

# Q1

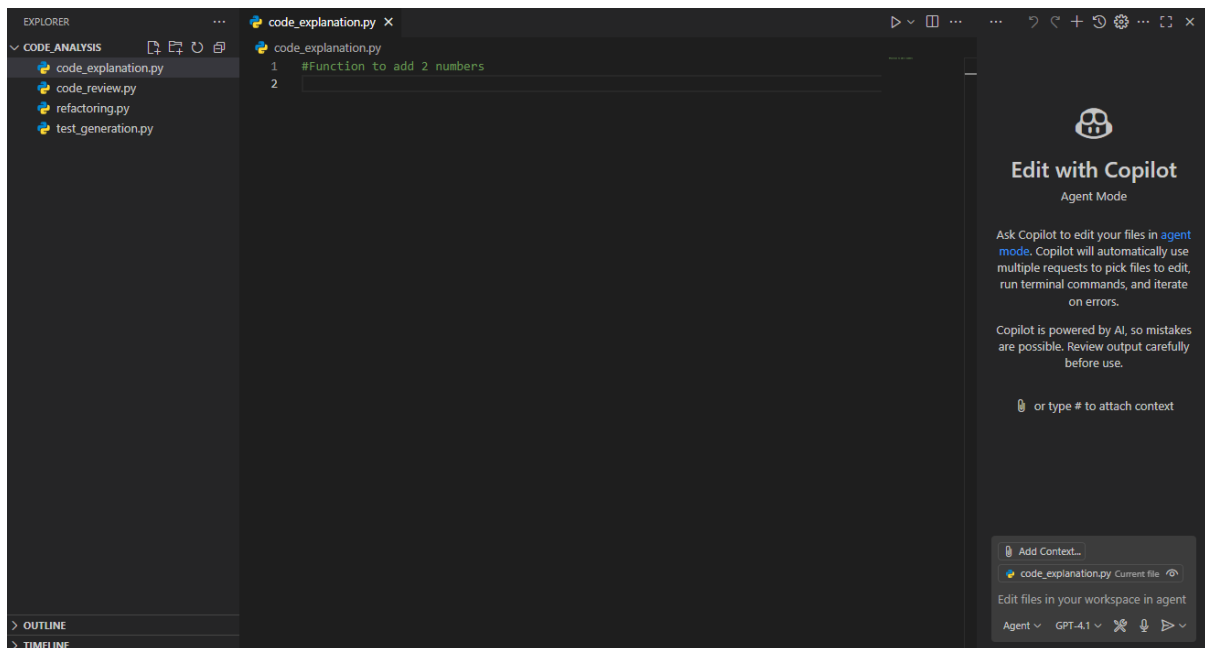
I created a folder named CODE\_ANALYSIS to organize four use cases demonstrating how GitHub Copilot assisted in writing, understanding, refactoring, and testing code.

## 1. code\_explanation.py – Code Understanding with Copilot

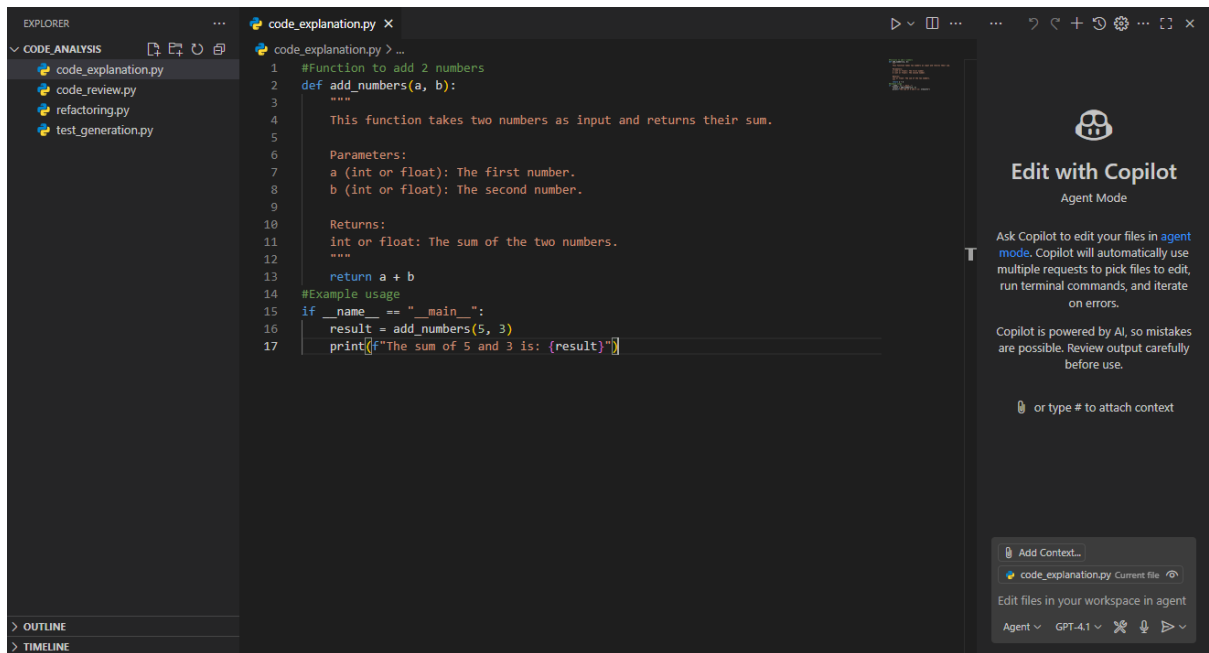
### Objective:

Use GitHub Copilot to explain an existing piece of code.

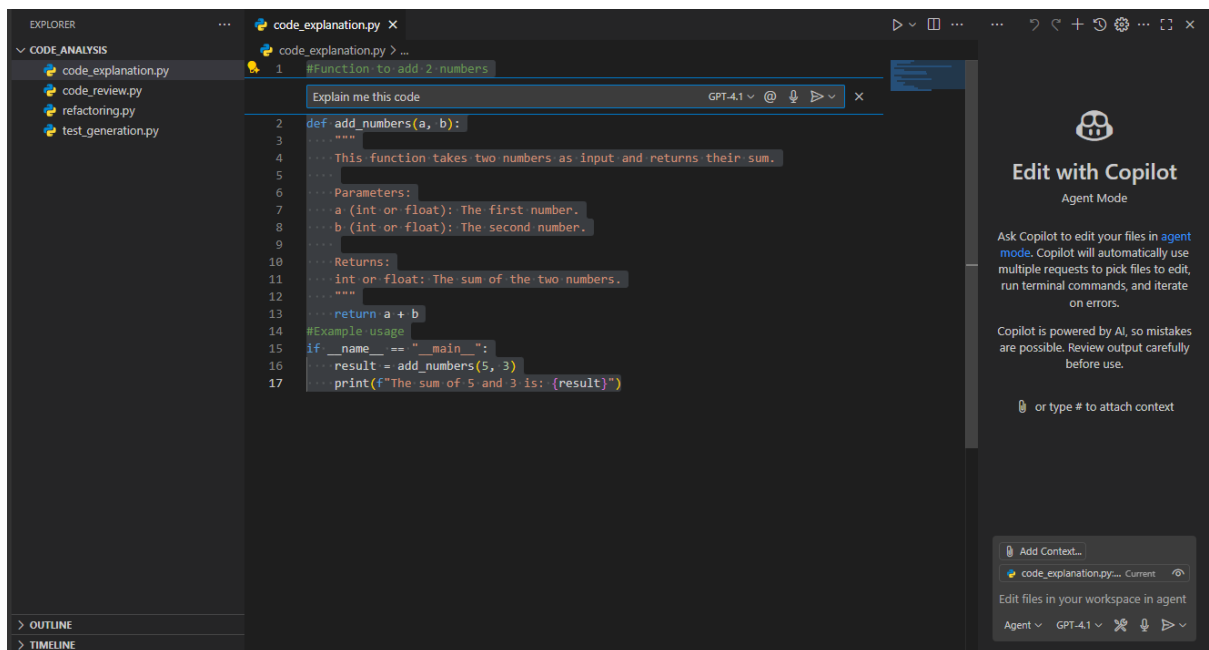
I wrote a comment like: #Function to add 2 numbers



