GIT TAGS

Git has the ability to tag specific points in history as being important. Typically people use this functionality to mark release points(v1.0, and so on).

Creating Tags:

Git supports two types of tags 1. Lightweight 2. Annotated

Annotated: Annotated tags are stored as full objects in the Git database. They're checksummed; contain the tagger name, email and date; have a tagging message.

---> based on the tag will pull the code through jenkins and will deploy particular version of tagging

Creating an annotated tag in Git is simple. The easiest way is to specify **-a** when you run the tag command

```
git remote add <originname> master
git push test1 master

git tag
git tag v0.1 → lightweight
$git tag -a v1.0 -m "my release version 1.0" → annotated
git push test1 v1.0 → check the releases in github
git push test1 --tags → push all tags at a time

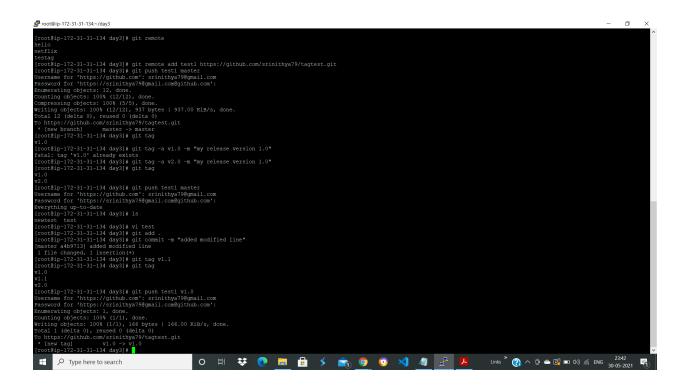
git tag -d v0.1 → delete the tag
git tag -d $(git tag -I) → deletes all the tag
git tag -I

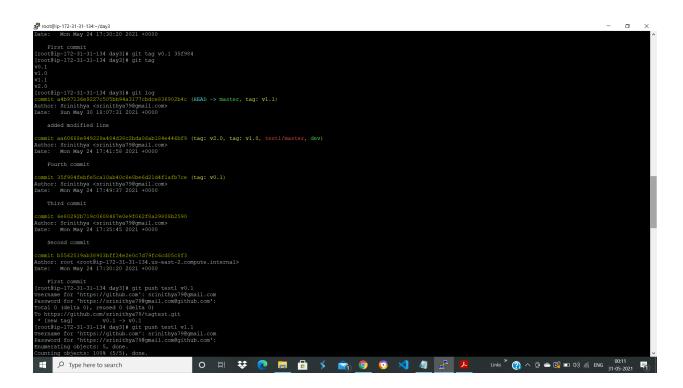
git show v1.0 → to get the details
git tag v0.1 35f984 → take first 6 number of the commit
```

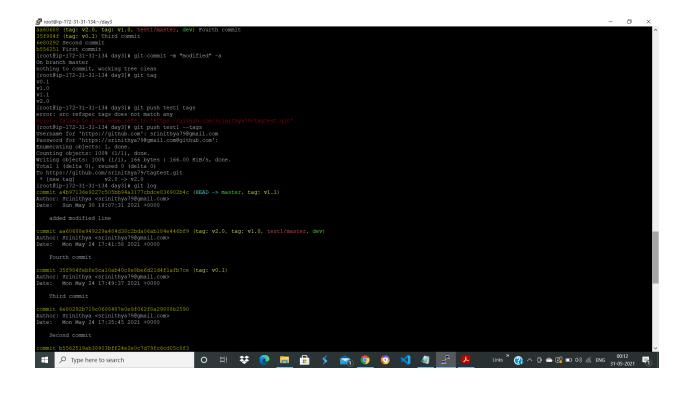
git commit -m "modified" -a \rightarrow all at a commit

