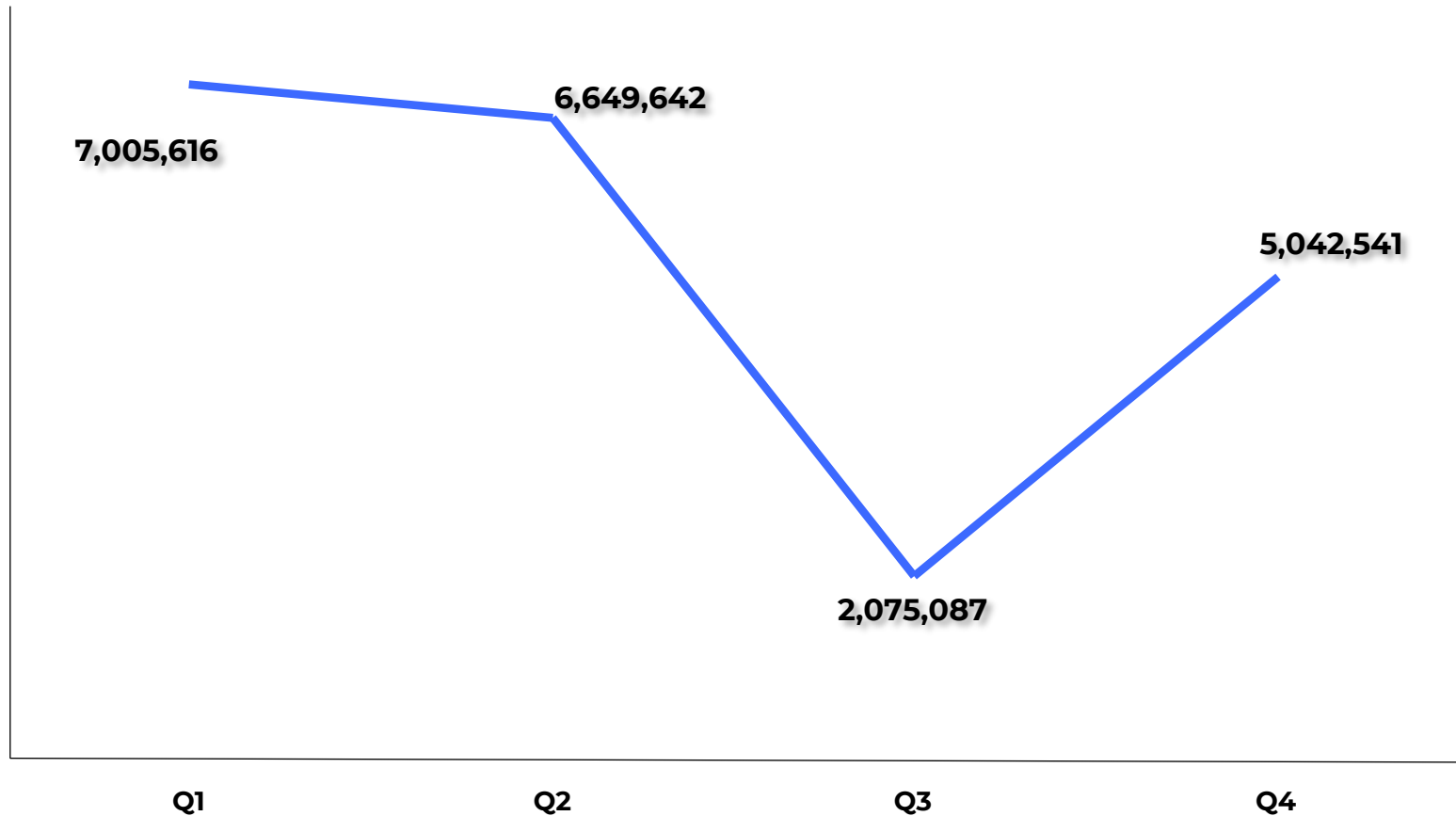
From the line graph, we could see the sales has decreased due to covid lockdown (Mar, Apr, May) in 2020 and gradually started raising after ease of lockdown. While coming to (Oct, Nov) months sales has reached its peak due to Diwali season.




```
SELECT CAST(DATE_FORMAT(sm.date, '%M') AS CHAR(3)) AS month_name,  
sm.fiscal_year,  
SUM(gross_price * sold_quantity) AS total_gross_price  
FROM fact_gross_price gp  
JOIN fact_sales_monthly sm ON  
gp.product_code = sm.product_code  
AND gp.fiscal_year = sm.fiscal_year  
JOIN dim_customer c ON  
sm.customer_code = c.customer_code  
WHERE c.customer LIKE "%Atliq Exclusive%"  
GROUP BY month_name, sm.fiscal_year  
ORDER BY sm.date;
```


