

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### 2028\_REC\_OOPS using Java\_Week 10\_Q4

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 10  
Marks Obtained : 10

#### Section 1 : COD

##### 1. Problem Statement

In a ticket reservation system, you store the available seat numbers in a TreeSet. Users input their desired seat number, and the program checks whether the chosen seat is available.

Using a TreeSet ensures quick and efficient verification of seat availability, ensuring a smooth and organized ticket booking process.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains a single integer  $n$ , representing the number of available seats.

The second line contains  $n$  space-separated integers, representing the available seat numbers.

The third line contains an integer m, representing the seat number that needs to be searched.

### **Output Format**

The output displays "[m] is present!" if the given seat is available. Otherwise, it displays "[m] is not present!"

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 4

2 4 5 6

5

Output: 5 is present!

### **Answer**

```
import java.util.Set;
import java.util.TreeSet;
import java.util.Scanner;
class NumberChecker{
    private Set<Integer> numberSet;
    public NumberChecker(Set<Integer> numberSet){
        this.numberSet=numberSet;
    }
    public void addNumbers(int[] numbers){
        for(int number : numbers){
            numberSet.add(number);
        }
    }
    public String checkNumber(int number){
        return numberSet.contains(number)?number+" is present!":number+" is not present!";
    }
}
class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner scanner=new Scanner(System.in);
        int numberOfElements=scanner.nextInt();
        int[] numbers=new int[numberOfElements];
```

```
for (int i=0;i<numberOfElements;i++){  
    numbers[i]=scanner.nextInt();  
}  
int elementToCheck=scanner.nextInt();  
scanner.close();  
Set<Integer> numberSet=new TreeSet<>();  
NumberChecker numberChecker=new NumberChecker(numberSet);  
numberChecker.addNumbers(numbers);  
System.out.println(numberChecker.checkNumber(elementToCheck));  
}  
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10