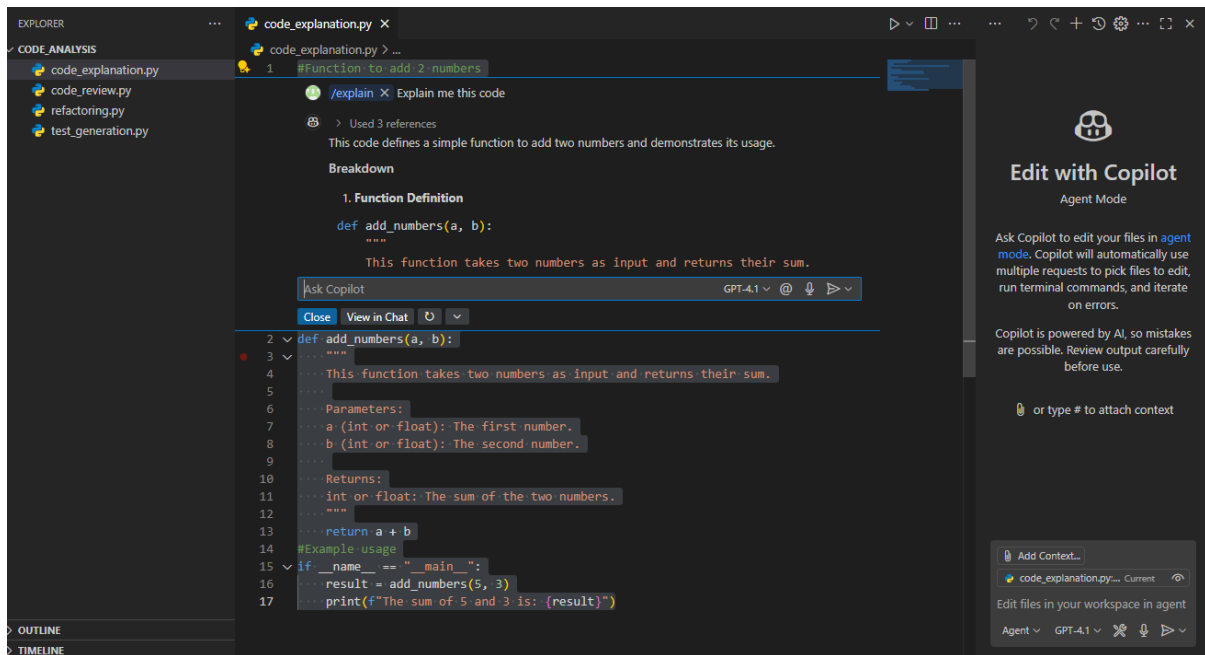
Copilot generated a function along with natural language explanation for each step in the function.



- Pressed Ctrl + A to select the whole code.
- Pressed Ctrl + I (short cut to open copilot chat).
- Asked "**Explain me this code**".



Copilot explained me the whole code.