8

In which quarter of **2020**, got the maximum **total_sold_quantity**? The final [output](#) contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity,
Quarter
total_sold_quantity



From the line graph, Q1 has the highest sold quantity following that Q2 sold quantity has decreased with 1.5m and Q3 has least quantity, we saw from the previous slide it's the impact of lockdown. Then gained sales in Q4.

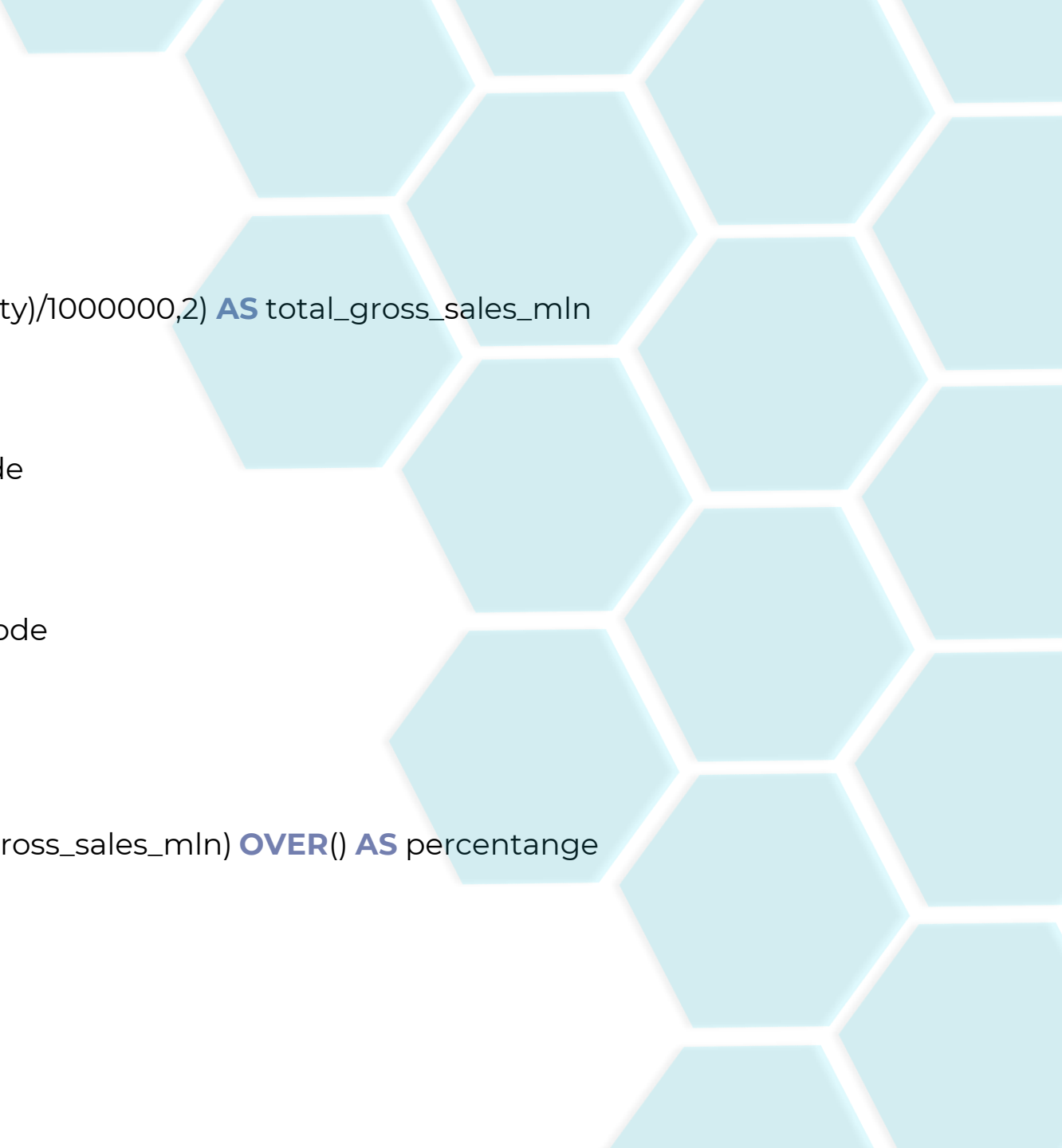


```
SELECT SUM(sold_quantity) AS sold_quantity,  
  CASE  
    WHEN MONTH(date) IN (9,10,11) THEN "Q1"  
    WHEN MONTH(date) IN (12,1,2) THEN "Q2"  
    WHEN MONTH(date) IN (3,4,5) THEN "Q3"  
    WHEN MONTH(date) IN (6,7,8) THEN "Q4"  
  END AS "quarter"  
FROM fact_sales_monthly  
WHERE fiscal_year = 2020  
GROUP BY quarter  
ORDER BY sold_quantity;
```

9

Which **channel** helped to bring more **gross sales** in the **fiscal year 2021** and the **percentage of contribution**? The final [output](#) contains these fields,
channel
gross_sales_mln
percentage

		CHANNEL	TOTAL GROSS SALES	PERCENTAGE
DRILL DOWN	▼	Retailer	1219.08M	73.24 %
DRILL DOWN	▼	Direct	257.53M	15.48 %
DRILL DOWN	▼	Distributor	188.03M	11.30 %



```
WITH gross_sales AS (  
    SELECT c.channel,  
    ROUND(SUM(gross_price * sold_quantity)/1000000,2) AS total_gross_sales_mln  
    FROM fact_gross_price gp  
    JOIN fact_sales_monthly sm  
    ON gp.product_code = sm.product_code  
    AND gp.fiscal_year = sm.fiscal_year  
    JOIN dim_customer c  
    ON sm.customer_code = c.customer_code  
    WHERE sm.fiscal_year = 2021  
    GROUP BY c.channel)  
SELECT *,  
    total_gross_sales_mln*100/SUM(total_gross_sales_mln) OVER() AS percentange  
    FROM gross_sales  
    ORDER BY percentange DESC;
```

customer	platform	channel	market	Sold quantity	segment	category
Flipkart	E-Commerce	Retailer	India	12871294	Accessories	Mouse
Croma	Brick & Mortar	Retailer	India	10394058	Accessories	Keyboard
Taobao	E-Commerce	Retailer	China	3895398	Storage	External Solid State Drives
Ezone	Brick & Mortar	Retailer	India	2011172	Storage	USB Flash Drives
Croma	Brick & Mortar	Retailer	India	1864112	Networking	Wi fi extender



customer	platform	channel	market	Sold quantity	segment	category
Atliq Exclusive	Brick & Mortar	Direct	Japan	2719487	Accessories	Mouse
Atliq Exclusive	Brick & Mortar	Direct	Newzealand	2185214	Accessories	Keyboard
Atliq e Store	E-Commerce	Direct	Japan	814101	Storage	External Solid State Drives
Atliq Exclusive	Brick & Mortar	Direct	South Korea	411717	Storage	USB Flash Drives
Atliq Exclusive	Brick & Mortar	Direct	India	399300	Networking	Wi fi extender

