Metathesis: A LaTeX Template to Typeset Your Thesis for Submission to the School of Graduate Studies

by

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A thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Technology

in

Information Technology



International Institute of Information Technology, Bangalore.

June 2012

Thesis Certificate

This is to certify that the thesis titled Metathesis: A LATEX Template to

Typeset Your Thesis for Submission to the School of Graduate Studies

submitted to the International Institute of Information Technology, Bangalore, for

the award of the degree of Master of Technology is a bona fide record of the re-

search work done by John Doe John Doe (MT2010xxx) under my supervision.

The contents of this thesis, in full or in parts, have not been submitted to any other

Institute or University for the award of any degree or diploma.

Prof. Jane Doe

IIIT-Bangalore,

The 25^{th} of June, 2012.

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Abstract

This document provides information on how to write your thesis using the LATEX document preparation system. You can use these files as a template for your own thesis, just replace the content, as necessary. You should put your real abstract here, of course.

"The purpose of the abstract, which should not exceed 150 words for a Masters' thesis or 350 words for a Doctoral thesis, is to provide sufficient information to allow potential readers to decide on relevance of the thesis. Abstracts listed in Dissertation Abstracts International or Masters' Abstracts International should contain appropriate key words and phrases designed to assist electronic searches."

— MUN School of Graduate Studies

Acknowledgements

Put your acknowledgements here...

"Intellectual and practical assistance, advice, encouragement and sources of monetary support should be acknowledged. It is appropriate to acknowledge the prior publication of any material included in the thesis either in this section or in the introductory chapter of the thesis."

— MUN School of Graduate Studies

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Introduction

This chapter gives a brief overview of getting started, using Makefile, chapter layout, customized quote and footnote environments, equations, cross referencing, and miscellaneous information.

1.1 Getting Started

The file to be first edited is the thesis.tex. Here the arguments for thesis title, author name, degree, and date of thesis preparation have to be changed for the following commands: \thesistitle, \authorname, \mydegree, \mydate and \advisorname.

- Thesis title should be in a single line.
- Argument for \authorname should be the student's name as per the IIIT-Bangalore administrative records.
- Argument for \mydegree should be 1, 2, or 3, for M.Tech., M.S. by research, or Ph.D. degrees, respectively.

• Arguments for \mydate should be the month number and year of thesis submission. The month number is an integer between 1 and 12 and the year should be in the 4-digit format, e.g., for January 2012, the arguments would be 1 and 2012, and the LaTeXcommand would be:

\renewcommand{\mydate}{\monthyear{1}{2012}}

• Argument for \advisorname should include the title "Prof.".

1.2 The Makefile

You can use make to "build" your thesis on the Linux command line and generate a pdf file named thesis.pdf. This will automatically run the bibtex program to create your bibliography and will also re-run pdflatex as necessary to ensure that all references are resolved. If you are using this template in another environment other than the Linux command line, then the Makefile will probably not be useful to you. Ensure that your Linux system has pdflatex installed.

- To generate a PDF copy of your thesis, run at the command prompt:
 - \$ make
- To remove all the files generated by bibtex and latex, run at the command prompt:
 - \$ make clean
- To remove all the files generated by bibtex and latex including thesis.pdf, run at the command prompt:
 - \$ make clobber

Makefile need not be changed for any addition or removal of figures, chapters, or appendices to your thesis.

1.3 Chapters

The thesis should contain an abstract, acknowledgments, chapters, and bibliography. Appendices are optional. The chapters should include an introducted, related work (or literature survey), background, hypothesis, implementation, results, and conclusions.

Contents of chapters can be added as a separately in .tex file and added using the \include command in the file, thesis.tex.

Maintain the following subdirectories from the parent directory without deleting them: Chapters, Images, and Chapters/Appendix.

1.4 Customized Environments

This section will give you some ideas on how to use some of environments in LaTeX [1], which are specifically customized for our thesis requirements, to typeset your document.

Here is a sample quote using the \munquote environment:

"IFTEX is a system for typesetting documents. Its first widely available version, mysteriously numbered 2.09, appeared in 1985. IFTEX is now extremely popular in the scientific and academic communities, and it is used extensively in industry. It has become a lingua franca of the scientific world; scientists send their papers electronically to colleagues around the world in the form of IFTEX input." [1]

The citation at the end is optional — if you don't need it, then use \munquote without any arguments:

"Here is a quote that does not have an associated citation after it. You can specify the citation before or after the quote manually."