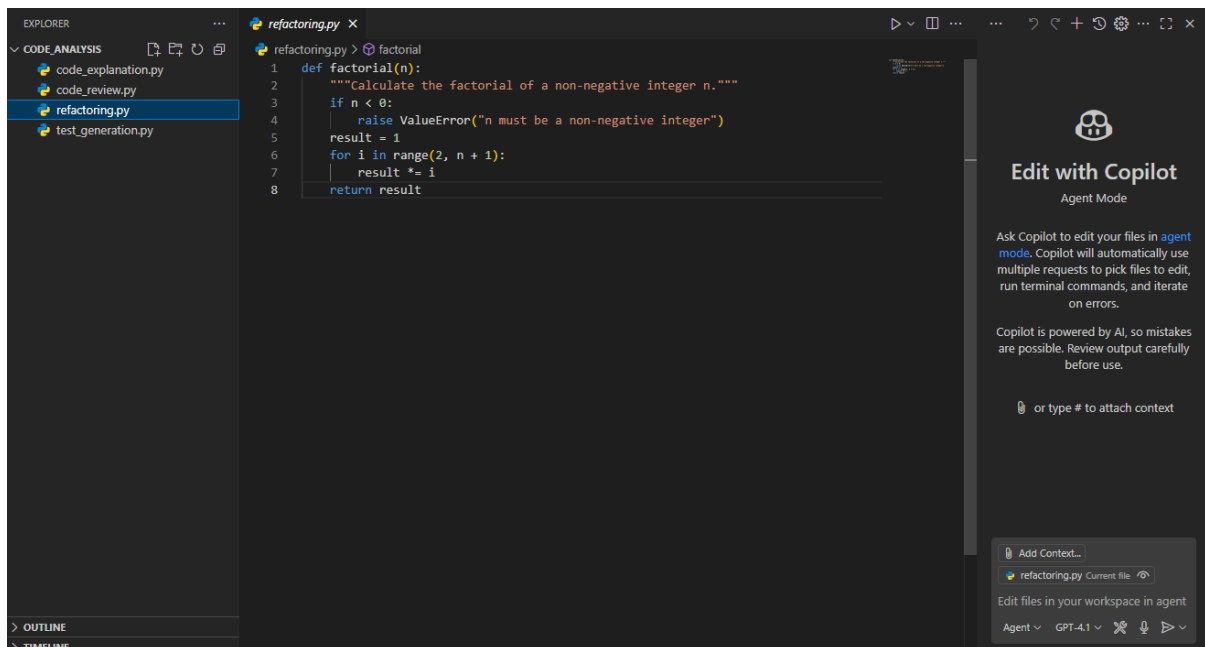


## 2. refactoring.py – Code Refactoring

### Objective:

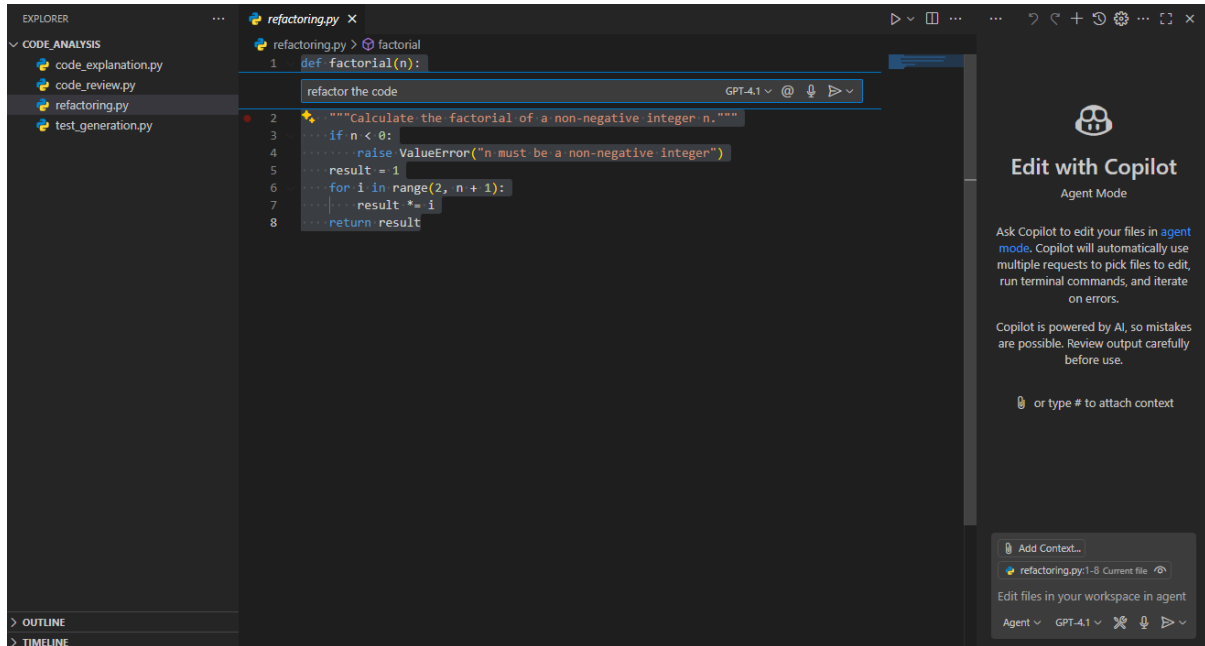
Refactor inefficient or verbose code to make it cleaner and more efficient.

I used a raw function of finding factorial of a number



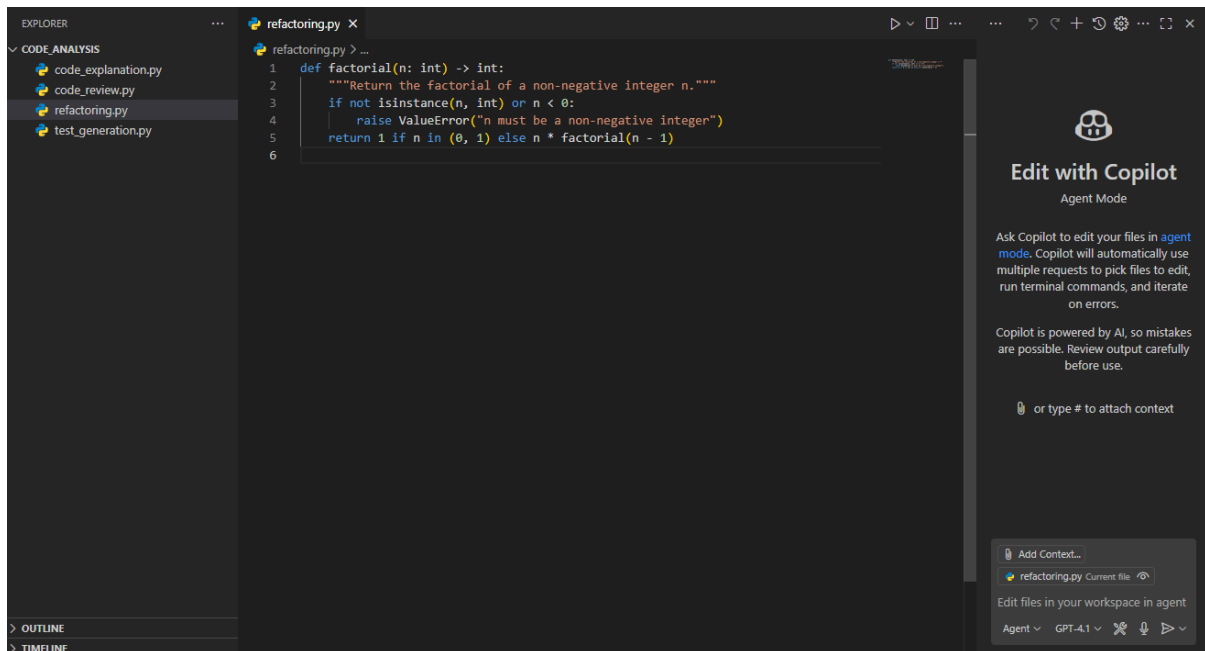
- Pressed Ctrl + A to select the whole code.
- Pressed Ctrl + I (short cut to open copilot chat).

- Asked "Refactor the code".



Copilot gave me more efficient and optimised code than the present one.

I clicked accept to get the efficient code in the file.

