THEORIEEXAMEN ()

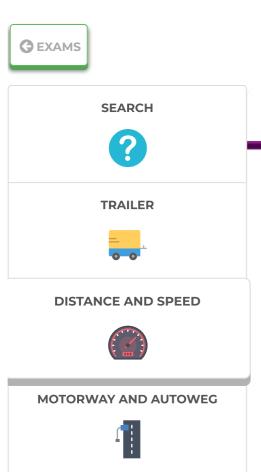






# THEORY BOOK CBR DRIVING TEST

Learn for the CBR driving theory exam with the English car theory book and test your knowledge with the practice exams!



**DRIVER** 

**ECODRIVING** 



### **BEHAVIOUR**

# **Defensive driving**



Defensive driving behaviour not only means that you try to make as few mistakes as possible, but also that you take into account possible mistakes of other road users. As a result, you can see errors from other road users earlier and you can respond in a timely manner. Timely adaptation to changing road and weather conditions is also defensive driving.

Important characteristics of defensive driving behaviour are:

- anticipatory driving behaviour
- watchful and risk-averse driving behaviour
- look effectively and react in a timely manner
- coping well with changing road, traffic and weather conditions
- to be vigilant for possible errors of other road users
- driving at an appropriate speed and a safe following distance

Defensive driving behaviour is particularly important when you drive near a school or in a homezone, for example.

**NUMBERS AND FACTS** 

### THEORIEEXAMEN (



### **BEHAVIOUR**



### HAZARD PERCEPTION



#### YOUR CAR



#### **MANOEUVRES**



### **ACCIDENTS AND BREAKDOWNS**



### **SITUATIONS**



### STOPPING AND PARKING



## **TECHNICAL**



### THEORY EXAM



## **OVERHANGING LOAD**



https://www.theorieexamen.nl/auto-theorie/gedrag

# Social driving behaviour

Social driving is helping other road users where necessary or useful. Even in situations where another roads user deliberately or unintentionally make a mistake.

Important characteristics of social driving behaviour are:

- taking into account the interests of other road users
- taking into account of the general flow of traffic
- good sense of responsibility for safe road traffic
- do not engage in unexpected driving behaviour that may surprise other road users (e.g. unnecessary honking or braking)
- do not engage in driving behaviour that may cause irritation to other road users (e.g. overtaking at the last second)

For example, priority can be given to road users who do not actually have priority in order to improve the general traffic flow.

Social driving behaviour does not mean that you always give priority to everyone.

PRACTICE THEORY EXAM





## TRAFFIC MARKS



## LIGHTING



## **PRIORITY**



## **ROADS AND ROAD SECTIONS**



## **ROAD USERS**



LAW



## **TRAFFIC SIGNS**



## **DEFINITIONS**

Last update 23-03-2023





# FAQ

Frequently asked questions

# **SOCIAL MEDIA**

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# **ABOUT US**

Our learning program makes practicing for the driving theory test a lot more fun!

## **PAYMENT METHODS**















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