

1

create following data frames

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
d1=pd.DataFrame({'v1':np.random.random(size=50),'v2':np.random.choice(range(10  
0),size=50)})
```

```
d2=pd.DataFrame({'v1':np.random.random(size=50),'v2':np.random.choice(range(2,  
300),size=50)})
```

combine these dataframes to create a larger dataframe d3 with 100 observations and then sort the dataframe with column v1.

Hints :

- use function `pd.concat` for combining, chose appropriate value for option axis for combining them by rows
- use function `sort_values` for sorting

2

using data frame d3, calculate mean of column v2, ensuring values from only dataframe d1 are used

Hints :

- before combining dataframes d1 and d2, add a column name 'data' to them `d1['data']='d1'` and `d2['data']='d2'` . You can use this column to differentiate between observations from d1 and d2 in the larger dataframe d3
- use `.loc` with the dataframe to conditionally filter and refer to column v2 before applying function mean to calculate mean

3

add a column v3 to dataframe d3 such that it takes value 0 when $v1 > 0.5$ and value $\log(v2)$ othwerwise

Hints :

- make use of function `np.where`

4

Separate dataframe d3 into d1 and d2 again

Hints :

- make use of column 'data' and revise how to conditionally filter the data

5

Read file `rg_train.csv` as pandas data frame. Extract names of all categorical columns in the file

Hints :

- use function `pd.read_csv`
- use function `select_dtypes` on the dataframe

6

For the data frame that you read in exercise 6, find out categories in column `Region` which have frequency higher than 5000.

Hints :

- calculate frequencies using function `value_counts` on the column apply condition on the index of the result from `value_counts`

7

Find out names of variables in the dataframe that you read in exercise 6 which have less than 10 unique values

Hints :

- use function `nunique` on the data frame
- apply condition on the index of the above result

8

Find out percentage of values of `Revenue.Grid` across categories of `TVarea` . Hints :

- use `pd.crosstab` for calculating raw counts
- experiment with values for argument `normalize` in function `crosstab` . it takes three values `True`,`'columns'`,`'index'`. see what these options do