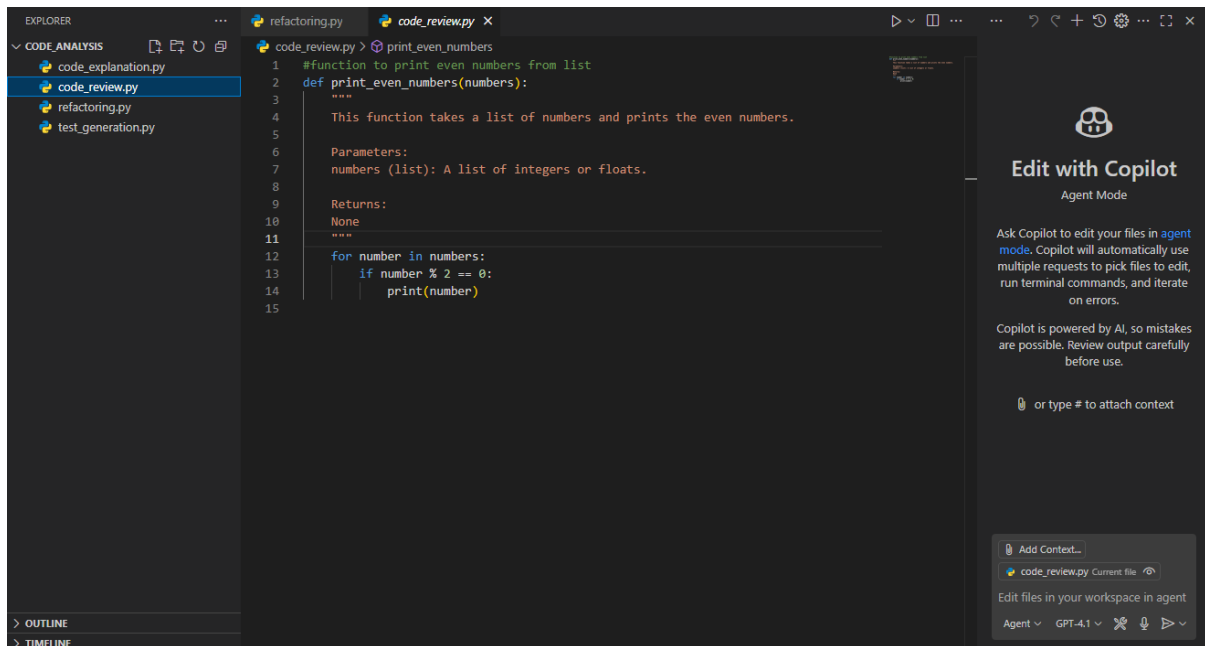


### 3. code\_review.py – Code Review & Suggestions

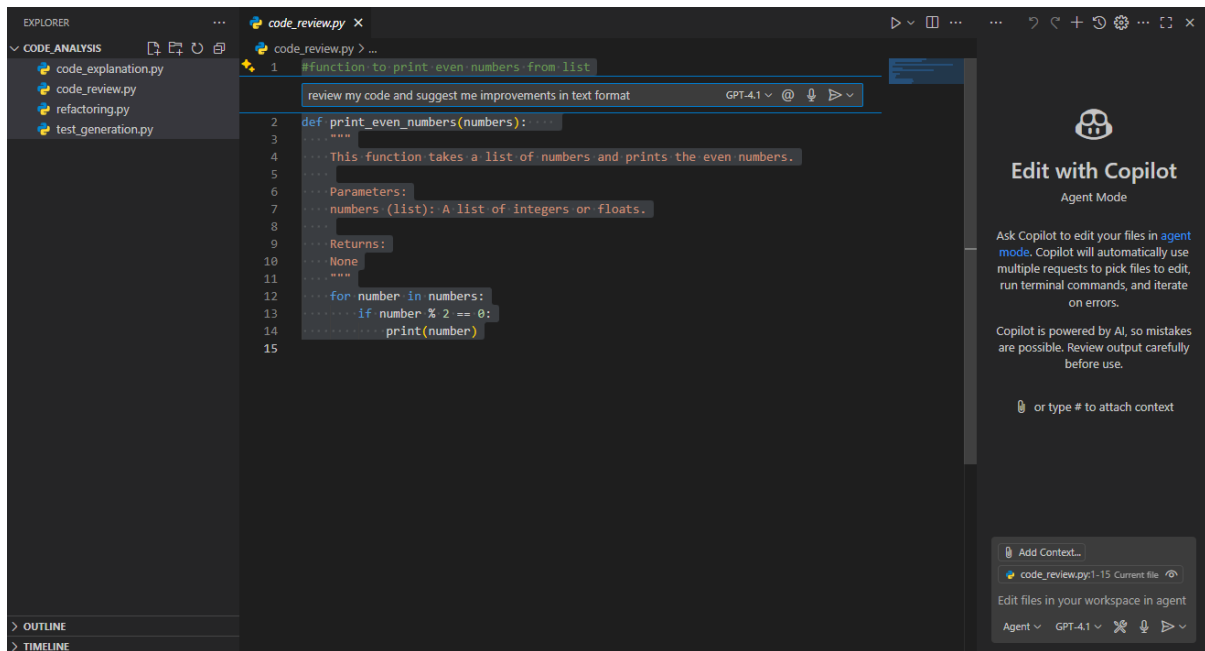
#### Objective:

Simulate a mini code review session where Copilot provides improvement suggestions.

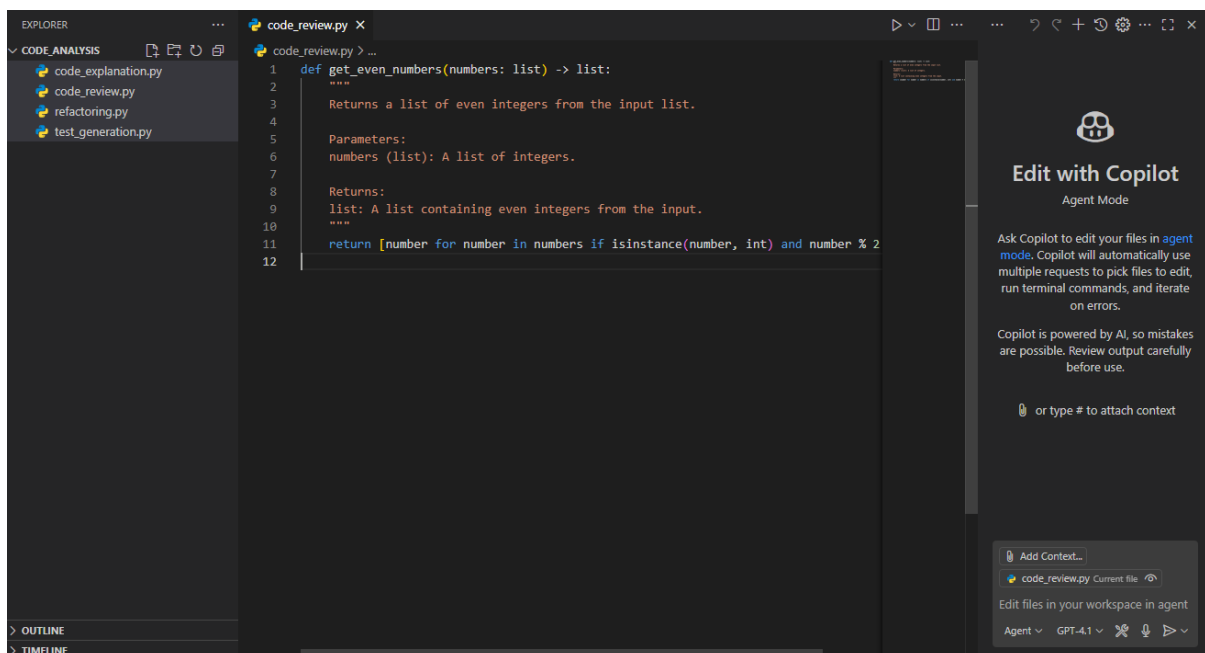
I generated a function to print even functions from the list.



- Pressed Ctrl + A to select the whole code.
- Pressed Ctrl + I (short cut to open copilot chat).
- Asked **"review my code and suggest me improvements in text format"**.



I accepted the improvements suggested by copilot and applied to my code.

