

32. a. Explain data frames in PANDAS with example.

12 3 3 2

(OR)

b. Explain 'BBB' dataset preparation, pre-processing and feature generation using ML.

12 3 3 2

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Reg. No.

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2023

Sixth Semester

18CSE307T – MACHINE LEARNING IN DRUG DISCOVERY

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)

Note:

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
- (ii) **Part - B & Part - C** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART – A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)

Answer **ALL** Questions

- | | Marks | BL | CO | PO |
|--|-------|----|----|----|
| 1. The basic building block of polysaccharides are
(A) Glucose (B) Amino acid
(C) Fatty acid (D) NADH | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2. The process of making a exact copy of DNA in a cell is
(A) Translation (B) Transcription
(C) Replication (D) Polymerization | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. The Ramachandran plot for protein 2° structure prediction is based on
(A) PSI and PHI angle (B) Torsion angle
(C) Degree of rotation (D) Planar rotation | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 4. Which of the following is not true about enzymes?
(A) Enzymes are proteins (B) Enzymes act as catalyst
(C) Enzymes reduce activation energy (D) Enzymes are converted to product | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 5. What is termed as a lead compound?
(A) A compound that contains element lead (B) A compound from the research laboratory that is chosen to go forward for preclinical and clinical trails
(C) A molecule that shows some activity of property of interest and serves as the starting point of a drug (D) The first compound of a structural class of compound to reach the market | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 6. Which bond is primarily stabilizing the drug binding to target protein?
(A) Vander Walls interaction (B) Hydrogen bond
(C) Ionic bond (D) Hydrophobic interaction | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 7. Expand ADME
(A) Affinity, dosage, marketing, efficacy
(B) Absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion
(C) Agonism, dependence, mobility, efficiency
(D) Antagonism, deficiency, mean, efflux | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |

8. Which of the following is a protein sequence database?	1	1	2	2
(A) DD BJ			(B) EMBL	
(C) Genbank			(D) PIR	
9. Which of the following is a sequence alignment tool?	1	1	2	2
(A) BLAST			(B) Print	
(C) Prosite			(D) PIR	
10. The term given for molecule that has no biological activity but resembles drug molecule is	1	1	2	2
(A) Dummy drug			(B) Lead	
(C) Placebo			(D) Peptide	
11. What is the maximum length of a python identifier	1	3	3	2
(A) 32			(B) 16	
(C) 128			(D) No fixed length is specified	
12. Which of the following types of loops are not supported in python?	1	2	3	2
(A) For			(B) While	
(C) Do-while			(D) If	
13. Which python library is similar to PANDAS?	1	2	3	2
(A) NPY			(B) RPY	
(C) Numpy			(D) SPY	
14. ndim can be used for	1	2	3	2
(A) Finding the dimension of the array			(B) Size of the array	
(C) Weight of the array			(D) Operational activities of array	
15. Which of the following statement for creating data frames is valid?	1	3	3	3
(A) df = Pd.dataframe (dict 1)			(B) df = Pd.DataFrame (dict 1)	
(C) df = Pd.dataFrame (dict 1)			(D) df = Pd.DataFrame (dict 1)	
16. Machine learning is an application of	1	1	4	2
(A) Block chain			(B) Artificial intelligence	
(C) Python			(D) Numpy	
17. Which among the following algorithms are not used in machine learning?	1	1	4	2
(A) Naïve bayes			(B) Support vector machines	
(C) K-nearest neighbors			(D) Linear regression	
18. In random forest the memory requirement for storage process is _____.	1	2	3	2
(A) High memory			(B) Low memory	
(C) Random memory			(D) Optimal memory	
19. In SVM, if the number of input features is 3, then the hyper plane is	1	2	3	2
(A) Line			(B) Circle	
(C) Plane			(D) Square	

20. In SVM what is a hyper plane?	1	3	3	2
(A) Decision boundaries			(B) Data point	
(C) Features			(D) Nodes	

PART – B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer **ANY FIVE** Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
21. With neat diagram explain secondary structure of protein.	4	2	1	1
22. Explain the various structural features of a gene.	4	2	1	1
23. Discuss various RNA molecule with its features.	4	2	1	1
24. Discuss the features of connection table.	4	2	2	1
25. Discuss string function in python for nucleic acid sequence analysis.	4	2	3	2
26. Discuss the uses of Numpy.	4	2	2	1
27. Discuss commonly used data structures in PANDAS.	4	2	3	1

PART – C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

Answer **ALL** Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
28. a. Discuss the classification of proteins with neat diagram.	12	2	1	1
(OR)				
b. Explain enzyme inhibition mechanism.	12	2	1	1
29. a. With a flow chart explain the process involved in lead identification.	12	2	2	2
(OR)				
b. Explain various scoring function used in docking algorithm.	12	2	2	2
30. a. Discuss the following	12	2	3	1
(i) Rule of five representing smiles notation				
(ii) Role of python in functional genomics				
(OR)				
b. Discuss the following	12	2	3	1
(i) Needleman-Wunch algorithm				
(ii) Progressive alignment in MSA				
31. a. Distinguish supervised and unsupervised learning using SVM with an example.	12	2	3	1
(OR)				
b. With a flow chart, explain random forest algorithm for drug discovery.	12	2	3	1