# Genome Annotation

Day 2

# Goals of Annotation

- Find transposable elements
- Find protein coding genes
  - o Exons
  - Start/Stop/Splice sites
  - o Introns
- Find regulatory elements

- Find non coding RNA elements
- Name and classify results
  - Putative gene name
  - Functional identification
  - Pathway identification
- EST annotation



# The first step...

# Repeat Masking

Speeds up gene predictions

#### **BUT...**

Tandem array elements can be part of genes

#### THEREFORE...

Mask only Interspersed repeats (i.e. TEs)

# The next step...

#### **Prediction Methods**

- Homology based (map to genome)
  - o Known proteins (or repeats)
  - o ESTs
- Pattern matching



Exonerate
EST2Genome
GeneWise
GeneMapper
BLAST
RepeatMasker

# Prediction Methods

- De novo
  - Prediction models
  - Conserved regions
  - o ORFs
- Commonly Markov models

Zentrum für Bioinformatik SZBH



Augustus
GeneMark
Eugene
GlimmerHMM
LTRharvest

# Training Data

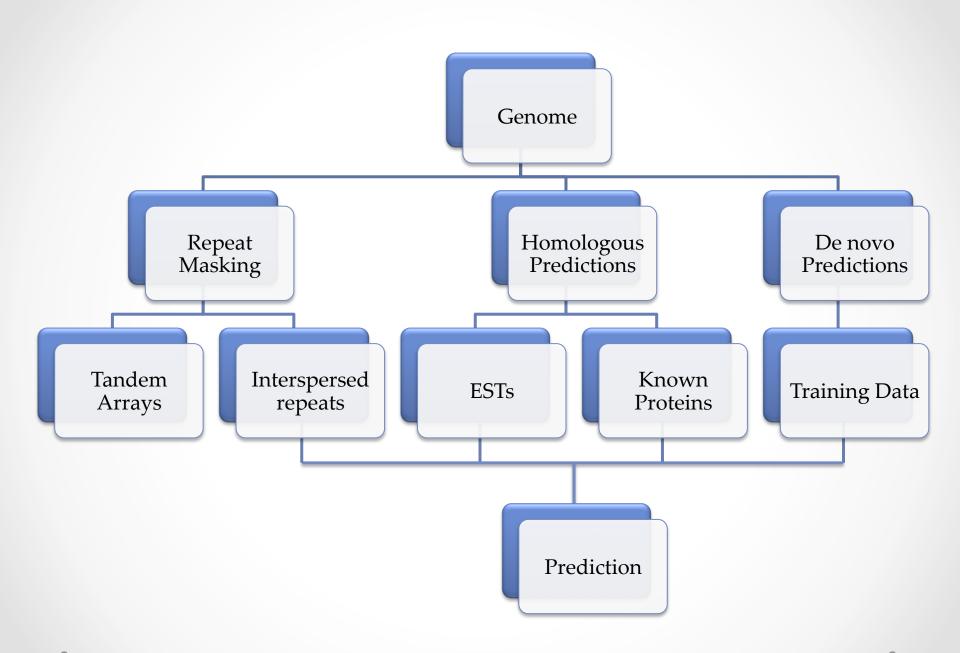
- Well annotated genes mapped to the genome
  - Homologous genes
  - Experimentally verified
  - Manually Annotated

#### **Unfortunately...**

Novel genomes do not come with training data



# The final step...



# **Automated Annotation**

- Programs that combine various sources of information
- MAKER (MWAS)
- CEGMA



# MAKER Web Annotation Service

Your Genome Annotated

# But first;

# choose your scaffolds to annotate

not logged-in | sign in

#### Welcome to the MAKER Web Annotation Service

Log into your account below, or you can access the server as a guest. While there is no login requirement for this site, users are highly encouraged to set up an account. Use the "New user registration" link to register a new account. Registration is free, and has several benefits. Registered users can submit up to 5,000,000 base pairs of sequence for each annotation job. Guest users are limited to 500,000 base pairs per annotation job submission. Registered users receive e-mail notifications as to the status of their jobs, have persistance of results on the server, and their jobs/results are protected by extra layers of security.



© 2007-2009 Mark Yandell Valid CSS/XHTML 1.0

Denovo Annotation SEST Evidence Protein Homology Evidence **Configure Repeat Masking** Choose Your Gene-predictor(s) Already Have Your Own Gene Models/Ab-inito Predictions? Annotation Properties

#### Welcome to the MAKER Web Annotation Service (MWAS)

To get started just click on "New Job" above. You can then submit a sequence for annotation or select from a list of pre-loaded example annotation jobs. Once a job has been added to the queue you can see your job's run status as well as the results below. You can also see your jobs position in the execution queue relative to other user's jobs by clicking "Job Queue" above. For more infomation on using the MAKER Web Annotation Service, click on "Help" above.