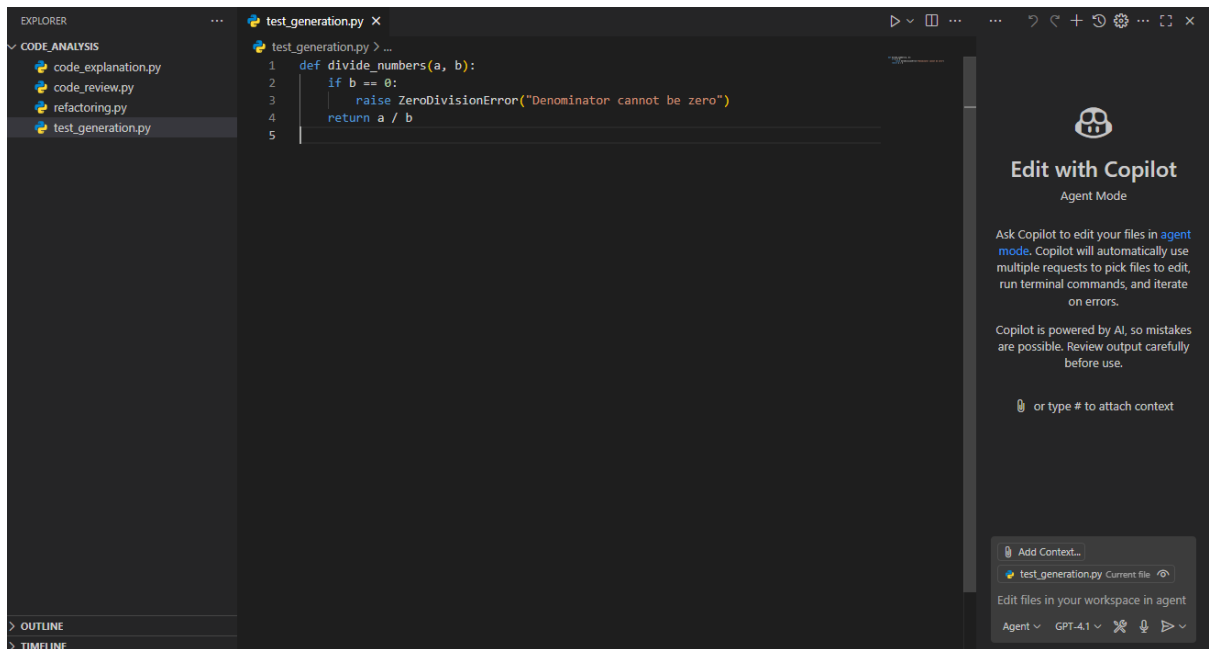


## 4. test\_generation.py – Auto-Generating Test Cases

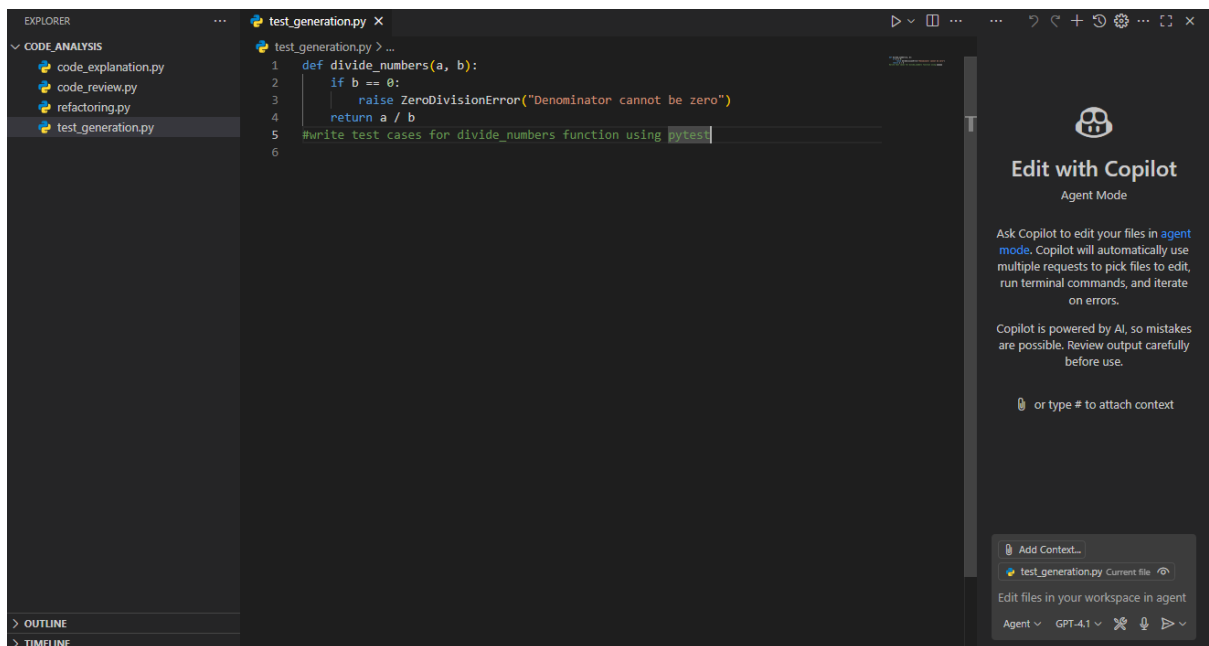
### Objective:

Use Copilot to generate basic unit tests for a function.

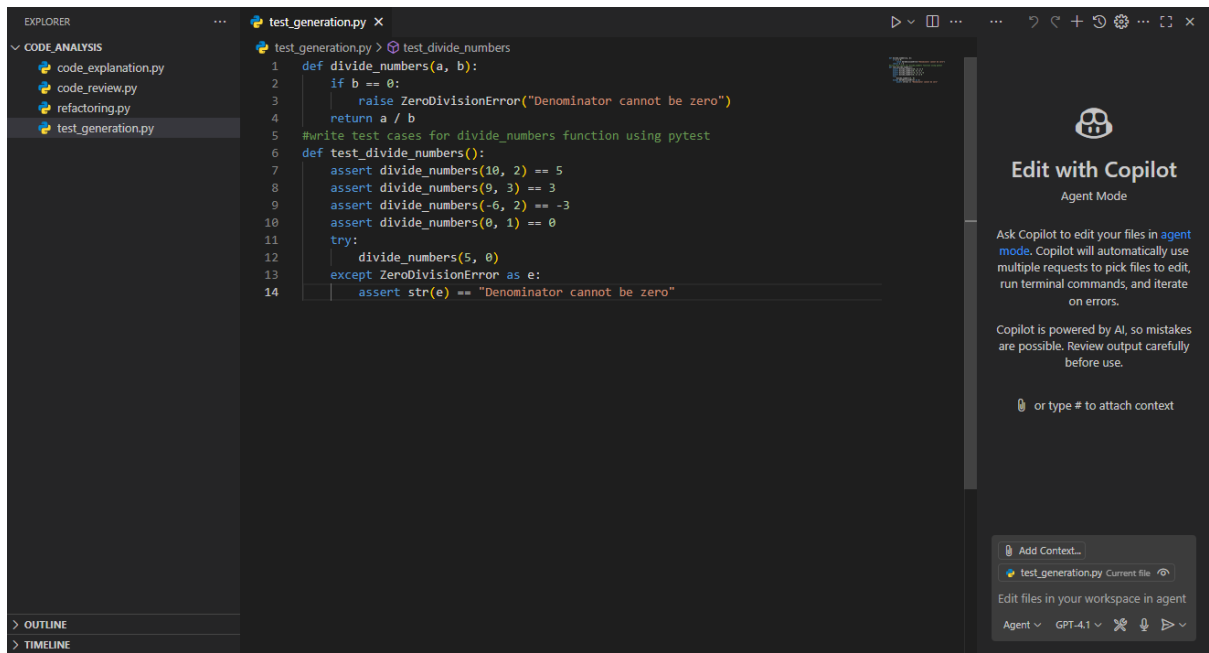
I wrote a function divide\_numbers to divide two numbers.



