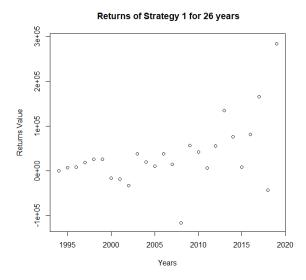
Financial Data Mining

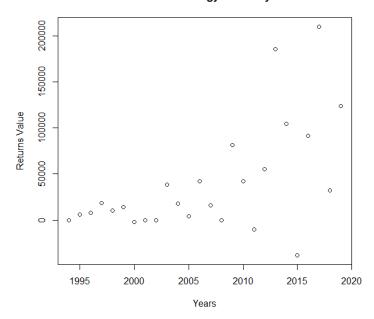
1. A table indicating how much money you would have at the end of each year by following strategy 1 and strategy 2.

```
years
             str1
                        str2
 1994
        12049.97
                    11469.46
 1995
        30749.22
                    29388.11
 1996
        51203.07
                    49535.75
 1997
        82188.06
                    79962.59
 1998
       119815.36
                   102060.20
 1999
       157799.07
                   128336.83
 2000
       153488.70
                   138411.89
 2001
       147003.49
                   150411.89
 2002
       125974.69
                   162411.89
 2003
       175737.02
                   212949.68
 2004
       207548.17
                   242614.75
 2005
       230110.21
                   258763.70
 2006
       279762.81
                   312956.51
 2007
       306214.51
                   341116.44
 2008
       202435.79
                   353116.44
 2009
       270529.98
                   446287.60
 2010
       324929.27
                   500176.96
 2011
       343021.95
                   502143.11
 2012
       410518.62
                   569219.20
 2013
       557089.25
                   767062.46
 2014
       645078.65
                   883322.19
 2015
       665125.44
                   857214.05
 2016
       757970.30
                   960348.68
 2017
       935881.76 1182187.19
 2018
       904179.30 1226491.32
 2019 1200153.40 1362476.09
```

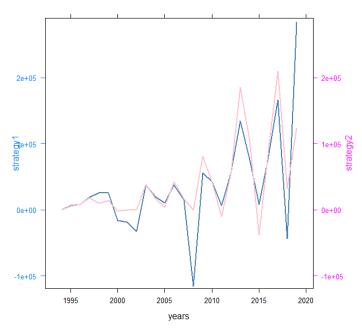
2. A plot indicating the returns of both strategies over the 26 year period.



Returns of Strategy 2 for 26 years



Plot with both strategies:



3. The total money accumulated at the end of 26 years using the different strategies. Strategy 1 Total money at 2020-03-31:

print(p)
 Ra
970237.7

Strategy 2 Total money at 2020-03-31):

```
print(savings_amt)
Ra
1257949
```

4. One paragraph explanation of which strategy is the best and if the results surprised you.

From the Analysis it is evident that in the initial period the strategy 1 had more profit than the strategy 2 for upto 7 years but after that strategy 2 had more profits. In strategy 2 we will invest only when the value of close price of stock is greater than the sma. So everytime when closing price goes below the sma the stocks are sold and saved in the savings account. So Depending on the rate of increase or rate of decrease of stock price we are investing on the stocks. But in Strategy 1 we are investing irrespective of the rate of decrease or rate of increase. So strategy 1 will be risky in long term investment because if the stock crashes and goes very low we will lose large amount of money. But with strategy 2 when the stock begins to crash we will be able to identify it by using the technical indicators so immeadiately we will be selling it and hence we will not be losing very large amount of money. So I think strategy 2 is the best. Yes I was surprised by the results since after 26 years the small amount of money invested each month has added up to a very large amount of money.