#### Your Jobs (1)

JobID	Description	Job Status	Start Time	Finish Time	Log	View Results	<b>3</b>
<u>6664</u>	Sinvicta good scaffolds	results ready	06/10/2012 06:05	06/10/2012 09:38			

#### Good Points

- Fast
- Discover novel genes
- Allows for bulk annotation

#### **Bad Points**

- Perpetuates errors
- Low accuracy
- Don't always know exactly what has been done

#### Only proteins recognizable as proteins

Predictions are frequently biased towards shorter proteins

Short exons/genes can be missed

Multiple sources of predictions are needed for some genes, others are better with fewer sources

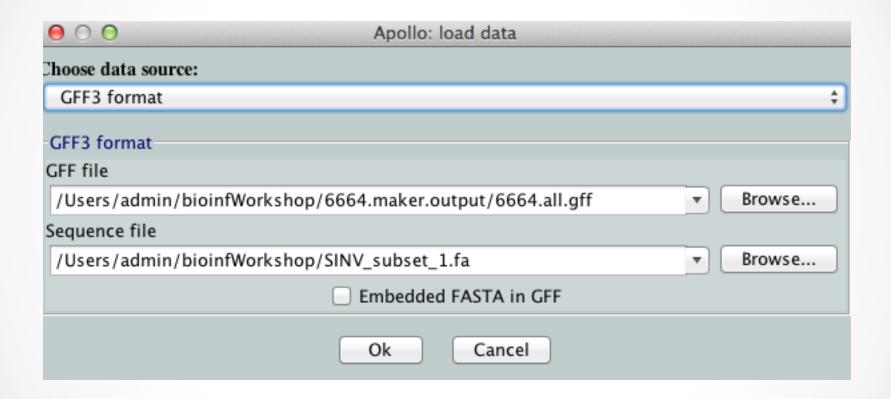
Protein coding genes only

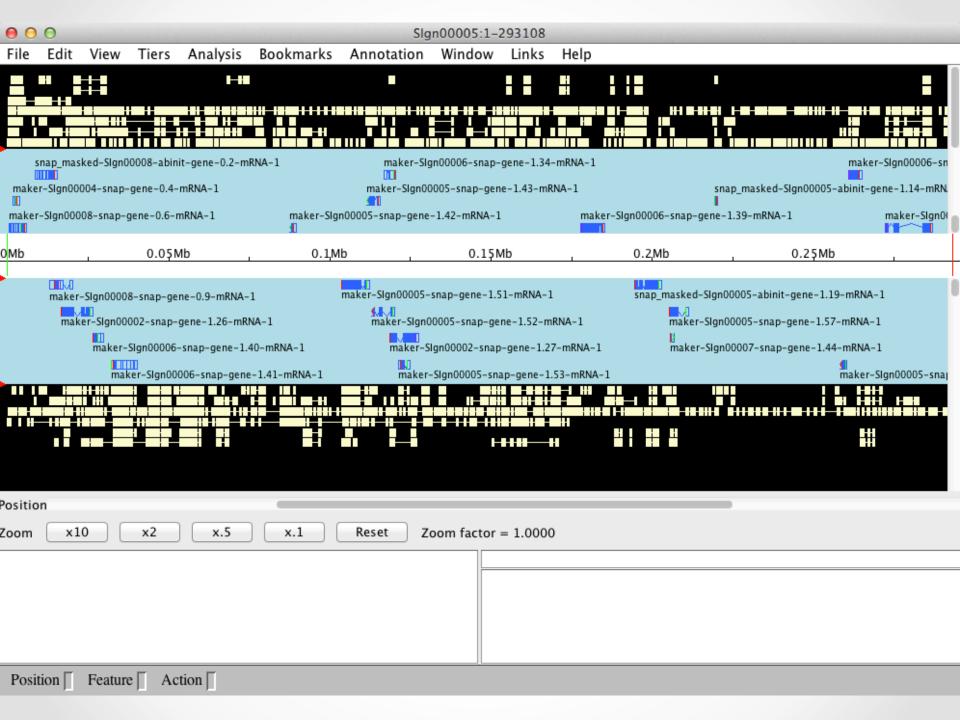
Some programs are designed for sensitivity and some specificity

The bias towards fragmented genes or chimeric genes depends on the software

# Manual Annotation

- Visualization and editing tools
- Apollo
- Integrative Genomics Viewer
- Genome Browser





#### Good Points

- Accurate
- Know exactly what has been done

#### **Bad Points**

- Very Slow
- Can't work in bulk
- Humanbias