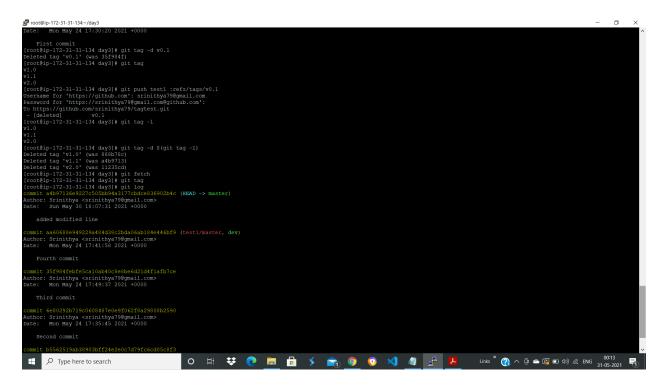
- 1. What is git tags?
- 2. When we will use git tags?
- 3. How many types of git tags?
- 4. What is lightweight git tag? How to create light weight git tag?
- 5. What is annotated git tag? How to create annotated git tag?
- 6. What is difference between lightweight tag and annotated tag?
- 7. How to check all all commits in local?
- 8. How to see particular tag information?
- 9. How to create a tag for older commits?
- 10. How to check a particular tag?
- 11. How to check git log with pretty mode?
- 12. How to list out all tags?
- 13. How to get all tags to local from remote repository?
- 14. How to push tags to remote repository?
- 15. How to delete a tag in local? how to delete all tags at a time in local?
- 16. How to delete a tag in remote repository? how to delete all tags at a time in remote repository?

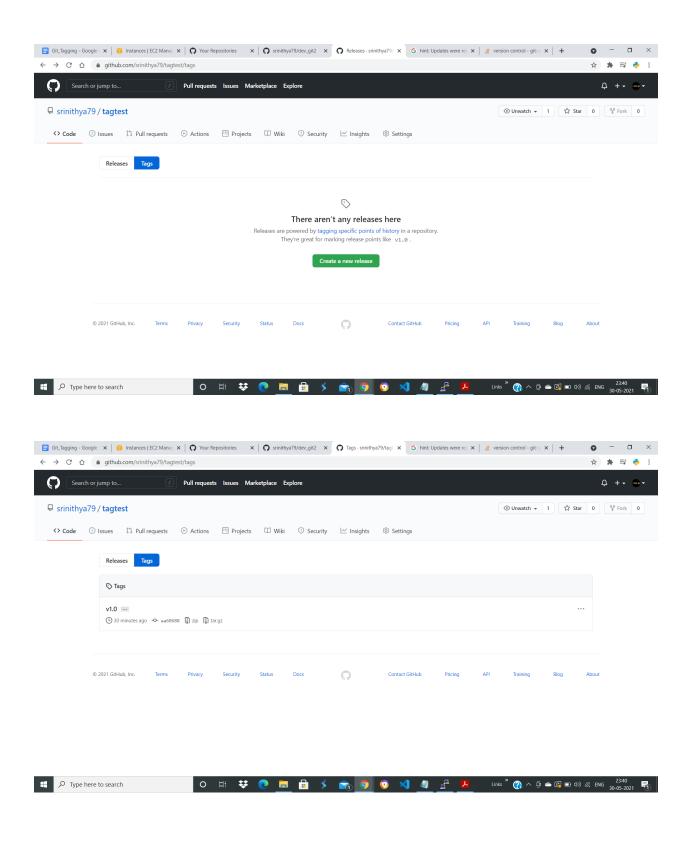
```
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git tag
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git tag -a v1.0 -m "my release version 1.0"
fatal: too many params
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git tag
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git tag -a v1.0 -m "my release version 1.0"
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git tag
v1.0
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]# git show v1.0
tag v1.0
Tagger: Srinithya <srinithya79@gmail.com>
Date: Sun May 30 17:40:07 2021 +0000
my release version 1.0
commit aa60688e949229a484d38c2bda06ab184e446bf9 (HEAD -> master, tag: v1.0, dev)
Author: Srinithya <srinithya79@gmail.com>
Date: Mon May 24 17:41:58 2021 +0000
    Fourth commit
diff --git a/newtest b/newtest
new file mode 100644
index 0000000..ae69c92
--- /dev/null
+++ b/newtest
@@ -0,0 +1 @@
[root@ip-172-31-31-134 day3]#
```











GIT STASH

git stash temporarily (stashes) changes you've made to your working copy so you can work on something else, and then come back and re-apply them later on. Stashing is handy if you need to quickly switch context and work on something else, but you're mid-way through a code change and aren't quite ready to commit.

Basic Commands:

git stash :stash the uncommitted changes .

git stash list: show all the stashes.

git stash apply: apply the top stash to the current branch

git stash apply n: apply nth no stash

git stash pop n: apply the stash and remove from stash list

git stash clear : remove the entire stash git stash drop n: remove particular stash