SHEET-1 In [1]: #2. Perform Following on Python Shell Window 5**9 In [2]: Out[2]: 1953125 In [3]: 3//2 Out[3]: 1 In [4]: 7//3 Out[4]: 2 In [5]: 7/3 Out[5]: 2.3333333333333333 In [6]: 6==6 Out[6]: True In [7]: a = 20; a+= 30; a%=3; print(a) 2 In [8]: True is False Out[8]: False False in 'False' In [9]: Traceback (most recent call last) <ipython-input-9-2d8d452715a3> in <module> ----> 1 False in 'False' TypeError: 'in <string>' requires string as left operand, not bool ((True == False) or (False > True)) and (False <= True) In [10]: Out[10]: False #3. Try to get following output from two python strings s1="Nice to have it" In [12]: s2="here" In [13]: s1+" "+s2 In [14]: 'Nice to have it here' Out[14]: #4. Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" In [15]: a = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7] In [16]: In [17]: a[3][1][2] Out[17]: ['hello'] In [18]: #5. Try to insert above strings s1 and s2 in the list 'a' mentioned in que 4, in the beginning and end of it respectively [s1]+a[0:]+[s2] Out[19]: ['Nice to have it', [3, 4], [5, [100, 200, ['hello']], 23, 11], 'here'] #6. Write a Python program to print all even numbers from a given numbers list in the same order and stop the printing if any numbers that come after 237 in t In [20]: numbers = [386, 462, 47, 418, 907, 344, 236, 375, 823, 566, 597, 978, 328, 615, 953, 345, 399, 162, 758, 219, 918, 237, 412, 566, 826, 248, 866, 950, 626, 949 In [21]: 742, 717, 958,743, 527] for i in numbers: In [22]: **if** i%2==0 and i<=237: print(i,end=" ") 236 162 104 58 24 #7. Write a Python program to print out a set containing all the colours from color_list_1 which are not present in color_list_2. In [23]: color_list_1 = set(["White", "Black", "Red"]) color_list_2 = set(["Red", "Green"]) l=set([]) In [25]: for i in color_list_1: if i not in color_list_2: l.add(i) In [26]: 1 Out[26]: {'Black', 'White'} #8. WAP to find if the given input string is Pangram or not In [27]: In [29]: s=input("enter the sentence: ") letter="abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz" flag=1 for ch in letter: if ch not in s: flag=0 break if flag==0: print("not pangram") else: print("pangram") enter the sentence: hones is the bes policy not pangram In [30]: #9. Write a Python program that accepts an integer (n) and computes the value of In [31]: n=int(input("enter the number: ")) a=(n+((n*10)+n)+((n*100)+(n*10)+n))print(a) enter the number: 5 615 In [32]: #10. Write a python program to take input from console in following fashion 23 54 12#98 3 17 and generate the corresponding two list having integers inside (n In [33]: s=input("enter a fashion: ") a, b=s.split("#") x=a.split(" ") y=b.split(" ") 11=[] 12=[] for i in x: 11.append(int(i)) for j in y: 12.append(int(j)) print(l1) print(12) enter a fashion: 23 54 12#98 3 17 [23, 54, 12] [98, 3, 17] In [34]: #11. Write a program that accepts a comma separated sequence of words as input and prints the words in a comma-separated sequence after sorting them alphabeti In [35]: words=input("enter a comma seperated words: ").split(',') words.sort() s=','.join(words) print(s) enter a comma seperated words: without, hello, bag, world bag, hello, without, world #12. Write a Python function to find the name of person obtained highest marks in exam from given dictionary In [36]: d = {'Student':['Rahul', 'Kishore', 'Vidhya', 'Raakhi'], 'Marks':[57,87,67,79]} In [37]: l1=tuple(d['Marks']) d['Marks'].sort() print(d['Student'][l1.index(d['Marks'][-1])]) Kishore #13. Write a program that accepts a sentence and calculate the number of letters and digits. Suppose the following input is supplied to the program: In [38]: s="hello world! 123" In [39]: LETTERS=DIGIT=0 for i in s: if i.isalpha(): LETTERS+=1 elif i.isdigit(): DIGIT+=1 print('LETTERS {} \n DIGITS {}'.format(LETTERS,DIGIT)) LETTERS 10 DIGITS 3 In [40]: #14. Write a python function which creates a new dictionary of students from a given Dataset of various subject to a specific subject or topic only. Example Dataset d = {'Name':['Akash','Soniya','Vishakha','Akshay','Rahul','Vikas'],'Subject':['Python','Java','Python','C','Python','Java'],'Ratings':[8.4, 7.8, 8, 9, 8.2, 5. In [41]: x=list(zip(d['Name'],d['Subject'],d['Ratings'])) In [42]: y=[] for i in range(len(x)): **if** x[i][1]=='Python': y.append(x[i]) 11=[] 12=[] 13=[] for i in range(len(y)): 11.append(y[i][0]) 12.append(y[i][1]) 13.append(y[i][2]) d1={} d1['Name']=11 d1['Subject']=12 d1['Ratings']=13 print(d1) {'Name': ['Akash', 'Vishakha', 'Rahul'], 'Subject': ['Python', 'Python', 'Python'], 'Ratings': [8.4, 8, 8.2]} In [43]: #15. Define a class with a generator which can iterate the numbers, which are divisible by 7, between a given range 0 and n. def divby7(n): In [44]: for i in range(1,n): **if** i%7==0: yield i

##16. A robot moves in a plane starting from the original point (0,0). The robot can move toward UP, DOWN, LEFT and RIGHT with a given steps. The trace of rob

#The numbers after the direction are steps. Please write a program to compute the distance from current position after a sequence of movement and original poi

n=int(input())
k=divby7(n)
for i in k:
 print(i)

> #DOWN 3 #LEFT 3 #RIGHT 2

> round(d)

the steps are 2

x=1[0][1]-1[1][1] y=1[2][1]-1[3][1]

d=int((((x**2)+(y**2))**(0.5)))

print('the steps are {}'.format(d))

l=[['up',5],['down',3],['left',3],['right',2]]

In [45]:

In [46]:

In []: