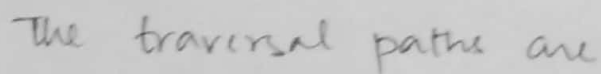


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$$d \rightarrow e$$
 $e \rightarrow j$ $\phi \rightarrow \psi$
$$\phi \rightarrow h$$
$$h \rightarrow \zeta$$
$$S \rightarrow K$$

White

a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, j, k, p, s

Gray

a, b, c, p, f, d, e, j, g, h, s, k

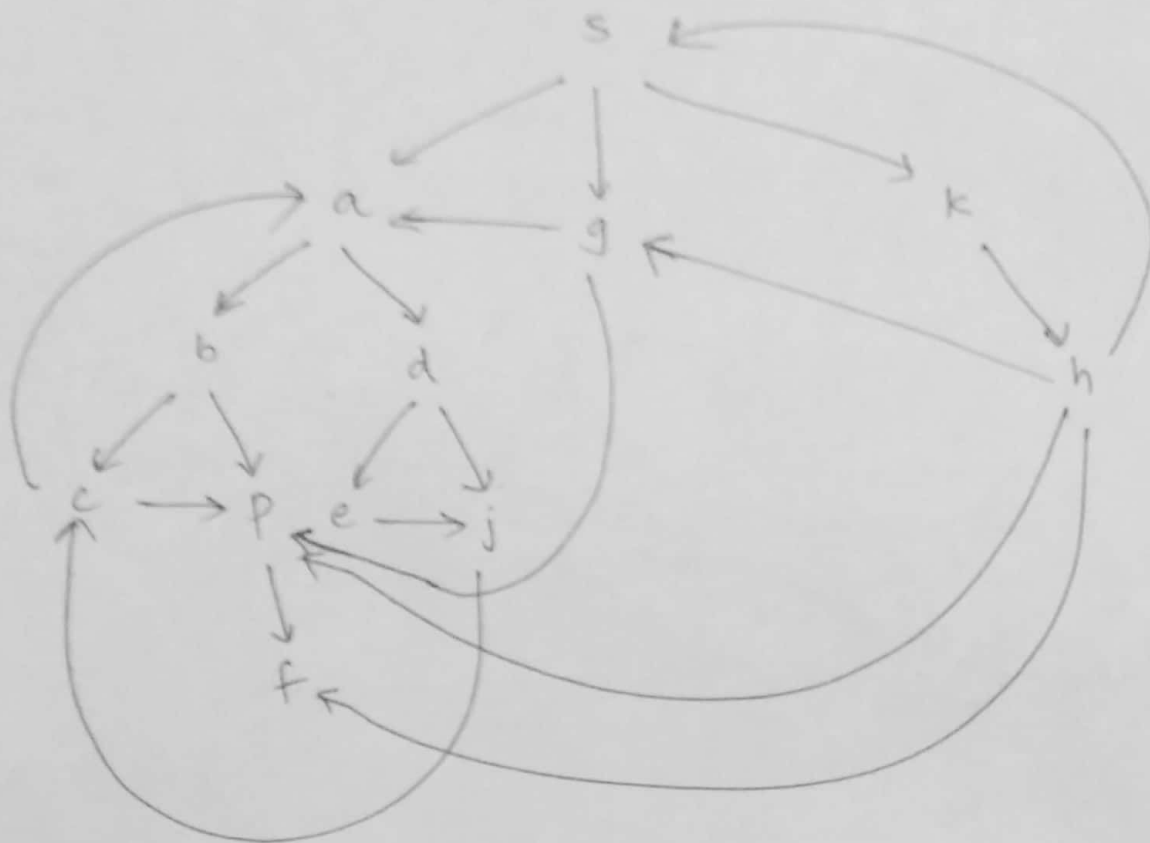
Black

f, p, c, b, j, e, d, a, g, k, s, h.

