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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp;Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Wrong Marks : 0/1

3. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int front;
  int rear:
  int size;
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
 if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
    return;
  queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
  queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
  if (queue->size == 0) {
    return -1;
  int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
  queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->size--;
```

```
return data;
int main() {
      Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
enqueue(&queue, 4);
printf("%d " dc
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
    1234
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
```

5. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

```
Answer
```

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
{
   Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
   if(isEmpty())
   {
      head.setNext(temp);
      temp.setNext(trail);
   }
   else
   {
      Node cur=head.getNext();
      while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
      {
            cur=cur.getNext();
      }
      cur.setNext(temp);
   }
   size++;
}

Answer
Insert at the rear end of the dequeue
```

8. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

Status: Correct

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 1/1

9. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Stack

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

11. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
   int* arr;
   int front;
   int rear;
   int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
   Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
   queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
   queue->front = -1;
   queue->rear = -1;
```

```
return queue;
      queue->size = 0;
    int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
      return (queue->size == 0);
    int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
      return 0;
    Answer
    Is the queue empty? 1
Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks:
    13. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?
    Answer
    First In First Out
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
    14. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?
contain?
    InsertFront(10);
    InsertFront(20);
    InsertRear(30);
    DeleteFront();
    InsertRear(40);
    InsertRear(10);
    DeleteRear();
    InsertRear(15);
    display();
    Answer
    10 30 40 15
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   typedef struct {
    int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
   } Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = 0;
      queue->rear = -1;
      queue->size = 0;
      return queue;
int main() {
```

```
Queue* queue = createQueue();
printf("%d", queue->size);
return 0;
}

Answer
0
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

Enqueue and Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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