

Chapter-4

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Complex Numbers And Quadratic Equations

Complex number \rightarrow A number of the form $a+ib$, where a and b are real numbers, is defined to be a complex number.

Ex $\rightarrow 2+i3, (-1)+i\sqrt{3}, 4+i\left(\frac{-18}{11}\right)$, etc.

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$i^3 = -i$$

$$i^4 = 1$$

$$z^{-1} = \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|^2}$$

$$|z| = \sqrt{(a)^2 + (b)^2}$$

$$\bar{z} = \overline{a+ib}$$

Express each of the complex number given in the Exercises 1 to 10 in the form $a + ib$.

$$1) (5i)\left(-\frac{3}{5}i\right)$$

$$\text{Ans-1) } (5i)\left(-\frac{3}{5}i\right)$$

$$5 \times -\frac{3}{5} i^2$$

$$-3 \times -1$$

$$3 \text{ Ans } = 3 + 0i$$

$$2) i^{-9} + i^{19}$$

$$\text{Ans-2) } i^8 \times i + i^{16} \times i^3$$

$$(i^4)^2 \times i + (i^4)^4 \times (-i)$$

$$(1)^2 \times i + (1)^4 \times (-i)$$

$$1i - 1i$$

$$0 + 0i \text{ Ans}$$

$$3) i^{-39}$$

$$\text{Ans-3) } \frac{1}{i^{39}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{i^{36} \times i^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(i^4)^9 \times (-i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(1)^9 \times (-i)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{-1i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{-1i} \times \frac{1i}{1i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1i}{-1i^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1i}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 + 1i \text{ Ans}$$

$$4) 3(7 + i7) + i(7 + i7)$$

$$\text{Ans-4) } 3(7 + i7) + i(7 + i7)$$

$$21 + 21i + 7i + 7i^2$$

$$21 + 28i - 7$$

$$14 + 28i \text{ Ans}$$

$$5) (1 - i) - (-1 + i6)$$

$$\text{Ans-5) } 1 - i + 1 - i6$$

$$1 + 1 - i6 - i$$

$$2 - 7i \text{ Ans}$$

$$6) \left(\frac{1}{5} + i\frac{2}{5} \right) - \left(4 + i\frac{5}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{Ans-6) } \frac{1}{5} + i\frac{2}{5} - 4 - i\frac{5}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{4}{1} \right) + \left(\frac{2i}{5} - \frac{5i}{2} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1-20}{5} \right) + i \left(\frac{4-25}{10} \right)$$

$$-\frac{19}{5} + i \left(-\frac{21}{10} \right)$$

$$-\frac{19}{5} - \frac{21}{10}i \text{ Ans}$$

$$7) \left[\left(\frac{1}{3} + i\frac{7}{3} \right) + \left(4 + i\frac{1}{3} \right) \right] - \left(-\frac{4}{3} + i \right)$$

$$\text{Ans-7) } \left[\frac{1}{3} + \frac{7i}{3} + \frac{4}{1} + \frac{1i}{3} \right] + \frac{4}{3} - i$$

$$\left[\frac{1+12}{3} + \frac{7i+1i}{3} \right] + \frac{4}{3} - i$$

$$\frac{13}{3} + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{8i}{3} - i$$

$$\frac{17}{3} + \frac{8i-3i}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{3} + \frac{5i}{3} \text{ Ans}$$

$$8) (1-i)^4$$

$$\text{(Ans-8) } \{ (1-i)^2 \}^2$$

$$(1+i^2-2i)^2$$

$$(1-1-2i)^2$$

$$(-2i)^2$$

$$4i^2$$

$$4 \times -1$$

$$-4 \text{ Ans}$$

$$-4 + 0i$$

$$9) \left(\frac{1}{3} + 3i \right)^3$$

$$\text{(Ans-9) } \frac{1}{27} + 27i^3 + \left(3 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 3i \right) + \left(3 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 9i^2 \right)$$

$$\text{using identity } (a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2$$

$$\text{using identity}$$

$$\frac{1}{27} + 27i^3 + i + 9i^2$$

$$\frac{1}{27} + (-27i) + i - 9$$

$$\frac{1}{27} - 9 + i - 27i$$

$$\frac{1-243}{27} - 26i$$

$$-\frac{242}{27} - 26i \text{ Ans}$$

$$10) \left(-2 - \frac{1}{3}i\right)^3$$

$$\text{Ans-10) } \left\{ (-1) \left(2 + \frac{1}{3}i \right) \right\}^3$$

$$(-1)^3 \times \left(2 + \frac{1}{3}i \right)^3$$

$$\{ (a \times b)^3 = a^3 \times b^3 \}$$

$$-1 \times \left(8 + \frac{1}{27}i^3 + 8 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{3}i + 3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{3}i^2 \right)$$

$$\left\{ (a+b)^3 \right. \\ \left. = a^3 + b^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 \right\}$$

$$-\left(8 + \frac{1}{27}i^3 + 4i + \frac{2}{3}i^2 \right)$$

$$-\left(8 - \frac{1}{27}i + 4i - \frac{2}{3} \right)$$

$$-\left(\frac{8}{1} - \frac{2}{3} + \frac{4i}{1} - \frac{1}{27}i \right)$$

$$-\left(\frac{24-2}{3} + \frac{108i-1i}{27} \right)$$

$$-\left(\frac{22}{3} + \frac{107i}{27} \right)$$

$$-\frac{22}{3} - \frac{107i}{27}$$

Find the multiplicative inverse of each of the complex numbers given in the Exercises 11 to 13.

$$11) 4 - 3i$$

$$\text{Ans-11) } |z| = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-3)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{16+9}$$

$$= \sqrt{25}$$

$$= 5$$

$$\bar{z} = \overline{4-3i}$$

$$= 4+3i$$

$$z^{-1} = \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|^2}$$

$$= \frac{4+3i}{25}$$

$$= \frac{4}{25} + \frac{3i}{25}$$

$$= \frac{4}{25} + \frac{3i}{25}$$

$$12) \sqrt{5} + 3i$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ans-12) } |z| &= \sqrt{(\sqrt{5})^2 + (3)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{5+9} \\ &= \sqrt{14} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{z} &= \overline{\sqrt{5} + 3i} \\ &= \sqrt{5} - 3i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z^{-1} &= \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|^2} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{5} - 3i}{14} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5}}{14} - \frac{3i}{14} \text{ Ans}$$

$$13) -i$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ans-13) } |z| &= \sqrt{(0)^2 + (-1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{0+1} \\ &= \sqrt{1} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{z} &= \overline{0 - 1i} \\ &= 0 + 1i \end{aligned}$$

$$z^{-1} = \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|^2}$$

$$= \frac{0+1i}{1}$$

$$= 0 + 1i \text{ Ans}$$

Que 14) Express the following expression in the form of $a+ib$:

$$\frac{(3+i\sqrt{5})(3-i\sqrt{5})}{(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}i)(\sqrt{3}-i\sqrt{2})}$$

(Ans-14) $\Rightarrow \frac{(3)^2 - (i\sqrt{5})^2}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}i - \sqrt{3}+i\sqrt{2}}$ $\left\{ (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2 \right\}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{9 - 5i^2}{\sqrt{2}i + \sqrt{2}i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{9+5}{2\sqrt{2}i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{14}{2\sqrt{2}i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}i} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}i}{\sqrt{2}i}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7\sqrt{2}i}{2i^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{7\sqrt{2}i}{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - \frac{7\sqrt{2}i}{2} \text{ Ans}$$

Ans
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