Setup Guide

Overview

This guide walks through deploying a scalable and cost-efficient Flask-based web application on DigitalOcean Kubernetes (DOKS). This app is containerized in Docker, deployed via Kubernetes manifests, exposed with a load balancer, and horizontally scaled using CPU-based autoscaling.

Prerequisites

The following tools must be installed and configured:

- Docker
- kubectl
- doctl
- git

Instructions

Step 1: Clone the repository

```
git clone https://github.com/YOUR-USERNAME/birthday-reminder-doks.git
cd birthday-reminder-doks
```

Step 2: Build and Push the Docker Image

1. Log into your DOCR registry:

```
doctl registry login
```

2. Tag and push the image:

```
docker build -t birthday-app .
docker tag birthday-app registry.digitalocean.com/<your-registry-
name>/birthday-app:latest
docker push registry.digitalocean.com/<your-registry-
name>/birthday-app:latest
```

Step 3: Provision a Kubernetes Cluster on DOKS

1. Create .env as a Kubernetes Secret:

```
kubectl create secret generic birthday-app-secrets --from-env-
file=.env
```

2. Create a new cluster:

```
doctl kubernetes cluster create birthday-cluster \
   --region nyc3 \
   --version 1.33.1-do.0 \
   --count 2 \
   --size s-2vcpu-4gb
```

NOTE: This action can also be performed on the DigitalOcean Dashboard

3. Save cluster credentials:

```
doctl kubernetes cluster kubeconfig save birthday-cluster kubectl get nodes
```

Step 4: Allow Private Image Pulls from DOCR

```
doctl registry kubernetes-manifest --cluster birthday-cluster |
kubectl apply -f -
```

Step 5: Deploy the Application

Apply the following Kubernetes manifests, which can be found in the project directory:

```
kubectl apply -f k8/deployment.yaml
kubectl apply -f k8/service.yaml
kubectl apply -f k8/hpa.yaml
```

Step 6: Access the Application

1. Get the external IP for the load balancer:

kubectl get svc

2. Visit this URL in a web browser:

https://<external-ip>

3. At this point, a basic web UI containing mock birthday reminders should appear.

Step 7: Verify Horizontal Pod Autoscaling (optional)

1. Watch the current state of HPA autoscaling

```
kubectl get hpa -w
```

- 2. In a separate console, simulate CPU load:
 ab -n 10000 -c 100 http://<external-ip>/
- 3. Return to the original terminal, then wait and confirm that pods are scaling up properly