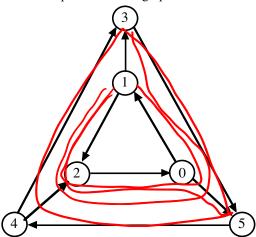


Spring 2019 Test 3

CSE 23	20 Name $\bigvee_{\mathbf{v}}$
Test 3	Your name as it appears on your UTA ID Card
Spring	
	e Choice:
	Write the letter or value for your answer on the line () to the LEFT of each problem.
	CIRCLED ANSWERS DO NOT COUNT.
3.	
	pose the compressed adjacency list representation is used for a directed graph with n vertices and m edges. The value
	red at the last entry of the tailTab is:
M	
2. Fo	a double hash table with $\alpha = 0.75$ (without deletions), the upper bound on the expected number of probes for
un	uccessful search is:
4	uccessful search is: $\frac{1}{175} = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$
3. Pa	
	h compression is part of which disjoint subset implementation? A. Implementation 1 B. Implementation 2 Note: 15. Page
	C Implementation 3 D. All three implementations
	pose a depth-first search on a directed graph yields a path of tree edges from vertex X to vertex Y and a path of tree
eda	es from vertex X to Z. If there is also an edge from Z to X, then its type will be:
_A	A. Back R. Cross C. Forward D. Tree
_	ich edge is chosen in a phase of Kruskal's algorithm?
_U	A. The unprocessed edge (x, y) of smallest weight such that find $(x) = \text{find}(y)$
	B. An edge of maximum-weight in a cycle (to be excluded) C. An edge that is on a shortest path from the source - Uoko 15
	C. An edge that is on a shortest path from the source - Voks 15 Page 6
7 TI	The unprocessed edge (x, y) of smallest weight such that find(x)!=find(y)
OX In	e capacity of any cut is:
	A. A lower bound on the maximum flow. C. The same as the capacity of all other cuts. B. An upper bound on the maximum flow. D. The same as the maximum attainable flow.
7 511	D. The same as the capacity of all other cuts. D. The same as the maximum attainable flow. Depose a directed graph has a path from vertex X to vertex Y, but no path from vertex Y to vertex X. The relationship ween the finish times for depth-first search is:
7. Su bet	ween the finish times for depth-first search is:
A	A finish(X) > finish(Y) B. finish(X) < finish(Y) $ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	C. finish(X) = finish(Y) D. could be either A. or B.
X Su	opose an instance of bipartite matching has 4 vertices in the left column, 8 vertices in the right column, and 17 edges.
	e number of edges in the corresponding instance of network flow is:
Th	e relationship of the net flow across a cut and the amount of flow from the source to the sink is:
	A. They are equal.
	B. The amount of flow does not exceed the net flow.

C. The net flow does not exceed the amount of flow.

10. What is the number of strongly connected components in this graph?



The capacity of the following cut is

. (S vertices are bold.)

12. A topological ordering of a directed graph may be computed by:

A Ordering the vertices by descending finish time after DES

A Ordering the vertices by descending finish time after DFS

P. Ordering the vertices by ascending discovery time after DFS

C. Ordering the vertices by ascending finish time after DFS

D. Ordering the vertices by descending discovery time after DFS

13. During a breadth-first search, the status of a gray vertex is:

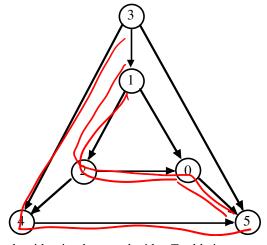
_ A It is in the FIFO queue.

B. It has been completely processed.

Non 14.E

It is undiscovered.D. It is in the priority queue.

14. What is the number of strongly connected components in this graph?



0

15. The worst-case time for Prim's algorithm implemented with a T-table is:

 Θ A. Θ (E log V)

(B) $\theta(V^2 + E)$

C. $\theta(V \log E)$

D. $\theta(V \log V)$

- Water 14.B

16. When using two breadth-first searches to find the diameter of a tree, the purpose of the first search is to find:

A. all vertices that could be an end of a diameter. B

B. both ends of a diameter.

C. one end of a diameter.

D. the number of edges in the diameter.

The worst-case time for Dijkstra's algorithm implemented with a minheap is:

A. $\theta(V + E)$

(B) θ (E log V)

C. $\theta(V \log V)$

D. $\theta(V \log E)$

18. Before searching for a minimum cut in a network, it is useful to do the following:

A. Find one augmenting path.

- B. Perform a breadth-first search on the input network.
- C. Determine the type of each edge using depth-first search.
- D. Find and record augmenting paths until none remains.