By default, all text is double spaced, however, quotes and footnotes must be singled spaced.¹ The left margin is slightly wider than the right margin. This is to compensate for binding.

1.5 Equations

An example mathematical formulae is show in Equation 1.1.

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} i^2 \tag{1.1}$$

A slightly more complicated equation is given in Equation 1.2: ²

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi(x, t) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(x, t) + V(x) \Psi(x, t)$$
 (1.2)

1.6 Cross References

In addition to using \ref to refer to equations, you can also use it (in conjunction with the \label command) to refer to sections and chapters without hard coding the numbers themselves. For example, this is Section 1.6 of Chapter 1. You can also refer

¹This is a single spaced footnote. SGS requires that footnotes be singled spaced and this can be done with the \munfootnote command.

²Equation taken from the Schrödinger equation entry on Wikipedia

to Appendix A, Subsection 1.9.1.1 below or any other place that has a \label. You can also use labels to refer to a page. For example, Chapter 2 starts on page 7.

1.7 Changing Fonts

Change fonts: Large, verbatim ~@#\$%^&*(){}[], SMALL CAPS, slanted text, emphasized text, typewriter text.

1.8 Accents and Ligatures

Some accents: é è ô ü ç ï í ñ ā ă ă

Some ligatures: flæffi

1.9 Some Lists

Here is a nested enumeration:

- 1. An enumerated list of items.
 - (a) which can
 - (b) nest
 - i. to arbitrary
 - ii. levels
- 2. More items
- 3. in the top

4. level list.

Another enumeration:

- 1. (a) Main 1 part 1
 - (b) Main 1 part 2
- 2. (a) Main 2 part 1
 - (b) Main 2 part 2

1.9.1 Subsection

1.9.1.1 Subsubsection

This section is referred to by Section 1.6.

1.9.1.2 Subsubsection

<Empty subsection>

Figures and Tables

This chapter will give some suggestions on how to handle figures and tables.

2.1 Figures

Figures to be included in the thesis document should be of the following image formats: .pdf, .png. If the image is not already in an acceptable format, on the Linux command line, use the convert program to convert the image from other formats to the acceptable formats, e.g., to convert myfig.eps to myfig.pdf, do the following:

\$ convert myfig.eps myfig.pdf

Figures 2.1 and 2.2 show a Petri net created using the xfig program ¹ which has very good support for LATEX. Figure 2.1 has been reduced to 40% of its original size, which is maintained within the width of columnwidth in Figure 2.2.

¹http://www.xfig.org/

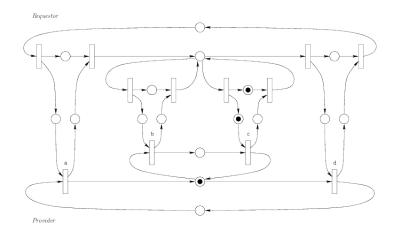


Figure 2.1: Image of a deadlocked Petri net at 40% scaling.

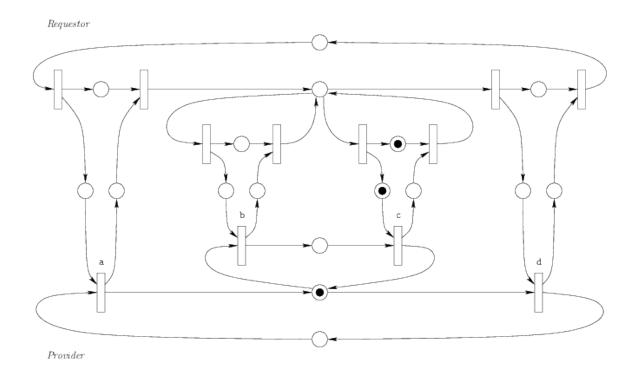


Figure 2.2: Image of a deadlocked Petri net scaled within the size of column in the current format.

We can also create tables, as seen by Table 2.1. Note that, as required by SGS guidelines, the caption for a table appears above the table whereas figure captions appear below the figures. Tables and figures can "float" — they may not appear on the page on which they are mentioned. LATEX tries to handle figure and table placement intelligently, but if if you have a lot of them without a reasonable amount of surrounding textual content, the figures and tables can accumulate towards the end of the chapter. Generally speaking, if there is sufficient text explaining the tables and figures or if the tables/figures are relatively small, this may not be a problem. However, if you have a lot of tables or figures, it may be a good idea to put them in an appendix and refer to them as the need arises.

