Random Forest Model

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- 1 Building an RF model

```
from sklearn.model_selection import ParameterGrid

# Create a dictionary of hyperparameters to search
grid = {'n_estimators':[200], 'max_depth': [3], 'max_features': [4, 8], 'random_state'
test_scores = []

# Loop through the parameter grid, set the hyperparameters, and save the scores
for g in ParameterGrid(grid):
    rfr.set_params(**g) # ** is "unpacking" the dictionary
    rfr.fit(train_features, train_targets)
    test_scores.append(rfr.score(test_features, test_targets))

# Find best hyperparameters from the test score and print
best_idx = np.argmax(test_scores)
print(test_scores[best_idx], ParameterGrid(grid)[best_idx])
```

2 Using best hyperparameters to build the RF model

Use the best hyperparameters from before to fit a random forest model

```
rfr = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=200, max_depth=3, max_features=4, random_state
rfr.fit(train_features, train_targets)
```

```
# Make predictions with our model
train_predictions = rfr.predict(train_features)
test_predictions = rfr.predict(test_features)
```

Create a scatter plot with train and test actual vs predictions
plt.scatter(train_targets, train_predictions, label='train')
plt.scatter(test_targets, test_predictions, label='test')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