Hence, the output of Depth-First-Search would be f, p, c, b, j, e, d, a, g, k, s, h.

2. list all the edges that belong to set of back edges, forward edges and cross edges.

Sol. The graph given can be redrawn as shown.



Back Edges

$h \rightarrow s$

$c \rightarrow a$

Forward Edges

—

Cross Edges

$c \rightarrow p$

$e \rightarrow j$

$g \rightarrow a$

$h \rightarrow g$

$j \rightarrow c$

$h \rightarrow p$

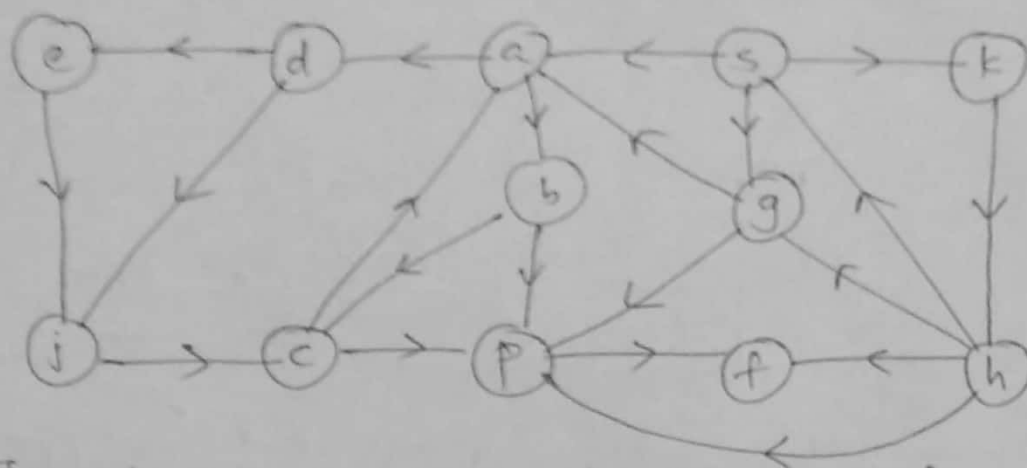
$h \rightarrow f$

$g \rightarrow p$

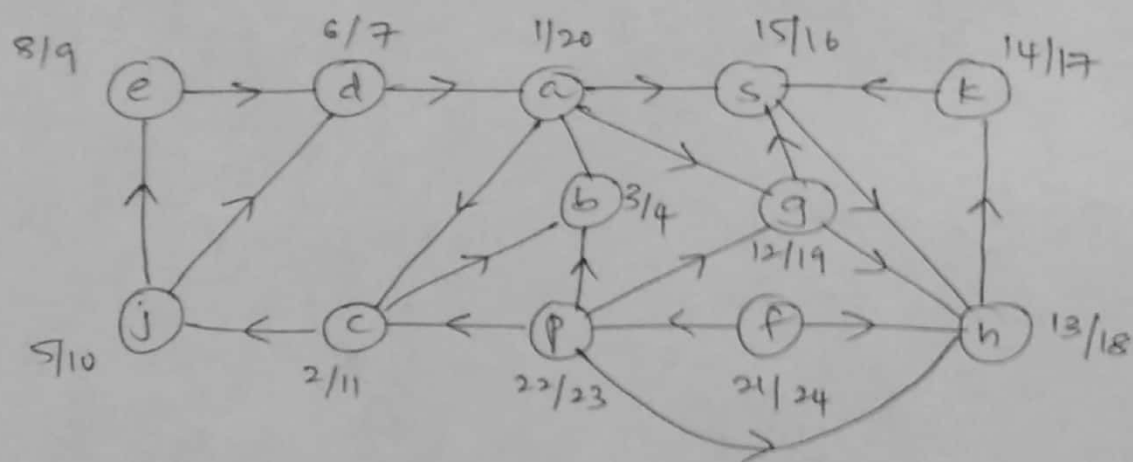
3. Identify the strongly connected components and draw the components graph.

