## **B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024**

First & Second Semester

## 18EES101J - BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(For the candidates admitted during the academic year 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)

## Note:

i. Part - A should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40<sup>th</sup> minute.

		rt - B and Part - C should be answered in a	nswer booklet.							
Time: 3 Hours						Max. Marks: 100				
		$PART - A (20 \times 1 =$	20 Marks)	Marks	BL	CO				
		Answer all Que	estions							
]	l.	The junction point where two (or) more this	nan two network elements meet in a circuit	1	1	1				
		(A) Node (C) Loop	(B) Branch (D) Mesh							
2	2.	A 1 Ohm resistor having 4 Ampere current (A) 16 W (C) 25 W	t will dissipate the power of (B) 4 W (D) 14 W	i	3	1				
3	3.	If a circuit contains 3 Resistors R1, R2 and is total current then Voltage across R3 is (A) V*(R3/(R1+R2+R3)) (C) V*(R1/(R1+R2+R3))	ad R3 in series and V is total voltage and I  (B) V*(R2/(R1+R2+R3))  (D) IR	1	2	1				
4	4.	According to Ohms law, with the known v (A) I = VR (C) I=R*R*V		1	1	1				
4	5.	The peak factor of an alternating voltage is (A) $V_{rms}/V_{avg}$ (C) $V_{avg}/V_{rms}$	$ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	1	I	2				
(	5.	The function of brushes in a DC generator (A) To increase the voltage (C) To bring the power developed to the load	(B) To increase the current	1	1	2				
•	7.	Voltage of a coil when it has (di/dt)= 10 m (A) 2.5 mV (C) 0.4 mV	A/s and L=4 H is (B) 40 mV (D) 0.16 mV	1	3	2				
{	8.	In a circuit with pure inductive (L), the cur (A) leads (C) in phase	rrent by a voltage of 90 degree.  (B) lags  (D) greater than or equal	1	1	2				
(	9.	A pointer of an instrument deflected and removed is known as  (A) Damping Torque  (C) Controlling Torque	returns to zero position, when the current is  (B) Mass of the pointer  (D) Action of gravity	3 1	1	3				
	10.	An instrument which is not used for the man (A) Moving iron-attraction type	(B) Moving coil permanent magnets type	1	1	3				
		(C) Hotwire type	(D) Induction type							

	11.	The number of 2-way switches used in staircase wiring		1	1	3
		(A) 2	(B) 3			
		(C) 1	(D) 4			
	12.	Earthing is an essential protection to provide		1	1	3
		(A) Danger of electric shock	(B) Overloading			
		(C) Voltage fluctuation	(D) High temperature of the conductors			
	13.	Choose the correct abbreviation of LVDT		1	1	4
		(A) Linear variable differential	(B) Linear variable differential			
		transducer	transformer			
		(C) Linear variable different transformer	(D) Linear viable differential transformer			
						· ·
	14.	The increase in resistance in stain gauge is can (A) Increase in length and cross-		1	2	4
		sectional area of wire	(B) Increase in length and decrease of its cross-sectional area of wire			
		(C) Decrease in length and increase of	(D) Decrease in length and cross-			
		its cross-sectional area of wire	sectional area of wire			
	15	Seeback effect is used as a working principl	e of which transducer?	1	1	4
	15.	(A) Phototransistor	(B) Thermistor			
		(C) Thermocouple	(D) Strain Gauge			
	16.	Photo diode will be generally connected in	100	1	1	4
	20.	(A) Forward bias	(B) Reverse bias			
		(C) No biasing required	(D) Neutral			
	17.	In Frequency Modulation the Amplitude Ca	rrier Wave Remains	1	1	5
		(A) constant	(B) varies exponentially			
		(C) varies linearly	(D) zero			
	18.	The output of gate is low, when at least one	of its inputs is low. This is true for	1	-1	5
		(A) AND	(B) NAND			
		(C) OR	(D) NOR			
	19.	On a K-Map, grouping the 0s produces		1	1	5
		(A) SoP expression	(B) PoS expression			
		(C) a don't care condition	(D) AND expression			
	20.	Which among the following is SOP?	MI	1	1	5
		(A) (A+B)(C+D)	(B) (AB)(CD)			
		(C) ABC	(D) ABC+ACD			
		$PART - B (5 \times 4 = 20 Marks)$			s BL	co
		Answer any 5 Que	estions			
	21.	A circuit comprises of two resistors connected in parallel. The total effective resistance is $5\Omega$ . If one of the resistors is $10\Omega$ , what is the value of another resistor?			3	1
	22.	. A 100 $\Omega$ is coupled in series with a 50 $\mu F$ capacitor. When the voltage supplied is			3	2
<ul><li>200 V, 50 Hz, what is the value of power factor?</li><li>23. Explain the construction of squirrel cage induction motor with neat sketch.</li></ul>				4	2	2
					4	3
	24.		is the purpose of Zener diode? How is it different from PN junction diode?  4  4  4  4			3
	25.	Explain fluorescent lamp wiring with its rel	Market Street,		2	
	26.	Elaborate on the working of piezoelectric tr		4	2	4
	27.	Write the truth table for (i) NAND gate (ii) gate	NOR gate (iii) XOR gate (iv) X-NOR	4	1	5

## PART - C $(5 \times 12 = 60 \text{ Marks})$

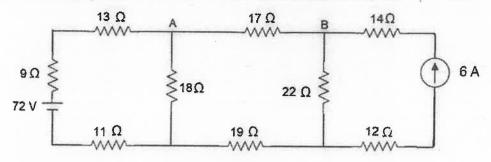
Answer all Questions

(a) Using Superposition theorem, calculate the current through the 17  $\Omega$  resistor. 28.



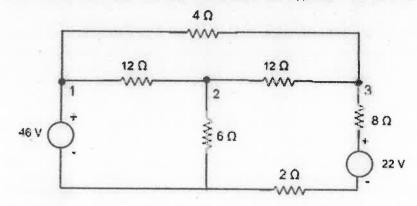
CO

Marks BL



(OR)

(b) Using mesh analysis, calculate the current through the 4  $\Omega$  resistor.



- 29. (a) Explain the working of a full wave rectifier with neat sketch. Also, derive the average value, RMS value, peak factor, and form factor for the same.
- 12 2 2

(OR)

- (b) Explain the working principle of a DC generator. Also, mention its applications.
- (a) Explain the construction and operation of moving iron attraction type 30. instrument with its relevant figure.
- 12 2

3

(OR)

(b) Enumerate in brief the construction and operation of NPN type bipolar junction transistor with its characteristics.

31. (a) With diagrams, discuss the operation of following transducers 12 2 4

(i) LVDT (ii) Thermocouple

(OR)

- (b) Write detailed notes on
  - (i) Phototransistor
  - (ii) LED
- (a) Find the minimal sum of products for the boolean expression given below. 32. Also, implement them using gates.
- 12 5

 $Y(A, B, C, D) = \sum_{i} m(0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14)$ 

(b) Explain the principles of amplitude modulation with the necessary equations and relevant figure.

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