

* Manual Calculations of ADAGRAD:

Step 1: $[x, y], \eta = 0.1, \text{epochs} = 1, m = 1, c = -1, \epsilon = 10^{-8},$
 $G_m = 0, G_c = 0$

Step 2: $\text{iter} = 1$

Step 3: $\text{sample} = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 4: } g_m &= -[y_i - m x_i - c] x_i \\ &= -[3.4 - (1 \times 0.2) + 1] \times 0.2 \\ &= -[3.4 - 0.2 + 1] \times 0.2 = [4.2] \times 0.2 = 0.84\end{aligned}$$

$$g_c = -[4.2]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 5: } G_m &= G_m + (g_m)^2 = 0 + (0.84)^2 = 0.7056 \\ G_c &= G_c + (g_c)^2 = 0 + (4.2)^2 = 17.64\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{step 6: } \Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{0.7056 + 10^8}} \times (-0.84) = \frac{0.084}{10^4} = 0.0000084$$

$$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{17.64 + 10^8}} \times (-4.2) = \frac{0.42}{10^4} = 0.000042$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 7: } m &= m + \Delta m = 1 + 0.0000084 = 1.0000084 \\ c &= c + \Delta c = -1 + 0.000042 = -0.999958\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{step 8: } \text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 9: } 2 &> 2 \Rightarrow \text{false} \\ &\text{goto step 4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{step 10: } g_m &= -[y_i - m x_i - c] x_i \\ &= -[3.8 - (1 \times 1.99999) + 0.001] \times 0.4 \\ &= -[1.8011] \times 0.4 = -0.72044\end{aligned}$$

$$g_c = -1.8011$$

step-11: $G_m = G_m + (g_m)^2 = 0.7056 + 0.5190 = 1.2246$

$G_c = G_c + (g_c)^2 = 17.64 + 3.2439 = 20.8839$

step-12: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{1.2246 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-0.72044) = 0.065102$

$\Delta c = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{20.8839 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-1.8011) = 0.03941$

step-13: $m = 1.9999 + 0.065102 = 2.0650$

$c = -0.001 + 0.3941 = 0.3931$

step-14: $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3 > 2$ true.
Go to step-15

step-15: $\text{iter} = \text{iter} + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$

step-16: $\text{iter} > \text{epochs} \Rightarrow 2 > 2 \Rightarrow \text{false}$ Go to step-17

step-17: $\text{sample} = 1$

step-18: $g_m = -[3.4 - (2.0650 \times 0.2) - 0.3931] \times 0.2$

$g_m = -[2.5939] \times 0.2 = -0.5187$

$g_c = -2.5939$

step-19: $G_m = G_m + (g_m)^2 = 1.2246 + 0.2690 = 1.4936$

$G_c = G_c + (g_c)^2 = 20.8839 + 6.7283 = 27.6122$

step-20: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{1.4936 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-0.5187) = 0.01789$

$$\Delta C = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{27.6122 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-2.5939) = 0.04936$$

Step-21: $m = m + \Delta m = 2.0650 + 0.01789 = 2.08289$

$$C = C + \Delta C = 0.3931 + 0.04936 = 0.44246$$

Step-22: $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2 > 2 = \text{false}$

Goto step 23

Step-23: $g_m = -[3.8 - (2.08289 \times 0.4) - 0.44246] \times 0.4$
 $= -[2.5243] \times 0.4 = -1.00972$

$$g_c = -2.5243$$

Step-24: $G_m = G_m + (g_m)^2 = 1.4936 + (-1.00972)^2 = 2.5131$

$$G_c = G_c + (g_c)^2 = 27.6122 + (-2.5243)^2 = 33.9842$$

Step-25: $\Delta m = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{2.5131 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-1.00972) = 0.06369$

$$\Delta C = \frac{-0.1}{\sqrt{33.9842 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-2.5243) = 0.0433$$

step-26: $m = m + \Delta m = 2.08289 + 0.06369 = 2.14658$

$C = C + \Delta C = 0.44246 + 0.0433 = 0.48576$

step-27: $\text{sample} = \text{sample} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3 > \text{no. of samples}$
Go to next step

step-28: $\text{iter} = \text{iter} + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3 > \text{epochs}$
Go to next step.

step-29: $\text{Print}(m, C)$

step-30: calculate mean square error

$$= \frac{1}{2 \times 2} \sum [y_i - y_p]^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left[(3.4 - (2.14658 \times 0.2) - 0.48576)^2 + (3.8 - (2.14658 \times 0.2) - 0.48576)^2 \right]$$

$\text{mse} = 3.05121 //$