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The graph is shown below.



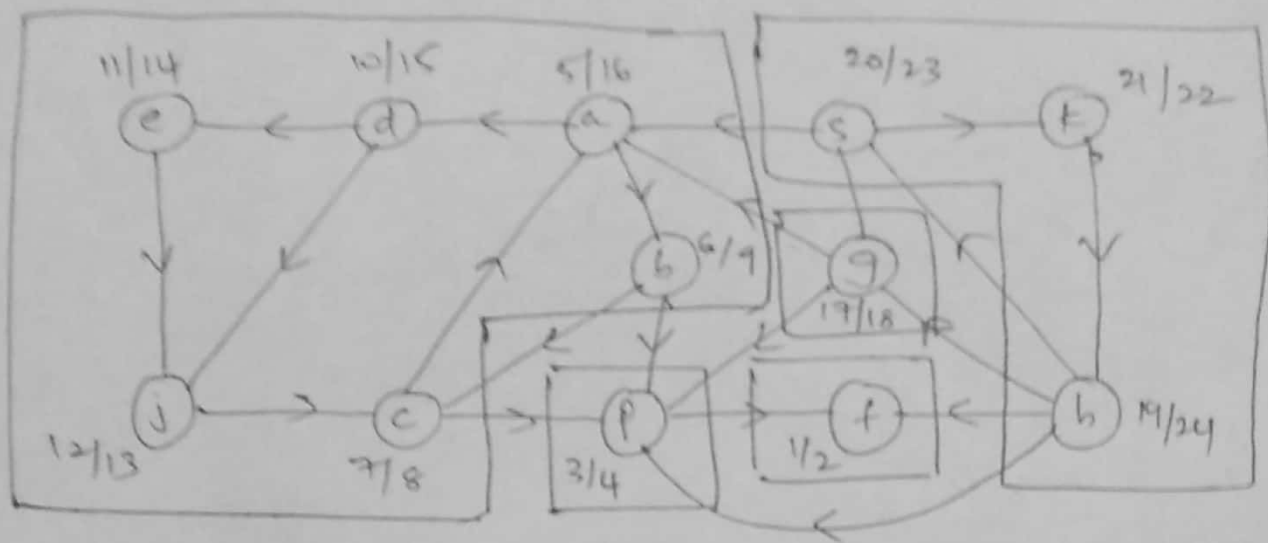
This when reversed can be shown as follows



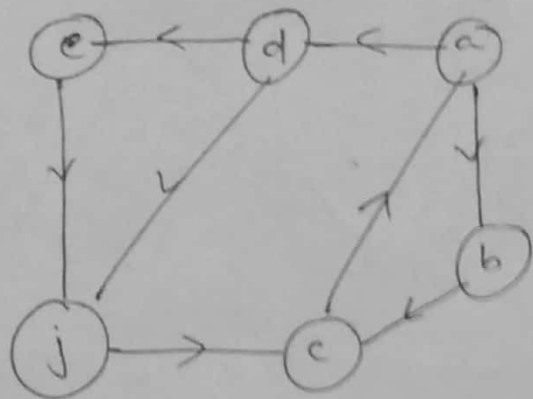
When the denominators are arranged in descending order, we have

f, p, a, g, h, k, s, c, j, e, d, b

Now redrawing the original graph with the same order, we have

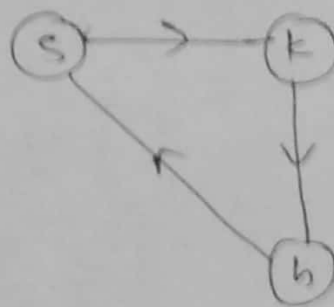


And performing DFS, with f, p, a, g, h, k, s, c, j, e, d, b in order, we have 5 connected (strongly connected) graphs



(g)

(p)



(f)