

Pykidz!

A 'Kideveloper' initiative

Functions, Modules & Packages: Modularity in Python

I do I learn!

Functions in Python

The Importance of Python Functions

- Abstraction & Reusability
- Modularity
- Namespace Separation

Modularity

```
# Main program

# code to collect input from the user
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>

# do the calculations
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>

# print the result
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
<statement>
```


Modularity

```
def take_user_input():  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
  
def do_calculations():  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
  
def print_results():  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
    <statement>  
  
# Main program  
take_user_input()  
do_calculations()  
print_results()
```

```
# Main program  
  
# code to collect input from the user  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
  
# do the calculations  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
  
# print the result  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>  
<statement>
```


Function Calls & Definition

function definition

```
def <function_name>(<parameters>):
```

```
<statement(s)>
```

keyword

identifier

optional list of params

punctuation

body (block of code)

Argument Passing

- Positional Arguments
- Keyword Arguments
- Default Parameters
- Pass-by-value vs Pass-by-reference in python
- Side Effects

The return Statement

- Exiting a Function
- Returning Data to the Caller
- Revisiting Side Effects

Modules & Packages - An intro

Modular Programming

- Simplifying code
- Maintainability
- Reuse
- Scoping

3 ways

- Module written in python
- Written in 'C'
- A built-in module
 - import

Modules

- The Module Search Path
- The 'import' Statement
- Executing a Module as a Script
- Reloading a Module

Python Packages

Conclusion

I do I learn!