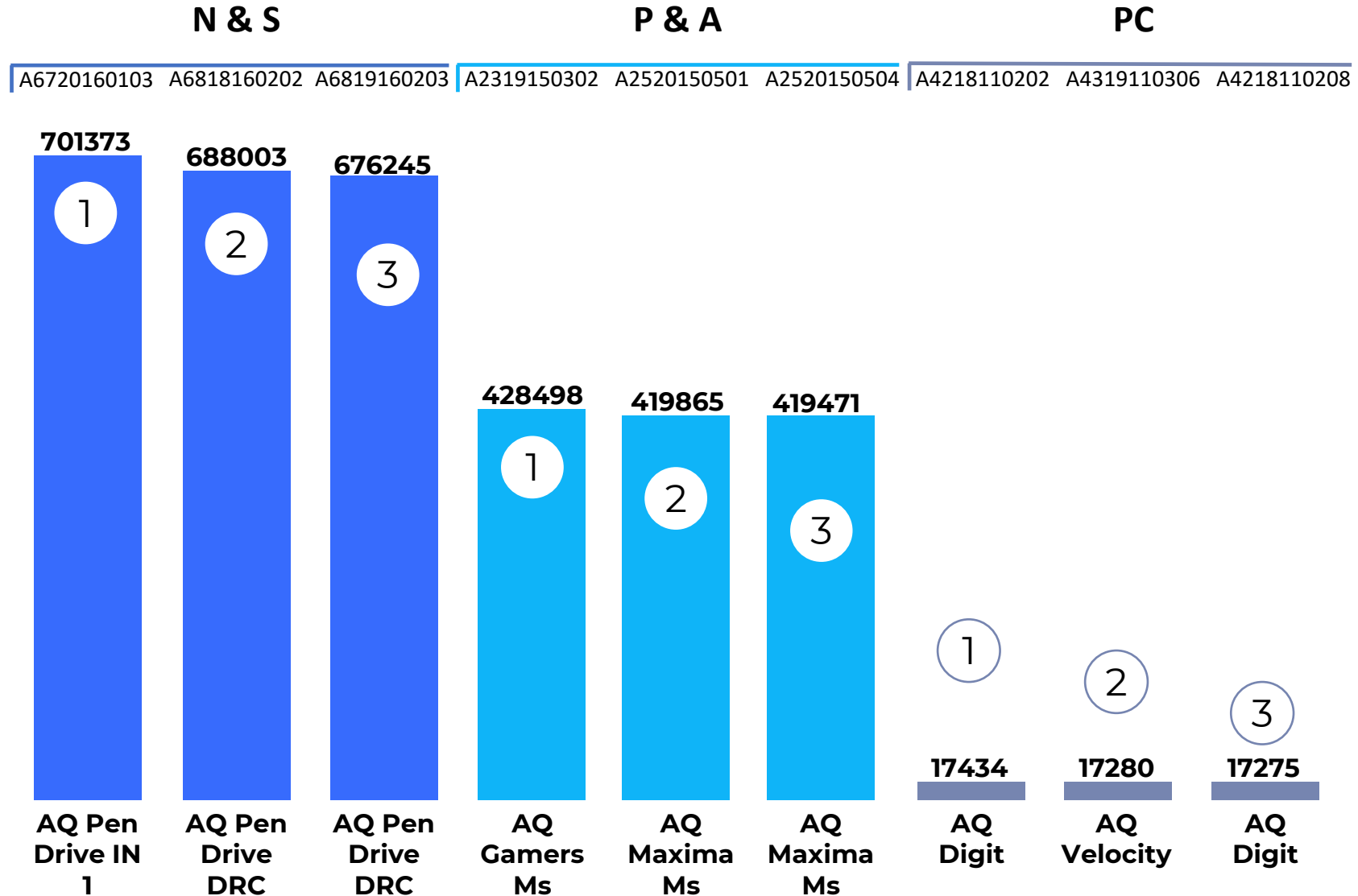



customer	platform	channel	market	Sold quantity	segment	category
Neptune	Brick & Mortar	Distributor	China	1963164	Accessories	Mouse
Neptune	Brick & Mortar	Distributor	China	1574963	Accessories	Keyboard
Sage	Brick & Mortar	Distributor	South Korea	604845	Storage	External Solid State Drives
Neptune	Brick & Mortar	Distributor	China	313053	Storage	USB Flash Drives
Sage	Brick & Mortar	Distributor	South Korea	289626	Networking	Wi fi extender



10

Get the **Top 3** products in each **division** that have a high **total_sold_quantity** in the **fiscal_year 2021**? The final [output](#) contains these fields,
division
product_code





```
WITH total_qty AS (  
    SELECT division,  
    product_code,  
    product,  
    SUM(sold_quantity) AS total_sold_quantity  
    FROM dim_product JOIN  
    fact_sales_monthly  
    USING(product_code)  
    WHERE fiscal_year = 2021  
    GROUP BY division, product_code),
```

```
rnk AS (  
    SELECT *,  
    DENSE_RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY division ORDER BY total_sold_quantity DESC) AS rank_order  
    FROM total_qty)
```

```
SELECT * FROM rnk WHERE rank_order < 4;
```



THANK YOU