

CSCI 2500 — Computer Organization
Homework 3 (document version 1.0)
Matrix Multiplication in MIPS

Overview

- This homework is due by 11:59:59 PM on Thursday, October 18, 2018.
- This homework is to be completed **individually**. Do not share your code with anyone else.
- You **must** use MIPS for this homework assignment, and your code **must** successfully execute on Submittity to obtain full credit.

Homework Specifications

For this individual homework assignment, you will again implement matrix multiplication, this time using MIPS. More specifically, you will read in two matrices from the user and multiply them together. As with Homework 1, if you need a refresher in how matrix multiplication works, look in a math textbook or check out Wikipedia!

The first matrix is an $n \times k$ matrix, while the second matrix is a $k \times m$ matrix. Therefore, the result will be an $n \times m$ matrix. Use the `read_int` system call (`syscall`) to read in n , k , and m , as well as each unsigned integer matrix value.

One approach you could take is to store these important values in your `.data` section as follows (with sample hard-coded values shown):

```
.data
n:    .word 4
k:    .word 3
m:    .word 4
```

Once you have your matrix sizes defined, dynamically allocate memory to store the actual matrices. This would be equivalent to calling `malloc()` or `calloc()` in C to allocate memory on the heap. And remember that each integer is one word (or four bytes) in size.

Example Program Execution

On the next page is an example MIPS program execution that you can use to better understand how your program should work, how you can test your code, and what output formatting to use for Submittity. Also use test cases from Homework 1 to test your MIPS code.

Note that you must input each value on a separate line in MIPS. And you can assume that the input given to your program is valid.

When displaying a matrix, each line must start with '[' and end with ']' (as with Homework 1), but in this assignment, left justify the columns by using TAB ('\t') characters as follows:

```
[12\t34\t5567\t]
[8\t9\t123\t]
[45\t67\t8\t]
[9\t10\t11\t]
```

This will display this 4×3 matrix as follows:

```
[12    34    5567   ]
[8      9     123    ]
[45     67     8      ]
[9      10     11     ]
```

```

(spim) load "hw3.s"
(spim) run
Please enter values for n, k, and m:
4
3
4
Please enter values for the first matrix (4x3):
10
20
30
40
50
60
70
80
90
100
110
120
Please enter values for the second matrix (3x4):
0
10
0
20
30
0
40
0
0
50
0
60

[10    20    30    ]
[40    50    60    ]
[70    80    90    ]
[100   110   120   ]
multiplied by
[0     10    0     20    ]
[30    0     40    0     ]
[0     50    0     60    ]
equals
[600   1600   800   2000  ]
[1500  3400   2000  4400  ]
[2400  5200   3200  6800  ]
[3300  7000   4400  9200  ]
(spim)

```

Error Checking

Given the complexity of this assignment, you can assume that all input values are valid unsigned integers. You can also assume that the correct number of values is given for each matrix. In other words, you do not need to validate the user input.

Submission Instructions

Before you submit your code, be sure that you have clearly commented your code (this should not be an after-thought). Further, your code should have a clear and logical organization. Use registers appropriately, and create reusable procedures (just be sure to manage the stack properly).

To submit your assignment (and also perform final testing of your code), please use Submittity.

Note that the test cases for this assignment will be available on Submittity a few days before the due date and will include hidden test cases.

Also as a reminder, your code **must** successfully execute on Submittity to obtain credit for this assignment.