Table 2.1: Fall Semester Enrollment

	Uno	dergradı	ıate		Graduate		
	F/T	P/T	Total	F/T	P/T	Total	
2004	13,191	2,223	15,414	1,308	879	2,187	
2005	13,184	2,143	15,327	1,375	920	2,295	
2006	12,809	2,224	15,033	1,373	899	2,272	
2007	12,634	2,155	14,789	1,403	899	2,302	
2008	12,269	2,208	14,477	1,410	1,005	2,415	
2009	12,382	2,323	14,705	1,567	1,106	2,673	

Table 2.2 shows a different table in landscape mode.² This is useful if your table is too wide for the page. Tables are double-spaced by default. To single-space a table,

²This data was also taken from the Memorial University of Newfoundland — Fact Book 2009.

change the \baselinestretch before beginning the table environment. Remember to restore it after the environment has ended.

Table 2.2: Masters Degrees Conferred by Convocation Session — 1950 to 2009

	2009	6(2008	38	2007	2(2006	90	2006	90	1950-2004	Total
	May	0ct	May	Oct	May	0ct	May	Oct	May	Oct		
Degrees												
Master of Applied Science	14	2	15	∞	28	<u> </u>	21	က	က	-	98	194
Master of Applied Social Psychology	\vdash	ಬ	2	ಬ	Η	4	0	4	0	4	28	54
Master of Applied Statistics	0	0	33	П	0	0	Н	0	0	0	19	24
Master of Arts	37	49	26	43	14	42	14	26	13	44	994	1,332
Master of Business Administration	14	16	23	9	33	12	33	11	33	∞	818	1,007
Master of Education	107	87	120	55	147	74	108	92	113	75	2,603	3,565
Master of Employment Relations	∞	6	ಬ	_	7	14	4	6	က	ಬ	12	83
Master of Engineering	20	19	20	10	16	10	15	13	4	19	440	989
Master of Environmental Science	က	3	က	\vdash	0	\vdash	7	\vdash	က	\vdash	99	86
Master of Marine Studies	2	0	0	\vdash	0	2	2	2	\vdash	2	26	38
Master of Music	4	\vdash	ಬ	0	ಣ	0	ಣ	0	က	0	7	26
Master of Nursing	7	∞	10	4	17	4	23	_	9	\vdash	116	203
Master of Oil and Gas Studies	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	∞
Master of Philosophy	က	4	2	\vdash	ಬ	2	ಬ	3	2	0	112	141
Master of Physical Education	0	2	က	0	ಬ	4	က	0	4	4	84	109
Master of Public Health	0	∞	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	∞
Master of Science	40	32	41	19	29	25	35	29	32	23	1,653	1,958
Master of Science (Kinesiology)	\vdash	0	4	2	\vdash	2	2	9	4	3	0	25
Master of Science (Medicine)	18	7	11	∞	10	ಬ	6	6	∞	4	0	86
Master of Science (Pharmacy)	0	0	\vdash	$\overline{}$	0	0	0	0	\vdash	0	16	19
Master of Social Work	4	11	4	ಬ	4	6	6	ರ	4	10	257	322
Master of Women's Studies	2	0	2	0	\vdash	\vdash	2	3	2	0	20	33
Total Masters	287	263	302	177	321	212	296	239	243	204	7,369	9,913

Dealing with Errors

LATEX can produce cryptic error messages at times. However, with some experience, it is usually not too difficult to determine what the problem is and how to fix it.

As mentioned earlier, appropriate search terms in Google may help you fix these error messages.

Lorem Ipsum

Now, for your reading pleasure, some Lorem ipsum, courtesy of:

<http://www.lipsum.com/>

This gives a good view of the margins — note that the left margin is a bit wider than the right margin to accommodate binding.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam odio elit, viverra eu tempor non, pulvinar ac nisi. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Sed adipiscing, dui quis viverra facilisis, quam libero adipiscing justo, vitae dictum libero mauris ac magna. Aenean sem ligula, vulputate at vestibulum eu, pellentesque in justo. Sed et eros mauris, sed placerat nulla. Maecenas nulla velit, facilisis et rutrum nec, volutpat id lorem. Duis vestibulum odio velit, id elementum tortor. Sed pellentesque leo ac nibh iaculis at fermentum orci lobortis. Suspendisse arcu magna, porta nec pretium non, feugiat vitae orci. Vivamus at enim arcu, at sagittis nisl. Vestibulum at mi enim, vel malesuada justo. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos himenaeos.

