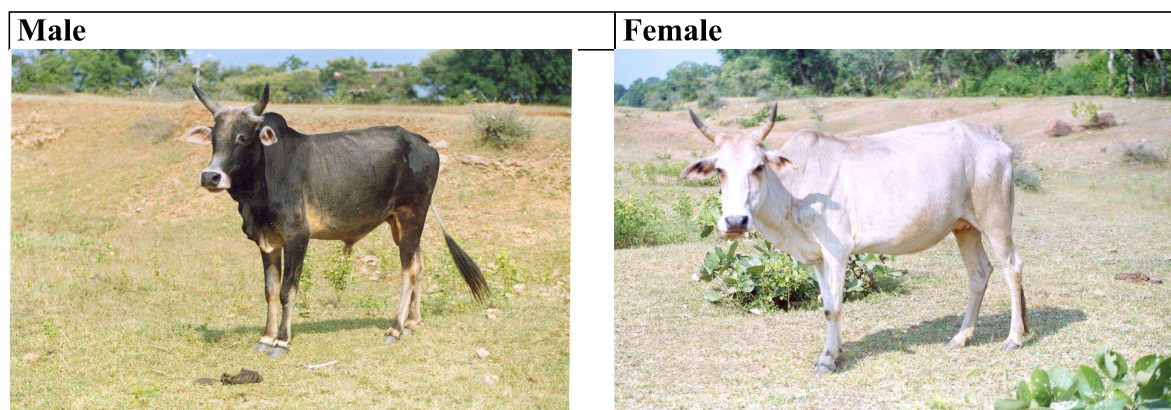


Breed Descriptor of Kenkatha (Cattle)



Breeding Tract			
State: Madhya Pradesh	Tikamgarh		
State: Uttar Pradesh	Banda		
	Hamirpur		
	Lalitpur		
Location			
Longitude (deg.)	78.5 - 81.6		
Latitude (deg.)	24. - 26.		
General Information			
Synonyms	Kenwaria		
Origin	The Kenkantha cattle take their name from the river Ken as they are bred along the banks of this river in the area of Bundelkhand.		
Major utility	Work - Draught		
Comments on utility	Very popular for light draught on road and for cultivation.		
Comments on breeding tract			
Adaptability to environment	They have strong feet and well adapted to the agro-climatic conditions of Bundelkhand region.		
Population			
	Year	Population	Other information
	2013	393291	Source: Estimated Livestock Population Breed Wise Based on Breed Survey 2013. Department of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries, Government of India, New Delhi
Management			
Management system	Extensive		
Mobility	Stationary		
Feeding of adults	Grazing		

Comments on Management	Animals have to cover long distances in search of grazing pastures. Straws and husks from crops are utilised as cattle feed. Only few animals are maintained by each cultivator. Cows and young stock are maintained on grazing only. Pasture is scanty and generally consists of coarse grasses of low nutritive value. Bullocks are usually fed good quality straws. All the animals of a village are taken for grazing by villagers turn by turn.		
Morphology			
Colour	Colour varies from grey on the barrel to dark grey on the rest of body.		
Horn shape and size	Emerge from the outer angles of the poll in markedly forward direction and terminate in sharp points.		
Visible characteristics	Small, sturdy and fairly powerful animal. Horns directed forwards.		
	Male	Female	Overall
Height (avg. cm.)	127.0	132.0	
Body Length (avg. cm.)	119.0	114.0	
Heart girth (avg. cm.)	178.0	168.0	
Body weight (avg. kg.)	350.0	300.0	
Birth weight (avg. kg.)	19.2	18.9	
Performance			
	Average	Minimum	Maximum
Any Peculiarity of the breed	They thrive on poor feed and fodder resources.		