I wrote a comment “#write test cases for divide\_numbers function using pytest”



Copilot wrote function `test_divide_numbers()` which holds the test cases.



Using GitHub Copilot, I explored 4 powerful use cases in real development workflows:

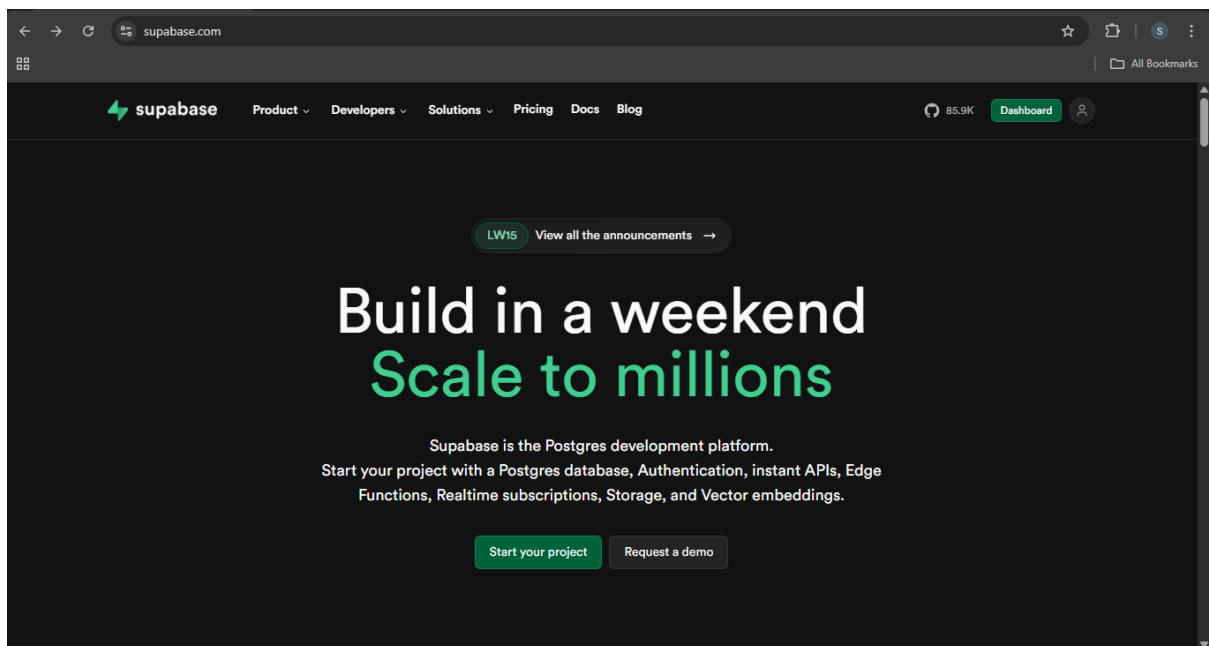
File Name	Use Case
code_explanation.py	Code understanding
refactoring.py	Code cleanup & optimization
code_review.py	Code review & suggestions
test_generation.py	Auto test generation



## Q2

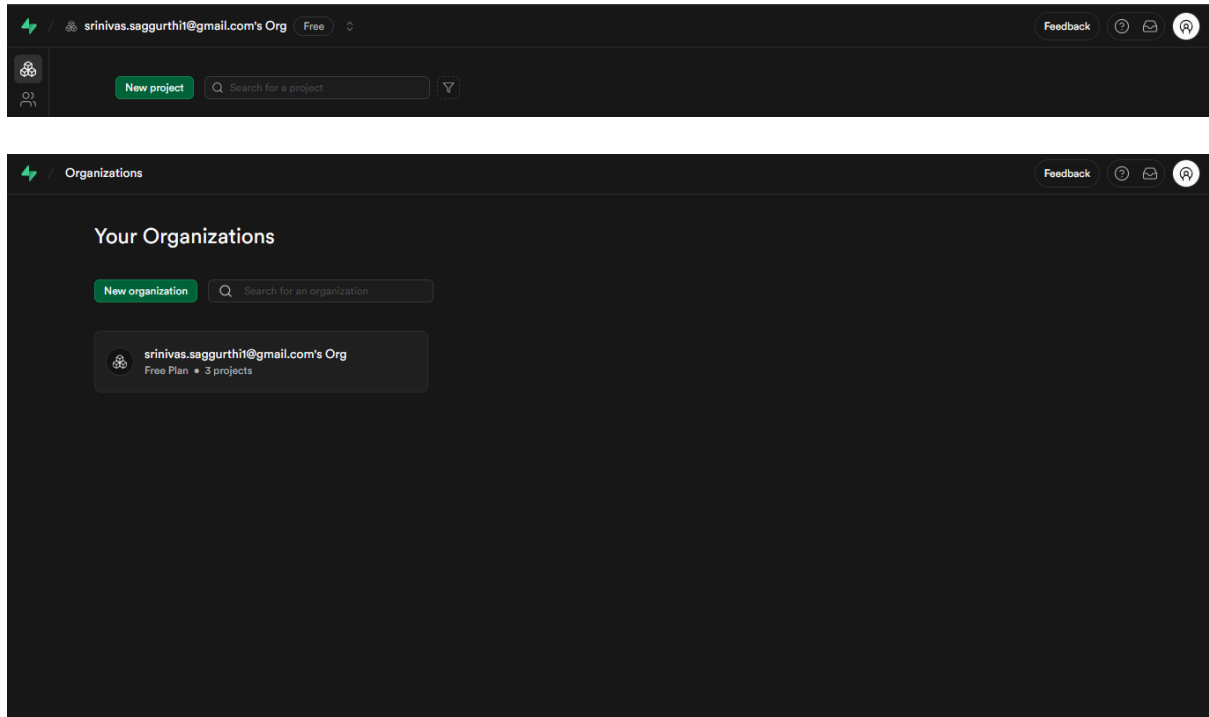
### Step 1: Open Supabase and Log In

I opened supabase.com, created an account, and logged into the dashboard to start a new project.



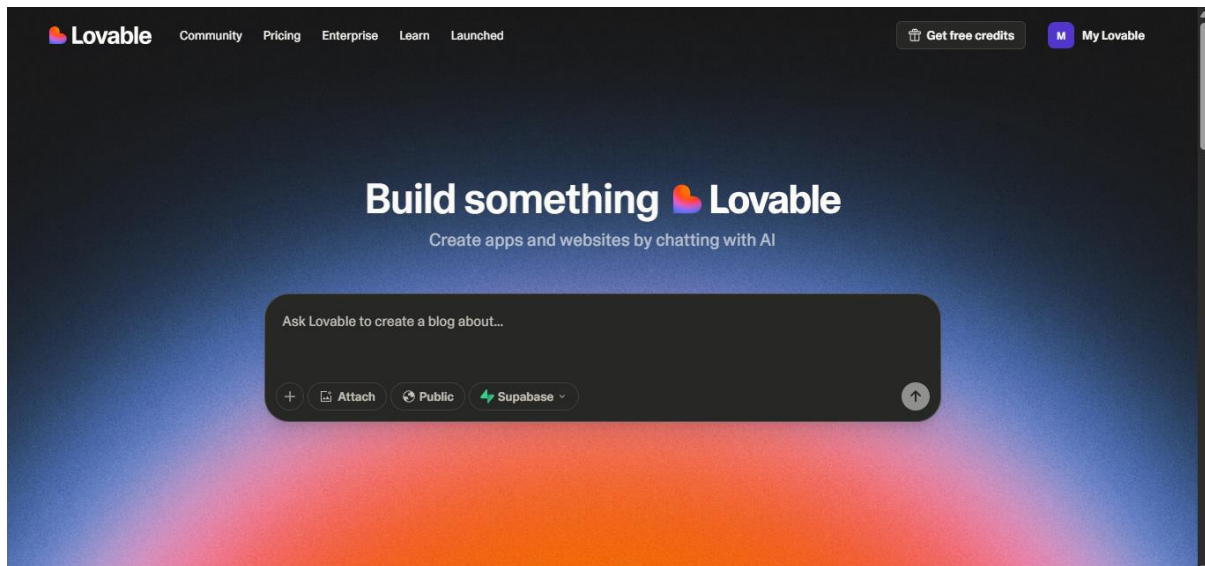
## Step 2: Create a New Supabase Project

I clicked on “New Project”, gave it a name, selected the region, and set a strong password. Once the project was ready, I copied the Project URL and anon/public API key—which are needed to connect with Lovable.



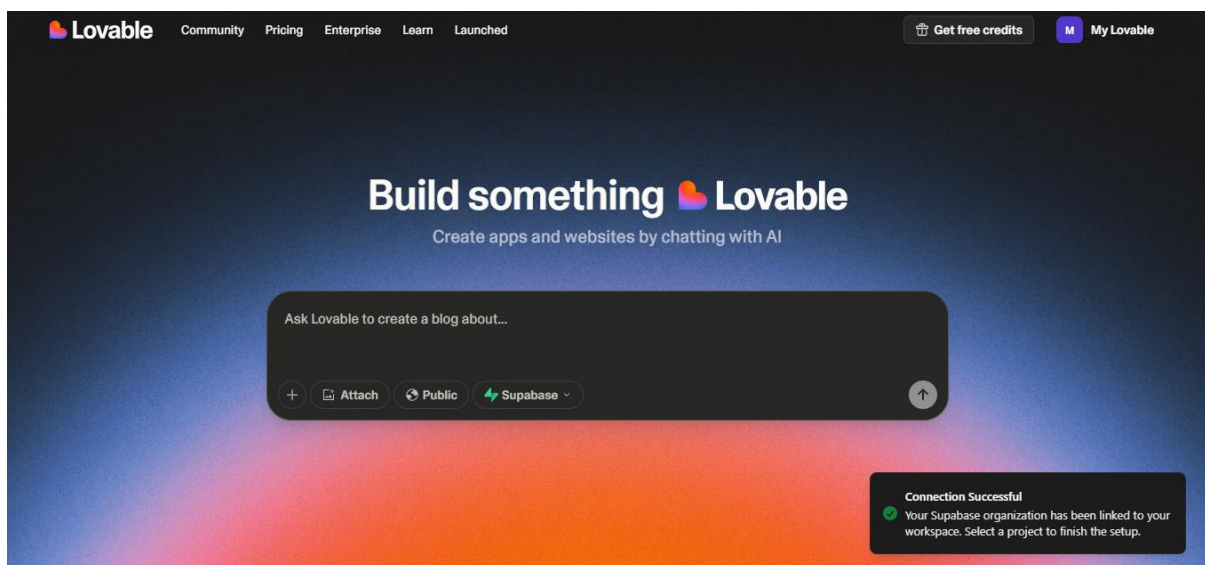
## Step 3: Open Lovable.dev and Log In

I went to [lovable.dev](https://lovable.dev), signed in using my account, and entered the dashboard where prompts can be written to generate full-stack apps.



## Step 4: Connect Lovable with Supabase

Under the Lovable prompt bar, I clicked “Connect to Supabase” , and pasted my Supabase Project URL and anon/public key. This allowed Lovable to directly access and use my Supabase project.



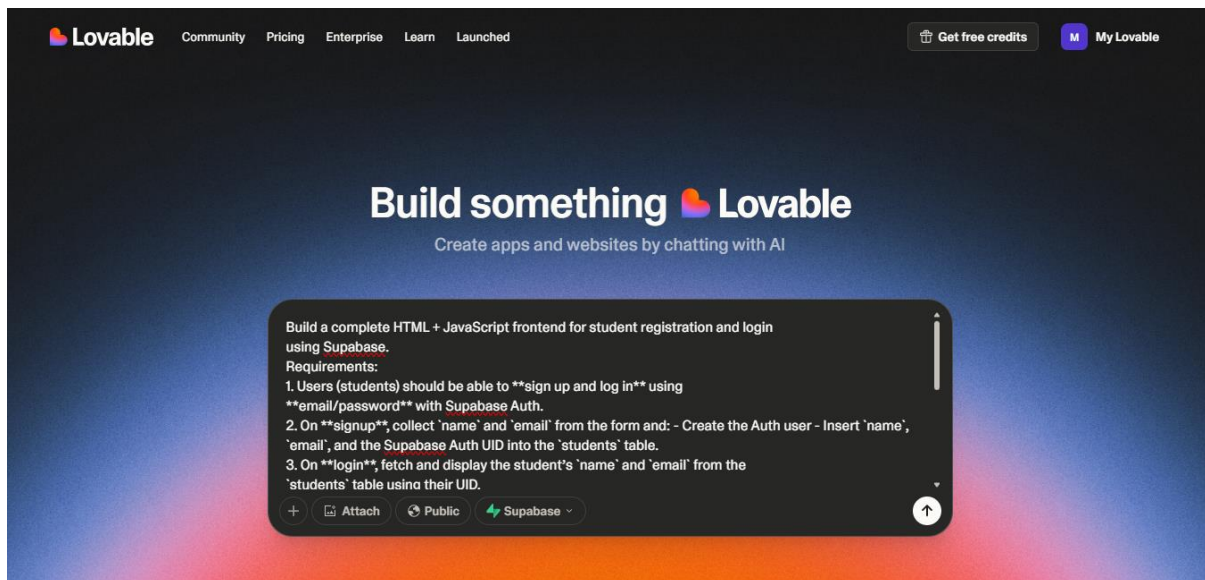
## Step 5: Paste the Prompt in Lovable

I entered the prompt in Lovable:

**Build a complete HTML + JavaScript frontend for student registration and login using Supabase.....**

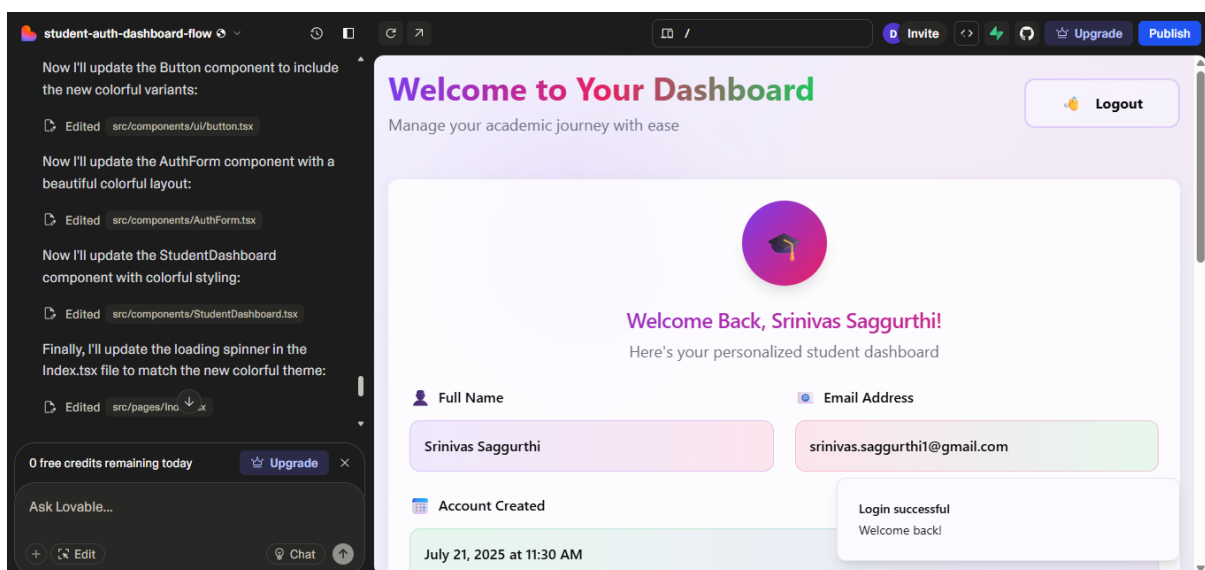
Lovable then generated the full working code including:

- Signup form with name, email, password
- Login form
- Auth integration with Supabase
- Data insertion into the student 's table



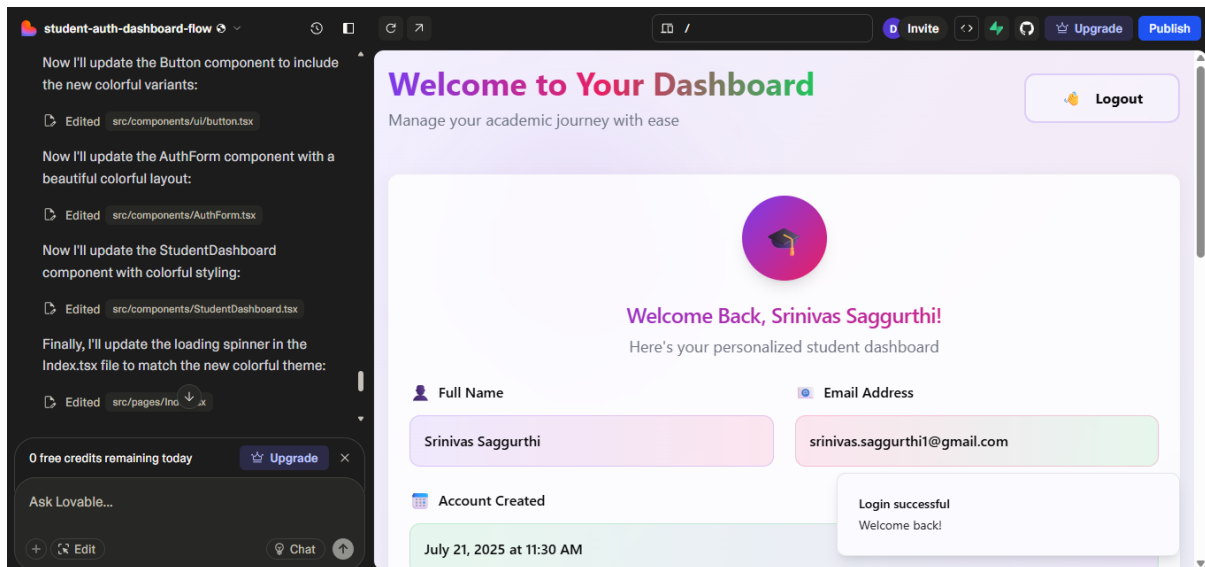
## Step 6: Modify the App (If Needed)

After the app was generated, I previewed it and made minor changes (like button labels, colors, or field validations) using Lovable's built-in editor.



## Step 7: Log In and Get Redirected to Home Page

I signed up/logged in using the frontend. Upon successful login, I was redirected to the **Home page**, where a welcome message and user details were shown.

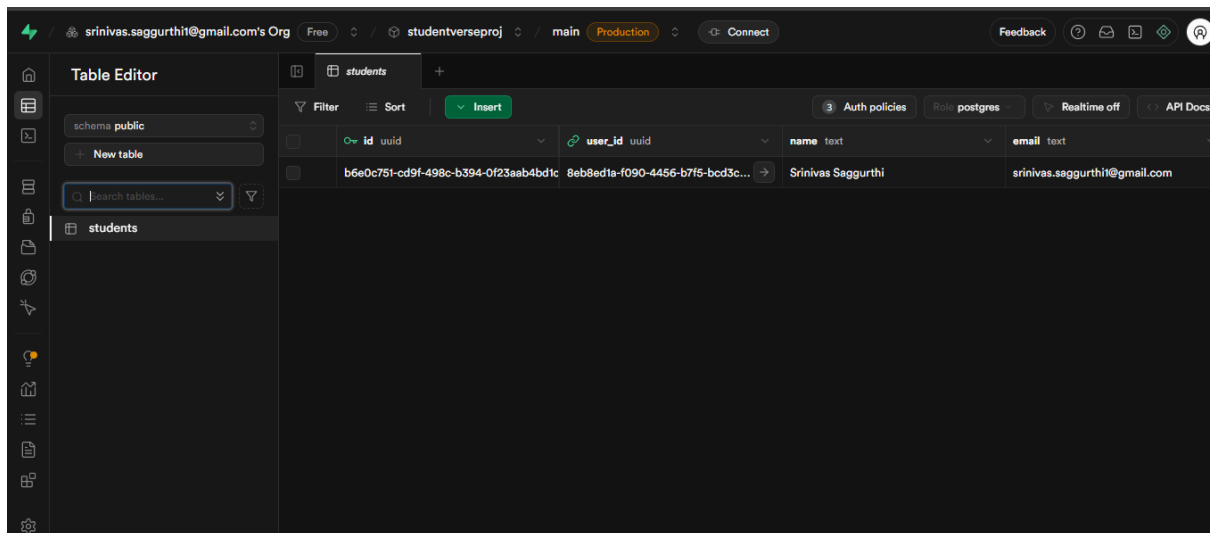


## Step 8: View User Data in Supabase Table

In Supabase, I opened the `students` table to verify the data. It contained:

- Auth UID
- Student name
- Email
- Timestamp

Data was also shown in JSON format under the "Row Details" view.



## Final Result

This project successfully implements:

- Student Signup & Login using Supabase Auth
- Realtime data insertion and fetching from student 's table
- Responsive frontend using HTML + JS
- Live hosting using Lovable.dev