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Nullam id ante arcu. Nulla facilisi. Vestibulum sodales, mi sodales ultricies pulvinar, orci leo dictum diam, quis imperdiet turpis lacus ut sem. Nulla rutrum odio sit amet elit aliquam blandit gravida nunc placerat. Aenean et neque ut leo condimentum vehicula. Fusce quis orci vitae enim dapibus tincidunt in vel ipsum. Phasellus auctor neque ac eros egestas sit amet ultricies erat vestibulum. Ut erat ligula, pharetra vel hendrerit vitae, mattis ac turpis. Ut malesuada diam vitae lacus vestibulum a tempus nisl posuere. Ut nisi sem, dictum eu laoreet sed, commodo eget enim. Morbi vel lacus neque, tempus fringilla tellus. Nunc id egestas felis. Nullam eu mollis neque. Ut non mauris malesuada eros sagittis congue. Cras vitae felis ut nisl mollis semper ut quis risus. Sed eu arcu urna, et commodo sapien. Donec vestibulum, libero sit amet ultrices blandit, erat lorem volutpat lectus, sed feugiat leo elit in orci. Aliquam vitae leo tellus, placerat pulvinar massa. Nulla at sapien hendrerit diam varius vehicula.

Curabitur et orci nulla. Phasellus euismod, massa non hendrerit dictum, dolor enim imperdiet sapien, vitae commodo lorem tellus eu quam. Duis egestas felis velit. Sed in orci nec nulla rutrum posuere. Suspendisse potenti. Nunc vel quam nisi. In at molestie libero. Aenean hendrerit vestibulum orci, ut hendrerit nulla volutpat lacinia. Vestibulum sit amet sapien vitae lectus gravida vehicula. Suspendisse ac purus sit

amet est congue auctor.

Morbi pellentesque, quam vel mattis molestie, augue purus vestibulum lorem, nec consequat enim eros eu augue. In odio dolor, scelerisque a lobortis porttitor, commodo ut lacus. Maecenas sit amet diam nec tellus accumsan bibendum. Praesent in turpis velit, malesuada commodo sapien. Nunc ornare urna enim. Sed at diam non metus porttitor suscipit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Duis aliquet magna in mauris semper placerat. Ut eget quam orci. Ut egestas, dolor at dapibus accumsan, leo nibh egestas urna, ac consectetur dui odio quis eros. Nam libero dolor, lacinia eget imperdiet non, malesuada vehicula diam. Etiam id ipsum eget turpis consectetur tristique id at ante. Vivamus blandit nunc eu nisl varius sed accumsan odio molestie.

Handling Citations

BibTEX can be used to handle all your bibliographic needs. Simply add references to the file ref.bib and BibTEX will take care of the rest. An example of a BibTEX book, conference paper and journal article are given in the sample ref.bib file. Many online journals have links to BibTEX citations that you can download and incorporate into the ref.bib file. Do not change the name of the file ref.bib.

The order of the fields is unimportant. BibTEX will display them in the correct order when constructing your bibliography. Also note that you can specify information about a reference that may not even be included in the actual bibliography. For example, the ISBN field is not required by the bibliography, but you can, if you want, put the ISBN to the BibTEX entry.

We can cite a journal article [3] and a conference paper [2] in the same way as a book citation. More information can be found in [1].

Conclusions

That's all folks!

Bibliography

- [1] L. Lamport. Lambert. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, second edition, 1994.
- [2] F. LastName, F. I. LastName, and F. LastName Jr. Conference paper MUN title. In *Proceedings of the Conference of Sample Conferences*, pages 100–110, Apr. 1996.
- [3] F. name Last-name and S. Guy. Journal article SWGC title. *Journal of Sample Journals*, 1(12):1000–1024, 2002.

Appendix A

Appendix: How to Add an

Appendix

This is Appendix A.

You can have additional appendices too, (e.g., apdxb.tex, apdxc.tex, etc.).

These files need to be included in thesis.tex.

If you don't need any appendices, delete the appendix related lines from thesis.tex.

Appendix B

Appendix: How to Add Another
One

This is Appendix B.