Roll	No.:	

National Institute of Technology, Delhi

Name of the Examination: B. Tech.

Branch

: CSE

Semester

:111

Title of the Course

:Discrete Structure

Course Code :CSL 201

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 25

- 1. If x, y are any two elements of a group G, then prove that $(xy)^{-1} = y^{-1}x^{-1}$. [3 Marks]
- 2. Let G be a set consisting of all the order pair (x,y) such that x,y belongs to R and $x \neq 0$. A composition * is defined as follow:

$$(x,y)*(z,w) = (xz,yz+w)$$

Then show that (G,*) is a non-abelian group. [3 Marks]

- 3. Consider the function $g: R \to R$, $g(x) = x^2$. Do we also have that two distinct real's have distinct images? [2 Marks]
- 4. Let $f: X \to Y$ and $g: Y \to Z$ be two injective functions. Prove that $g \circ f$ is also injective. [3 Marks]
- 5. If you have 10 black socks and 10 white socks, and you are picking socks randomly, you will only need to pick three to find a matching pair. [2 Marks]
- 6. Prove that if x is a real number, then
- 7. Verify by truth table that (P IMPLIES Q) OR (Q IMPLIES P) is valid? [2 Marks]
- 8. Let P and Q be propositional formulas. Describe a single formula, R, using only AND's, OR's, NOT's, and copies of P and Q, such that R is valid iff P and Q are equivalent. [2 Marks]
- 9. A set of propositional formulas P_1 ; :::; P_k is consistent iff there is an environment in which they are all true. Write a formula, S, so that the set P_1 ; :::; P_k is not consistent iff S is valid. [2 Marks]
- 10.If A and B are sets, prove that A U B=(A-B) U B. [2 Marks]
- 11.If A, B, C and D are sets does it mean that $(A \oplus B) \oplus (C \oplus D) = (A \oplus D) \oplus (B \oplus D)$ [2 Marks]
- 12. Find the matrix of relation R from A to B and S from B to A relative to the ordering given and Also find the RS, SR, SRS and RSR using matrix. [2 Marks]
 - i. $R=\{(a,1),(b,2),(c,3),(b,3),(c,4)\}$
 - ii. $S=\{(1,d),(3,c),(4,a),(2,b)\}$