

Program 8:

WAP that demonstrates handling of exceptions in inheritance tree. Create a base class called "Father" & derived class "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age & throws the exception WrongAge when the input age < 0 . In Son class, implement a constructor that calls both father and son's age and throws an exception if son's age \geq father's age.

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class WrongAge extends Exception {
```

```
    int f, s;
```

```
    WrongAge(int fage, int sage) {
```

```
        f = fage;
```

```
        s = sage;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public String toString() {
```

```
        return "Please enter the correct ages as father's age can't be less than or equal to the son's age.";
```

```
    }
```

```
class NegativeAge extends Exception {
```

```
    int x;
```

```
    NegativeAge(int fage) {
```

```
        x = fage;
```

```
    }
```

```
    public String toString() {
```

```
        return "Age can't be a negative value.";
```

```
    }
```

```
class Father
```

```
{
```

```
    int fage;
```

```
    Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
```

Father() throws NegativeAge

```
System.out.println("Enter the father's age.");
```

```
age = in.nextInt();
```

```
if (age < 0) {
```

```
    throw new NegativeAge(age);
```

```
} }
```

```
class Son extends Father
```

```
{
```

```
    int sage;
```

```
    Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    Son() throws NegativeAge, WrongAge {
```

```
        super();
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter the son's age?");
```

```
        sage = in.nextInt();
```

```
        if (sage < 0)
```

```
        {
```

```
            throw new NegativeAge(sage);
```

```
        }
```

```
        if (sage >= fage) {
```

```
            throw new WrongAge(fage, sage);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
class AgeDisplay {
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```
        try {
```

```
            Son s = new Son();
```

```
        }
```

```
        catch (NegativeAge n) {
```

```
            System.out.println("Exception: " + n);
```

```
        }
```

```
        catch (WrongAge w) {
```

```
            System.out.println("Exception: " + w);
```

```
        }
```


Program 7:

WAP to demonstrate generics with multiple object parameters.

```
import java.util.*;  
class Genirics <T> {  
    T var1;  
    void Genirics(T gvar) {  
        Var1 = gvar;  
    }  
    T Gdisplay() {  
        return var1;  
    }  
}  
public class App {  
    public static void main (String[] args) throws Exception {  
        System.out.println(" PLEASE ENTER STUDENT DETAILS");  
        Scanner Minp = new Scanner (System.in);  
        Genirics<Integer> Rollno = new Genirics<Integer> (1);  
        Genirics<String> Name = new Genirics<String> ();  
        System.out.println (" NAME:");  
        String Sname = Minp.nextLine();  
        Name.Genirics(Sname);  
        System.out.println (" USN:");  
        int Sroll = Minp.nextInt();  
        Rollno.Genirics(Sroll);  
        System.out.println (" DISPLAY\n STUDENT DETAILS\n");  
        System.out.println (" NAME:" + Name.Gdisplay());  
        System.out.println (" USN:" + Rollno.Gdisplay());  
        Minp.close();  
    }  
}
```