19. Which person listed below has not won the Turing Award?

A. Dijkstra

B. Goldberg

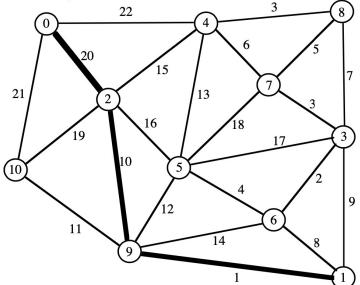
What is the Edmonds-Karp variant?

A. Searching a residual network for an a N. Tarjan C Karp

- A. Searching a residual network for an augmenting path of maximum capacity.
- (B) Using BFS to search a residual network for an augmenting path.
- C. Using DFS to search a residual network for an augmenting path.
- D. Using the capacity of cuts to bound the amount of flow.

Long Answer

1. What are the entries in the heap (for Prim's algorithm) before <u>and</u> after moving the next vertex and edge into the minimum spanning tree? DO NOT COMPLETE THE ENTIRE MST!!! Edges already in the MST are the thick ones. Edges currently not in the MST are the narrow ones. You do <u>not</u> need to show the binary tree for the heap ordering. 10 points.

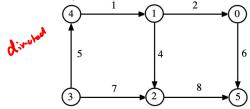


2. Consider the following hash table whose keys were stored by double hashing using $h_1(\text{key}) = \text{key } \% \ 11$ and $h_2(\text{key}) = 1 + (\text{key } \% \ 10)$. **Show your work**.

```
220
1
      660
2
      442
3
      333
4
5
      555
6
7
      777
8
      882
9
      999
10
```

- a. Suppose 111 is to be inserted (using double hashing). Which slot will be used? (5 points)
- b. Suppose 1001 is to be inserted (using double hashing) after 111 has been stored. Which slot will be used? (5 points)

3. Show the *compressed* adjacency list representation for this weighted, directed graph. (Answers using conventional adjacency lists will receive no credit.) 10 points.

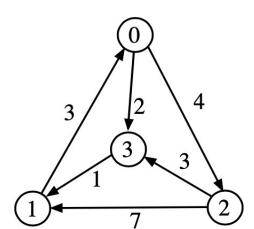


head	Jalo
near	-

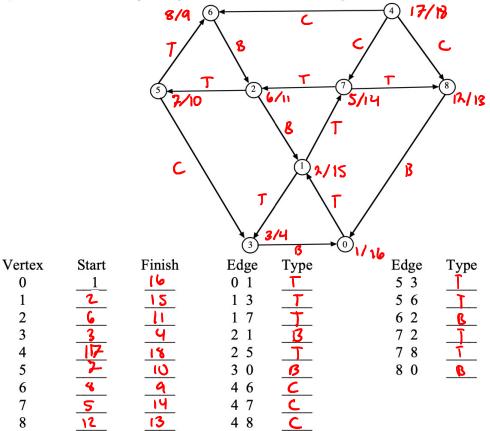
	index	very	weizar
0	0	S	C W
	0	0	2
1	2	2	4
٤	<u>-3</u> -	5	 8
	-4-	2	7
\$	5	4	5
4	<u>-</u>	- T -	1

Hall	tas
0	0
t	1
2	3
3	4
4	6
5	マ
6	7

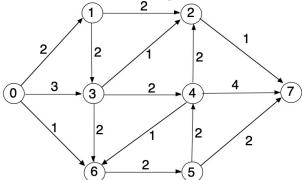
4. Demonstrate the Floyd-Warshall algorithm, *with successors*, for the following graph. The paths indicated in the final matrix must have *at least one* edge. You *are not* required to show the intermediate matrices. 10 points.



5. Perform depth-first search on the following graph, including start/finish times and edge types (T=tree, B=back, C=cross, F=forward.) Assume that the adjacency lists are <u>ordered</u>. Write your answer in the tables below. 10 points



6. Give augmenting paths for determining a maximum flow and give a minimum cut for the following network. 0 is the source and 7 is the sink. 10 points.



Minimum Cut:

S vertices: 0 T vertices: 7

Augmenting Paths and Contribution to Flow: