EECE 7205-Assignment 3

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1 Qn2. Longest Common Subsequence

1.1 Code

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <time.h>
#include <iomanip>
#include <math.h>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
void printLCS(vector<vector<char>> _direction, string _seq1, int i, int j){
  if(i == 0 || j == 0){
    return;
  if(_direction[i][j] == '0'){
                                    //diagonal arrow, match sequence
    printLCS(_direction, _seq1, i - 1, j - 1);
    cout << _seq1[i];</pre>
  else if(_direction[i][j] == '^'){ //up arrow
    printLCS(_direction, _seq1, i - 1, j);
  else{
                //left arrow
    printLCS(_direction, _seq1, i, j - 1);
}
```

int longest_common_subsequence(string seq1, string seq2){

```
int m = seq1.length();
  int n = seq2.length();
  //B matrix - modeled as vector of vector B[m+1][n+1];
  vector<vector<char>> direction(m+1, vector<char>(n+1, 0));
  //C matrix - modeled as vector of vector C[m+1][n+1];
 vector<vector<char>> magnitude(m+1, vector<char>(n+1, 0));
  for(int i = 0; i <= m; i++){
   for(int j = 0; j \le n; j++){
     if(i == 0 || j == 0) {
                                   //default fill
        magnitude[i][j] = 0;
        direction[i][j] = '/';
     else if(seq1[i] == seq2[j]){
        magnitude[i][j] = magnitude[i-1][j-1] + 1;
        direction[i][j] = '0'; //using 0 to represent diagonal(up/left) arrow.
     else if(magnitude[i-1][j] >= magnitude[i][j-1]){
        magnitude[i][j] = magnitude[i-1][j];
        direction[i][j] = '^'; //using # to represent the up arrow.
     else{
        magnitude[i][j] = magnitude[i][j-1];
        direction[i][j] = '<'; //using ! to represent the left arrow.
     }
   }
 }
  printLCS(direction, seq1, seq1.length(), seq2.length());
 return magnitude[m][n];
int main(){
 string sequence1;
 string sequence2;
```

```
cout << "Enter sequence 1: ";</pre>
 cin >> sequence1;
 cout << "Enter sequence 2: ";</pre>
 cin >> sequence2;
 // sequence1 = "abcdeeffdd";
 // sequence2 = "ded";
 string space = " ";
 sequence1.insert(0, space);
 sequence2.insert(0, space);
 int sequenceLength = longest_common_subsequence(sequence1, sequence2);
 cout << endl << sequenceLength - 1 << endl;</pre>
}
      Output
```

1.2

Enter sequence 1: aafeghedi Enter sequence 2: eefdj eed