

FM Support

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Setup sherpas

1. Copy fm cert file(fm_rev_proxy_cert.pem) from <static_dir>/certs to sherpa's /opt/ati/config directory
2. Add this patch to /opt/ati/config/config.toml in the mule

```
[fleet]
api_key = <api_key>
chassis_number = <chassis_number>
ip=<fm_ip_address>
port="443"
fm_cert_file="/app/config/fm_rev_proxy_cert.pem"
```

Access Config Editor

1. The config editor should be accessible at <https://<fm_ip>/config_editor>

2. Credentials for login in to config editor can be obtained from docker-compose_v<fm_version>.yml file (would be available in the static folder on the FM server).

```
ME_CONFIG_BASICAUTH_USERNAME: ****  
ME_CONFIG_BASICAUTH_PASSWORD: ****
```

Send updates to master fm

1. Check whether FM server has access to sanjaya.atimotors.com by doing a ping

```
ping sanjaya.atimotors.com
```

2. Use config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection master_fm, click on the document to edit it

3. If sanjaya.atimotors.com is accessible, you don't have to follow the remaining steps(steps 4-6) a. Change the below mentioned parameters in the document, save the same

```
api_key: '<api_key generated for the customer>'  
send_updates: true
```

4. If sanjaya.atimotors.com is not accessible but you are able to ssh to FM server via another machine which has access to sanjaya.atimotors.com, then a reverse tunnel can be setup to access sanjaya.atimotors.com

5. To setup reverse tunnel, get mfm_rev_tunnel.tar from the downloads section on the dashboard and copy the same to the machine which has access sanjaya.atimotors.com(pingable) and has ssh access to the FM server, do the following

```
tar -xvf mfm_rev_tunnel.tar ## This is for Linux, something similar has to  
be done for other os  
cd mfm_rev_tunnel  
bash mfm_rev_tunnel.sh <user@fm_server_ip> <client_name>
```

6. ssh into the FM server, set GatewayPorts to yes in /etc/ssh/sshd_config (This will require sudo access) and restart the ssh service

```
sudo systemctl restart ssh
```

6. Follow step 2, Change the below mentioned parameters in the document, save the same

```
  mfm_ip: '<fm_server_ip>'  
  mfm_ip: '9010'  
  http_scheme: 'http'  
  ws_scheme: 'ws'  
  api_key: '<api_key generated for the customer>'  
  send_updates: true
```

Setup auto parking feature

1. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection conditional_trips, click on the document to edit it
2. Edit auto park params, save the same

```
auto_park: {  
    book: true,  
    max_trips: 2, ### max number sherpas that can do auto parked trips  
    simultaneously  
    threshold: 600, ### Threshold in seconds after which sherpa should be  
    sent to parking station if found idle  
    priority: 1 ## trip priority to be given to auto park trips  
}
```

3. [Restart FM](#)

Setup battery swap trips

1. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection conditional_trips, click on the document to edit it
2. Edit battery_swap params, save the same

```
battery_swap: {  
    book: true,  
    max_trips: 2, ### max number sherpas that can do battery swap trips  
    simultaneously  
    threshold: 15, ### Threshold battery level  
    priority: 10 ### trip priority to be given to battery_swap trips  
}
```

3. [Restart FM](#)

Setup optimal dispatch config

1. Optimal dispatch logic tries to allocate the pending trips with the best sherpa available. Choice of best sherpa is made with the parameter \$Z\$

$Z = (\text{eta})^a / (\text{priority})^b$

$\text{priority} = p_1 / p_2$

where,

eta - expected time of arrival computed for the sherpa to reach the first station of the trip booked,

priority - measure of how long a trip has been pending,

p1 - Time since booking of current trip,

p2 - Minimum of time since booking across all the pending trips,

a - eta power factor , $0 < a < 1$,

b - priority power factor , $0 < b < 1$,

2. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection optimal_dispatch, click on the document to edit it

3. **Maximise number of trips done:** To get maximum number of trips done in a given time frame eta_power_factor can be set to 1, priority_power_factor can be set to 0. This will make the optimal dispatch logic to lean towards trips that can be started faster. The trip booking order will not be followed.

```
method: 'hungarian',
prioritise_waiting_stations: true,
eta_power_factor: 1.0,
priority_power_factor: 0.0,
max_trips_to_consider: 5,
```

4. **Fair scheduling:** To configure optimal dispatch logic to take trips in the order they were booked eta_power_factor can be set to 0, priority_power_factor can be set to 1.

```
method: 'hungarian',
prioritise_waiting_stations: true,
eta_power_factor: 0.0,
priority_power_factor: 1.0,
max_trips_to_consider: 5,
```

5. **Custom configuration:** There is no ideal combination of eta_power_factor, priority_power_factor. They should be chosen according to the frequency of trip bookings, route length between the stations to maximise the throughput.

6. For good takt time, eta power factor should be higher, for fair scheduling priority power factor should be set higher.

7. To reduce computation load due to optimal dispatch, max_trips_to_consider can be set to 5. Optimal dispatch logic will consider only the first <max_trips_to_consider> number of trips. Default is set to 5. This can be increased to <number_of_sherpas per fleet> in case there are more than 5 sherpas

```
[optimal_dispatch]
max_trips_to_consider=<number_of_sherpas_per_fleet>
```

Generate api keys

1. To generate api key with hardware id (sherpa or other smart devices)

```
docker exec -it fleet_manager bash
apihw <hardware_id>
```

2. To generate api key for n smart devices

```
docker exec -it fleet_manager bash
apind <number of devices>
```

Setup plugin conveyor

1. Use the config editor, select the database plugin_config, select the collection plugin_conveyor, click on the document to edit it
2. Set activate_plugin to true

```
activate_plugin: true
```

3. Modify max_tote_per_trip if needed. This is the maximum number of totes that the sherpa can carry per trip
4. [Restart FM](#)
5. Conveyors need to be flashed along with fm_server_ip, cert_file and the right api key.

Setup plugin summon buttons

1. Use the config editor, select the database plugin_config, select the collection plugin_summon_button, click on the document to edit it
2. Set activate_plugin to true

```
activate_plugin: true
```

3. [Restart FM](#)

4. Flash summon buttons

Flash summon buttons

1. Connect summon button to your laptop via USB to flash firmware
2. Download FlashTool_SB.tar from downloads section on the dashboard and run the same

```
tar -xvf FlashTool_SB.tar (This is for Linux, use similar commands to  
extract files in other os)  
cd FlashTool_SB  
sudo bash ./install.sh  
sudo bash ./flashtool_8mb.sh
```

3. Upon flashing, reconnect the summon button usb.
4. Press and hold the summon button until LED on the summon button turns blue, and connect to summon button via wifi. For instance you would see something like Summon_192049 in the available/known wifi networks. Upon successful connection to summon button wifi, you will see a summon button UI.
5. Press configure WiFi, choose the preferred network and add the wifi password for the same, save it. Wait until summon button led turns from yellow to blinking red .
6. Repeat step 4 and continue with the steps below
7. Now press configure device, add FM plugin url to HOST. PLUGIN_PORT by default would be 8002

```
ws://<FM_IP>:<PLUGIN_PORT>/plugin/ws/api/v1/summon_button
```

8. Set wifi type: WPA/WPA2
9. Set Mode to WiFi-Only
10. Set HEARTBEAT to disable
11. Set APIKEY and save.

```
X-API-Key:<api_key_generated_with_summon_button_id>
```

12. Press restart device in summon button UI.

Setup plugin IES

Will be added soon

Restart FM

1. If there were code changes/updates, run the following command from the static directory

```
docker-compose -p fm -f docker_compose_v<fm_version> down  
docker-compose -p fm -f docker_compose_v<fm_version> up
```

2. If there were only config changes, restart FM from the dashboard maintenance page

Debug FM

1. Check if there were any queue build ups. The output would show queue build ups if any.

```
docker exec -it fle et_manager bash  
inspect  
rqi
```

2. Check for occurrences of rq errors (rqe) in fleet_manager.log, the output might lead to the issue

```
rqe
```

3. If you are unable to login to FM, Check the docker logs - this should be run outside docker. There might be some errors in the init scripts.

```
docker logs fleet_manager  
docker logs fleet_db
```

Access Postgres DB

1. Get a dump and copy it to the host machine, db_names can be ati_fleet, plugin_conveyor, plugin_summon_button, plugin_ies etc

```
docker exec -it fleet_db bash  
pg_dump -U postgres <db_name> > /home/<db_name>.dump  
exit  
docker cp fleet_db:/home/<db_name>.dump .
```

2. Access db inside FM

```
docker exec -it fleet_manager bash  
psql $FM_DATABASE_URI
```

3. Access db inside fm_plugins

```
docker exec -it fm_plugins bash  
psql $PLUGIN_DATABASE_URI
```

Some docker commands

1. Useful docker commands (run outside container)

```
docker stats  
docker system df  
docker image prune  
docker rmi <image_name>  
docker stop <container_name>  
docker rm <container_name>
```

Update FM with master FM credentials

1. Run the script mentioned below, . You would need login credentials to sanjaya.atimotors.com to complete the update

```
bash ./scripts/update_with_master_fm_cred.sh
```

2. There will be prompts to help you pull the images

```
Sanjaya Username: ### Enter master fm username ###  
Sanjaya Password: ### Enter master fm password ###  
FM version: ### Enter fm version like fm_dev, FM_v3.2 ###  
Prod_release: ### Enter y if the version was git released else enter n ###
```

3. [Restart FM](#)

Clean up disk space in FM server

1. Set backup config in FM config editor appropriately
2. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection data_backup, click on the document to edit it
3. Edit keep_size_mb, FM will try to restrict the data inside static/data_backup folder to keep_size_mb only. The contents in the data backup folder will be sorted and deleted based on their time of creation, older data will be deleted first. The default is set to 1000MB

4. Use can also set prune_ununsed_images to true or false based on whether you want to clean up old docker images. Set prune_images_used_until_h accordingly, all the images that were unused in the last prune_images_used_until_h hours will be deleted.

Create self signed certs for FM

This step needs to be done only if the certs were not setup already

1. Run the following command to get all the ips of the server

```
ifconfig | grep inet | awk '{print $2}' | egrep '[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]+'
```

2. Create ssl certs (This has to be done only for the first time). ip_1, ip_2...ip_n etc are ips of the FM server obtained in the previous step.

```
docker exec -it fleet_manager bash
create_certs "127.0.0.1,<ip_1>,<ip2>,...,<ip_n>"
```

Setup mule router config in FM

This config is only for the FM router module(optimal dispatch), changing this will not change anything in the sherpas

1. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection mule_config, click on the document to edit it.
2. By default mule router on the FM uses config parameters from "/app/mule/std_configs/tug.toml", but if the tugs are not being used, then the parent in mule_config can be changed accordingly. Make sure you specify a valid file in the parent. For eg, you make the parent point to lite.toml

```
parent="/app/mule/std_configs/lite.toml"
```

3. This is similar to mule config.toml, you can add config parameters like station distance_threshold if the deployment demands it.

Run FM simulator

1. Use the config editor, select the database fm_config, select the collection simulator, click on the document to edit it.
2. To start the simulator, set simulate to true.

```
simulate: true
```

3. Set visa handling to true if your simulation study needs it. The FM simulator simulates only the transit visas. So you would not be able to do a full fledged visa simulation with FM simulator.

```
visa_handling: true
```

3. You can also make fm simulator to book trips automatically. You can add the routes like shown below.

The route names "route1", "route2" don't matter but list of the station names that are given needs to be valid. You can also book scheduled trips, "route1" is defined as a scheduled trip

```
book_trips: true,  
routes: {  
    "route1": [["Station A", "Station B"], ["10" # trip freq #, "2023-05-31  
15:00:00" #start_time#, "2023-05-31 16:00:00" # end time #]]  
    "route2": [["Station B", "Station A"], ["-1", "", ""]]  
}
```

4. You can also make the sherpas at a particular station by setting the parameter initialize_sherpas_at.

```
initialize_sherpas_at: { "sample_sherpa_1" :"Station A",  
sample_sherpa_2:"Station B"}
```

5. [Restart FM](#) for the changes to reflect or take effect