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B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023
Fourth Semester

18EIC206J – ANALOG INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2020-2021 to 2021-2022)

Note:

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
- (ii) **Part - B & Part - C** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

PART – A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)

Answer **ALL** Questions

Marks BL CO PO

- | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. The identifying initial used by texas instruments in op-amp IC is | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) μ A | | | | |
| (B) LM | | | | |
| (C) MC | | | | |
| (D) SN | | | | |
| 2. The maximum input offset voltage of op-amp 741C is | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) 2 mV | | | | |
| (B) 4 mV | | | | |
| (C) 6 mV | | | | |
| (D) 8 mV | | | | |
| 3. The purpose of level shifter in op-amp internal circuit is to _____ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) Adjust DC voltage | | | | |
| (B) Increase input impedance | | | | |
| (C) Provide high gain | | | | |
| (D) Decrease output impedance | | | | |
| 4. The output voltage is equal to input voltage both in magnitude and phase, the circuit is called as _____ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) Scale changer | | | | |
| (B) Adder | | | | |
| (C) Voltage follower | | | | |
| (D) Subtractor | | | | |
| 5. Identify the commercially available monolithic instrumentation amplifier by analog devices | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) LM36310 | | | | |
| (B) AD521 | | | | |
| (C) IAA101 | | | | |
| (D) INA121 | | | | |
| 6. The band elimination filter is also called as _____ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) Band rejection filter | | | | |
| (B) All pass filter | | | | |
| (C) Band pass filter | | | | |
| (D) Sallen key filter | | | | |
| 7. The lower and higher cut-off frequency of a band pass filter is 3.2 KHz and 10 KHz calculate bandwidth | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) 3.2 KHz | | | | |
| (B) 6.8 KHz | | | | |
| (C) 10 KHz | | | | |
| (D) 13.2 KHz | | | | |
| 8. An electrical filter is _____ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) Phase selective circuit | | | | |
| (B) Frequency selective circuit | | | | |
| (C) Amplitude selective circuit | | | | |
| (D) Magnitude selective circuits | | | | |

9. In PLL, the capture range is always _____ the lock range. 1 1 3 1
 (A) Less than (B) Greater than
 (C) Equal to (D) More than
10. Select the application of timer in monostable mode 1 1 3 1
 (A) Missing pulse detector (B) FSK generator
 (C) Pulse position modulator (D) Schmitt trigger
11. The 555 timer can work with supply voltage in the range of 1 1 3 1
 (A) 5V to 22V (B) 5V to 18V
 (C) 5V to 25V (D) 5V to 10V
12. The astable multivibrator has 1 1 3 1
 (A) Two stable state (B) Two quasi stable state
 (C) One stable state (D) One stable and one unstable state
13. The resolution of an ADC is the value of 1 1 4 1
 (A) MSB (B) LSB
 (C) $\pm \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] MSB$ (D) $\pm \left[\frac{1}{2} \right] LSB$
14. Calculate the LSB value of an 8-bit DAC for 0 to 10V range 1 1 4 1
 (A) 23 mV (B) 39 mV
 (C) 27 mV (D) 34 mV
15. The successive approximation type ADC completes n-bit conversion in just 1 1 4 1
 _____ clock period.
 (A) $2^n - 1$ (B) $2^n + 1$
 (C) 1 (D) N
16. A digital voltmeter uses _____ type of ADC. 1 1 4 1
 (A) Dual slope (B) Flash
 (C) Counter (D) Tracking
17. 78XX are _____ terminal _____ fixed voltage regulators. 1 1 5 1
 (A) Three, negative (B) Three, positive
 (C) Four, negative (D) Four, positive
18. Select the output voltage range of LM723 1 1 5 1
 (A) 3 to 38V (B) 2 to 37V
 (C) 9.5 to 40V (D) 7.5 to 41.5V
19. Calculate the output voltage of boost converter if the supply voltage is 156V 1 2 5 1
 and duty cycle value is 4.
 (A) 260V (B) 264V
 (C) 261V (D) 268V
20. The _____ regulator can give adjustable output voltage. 1 1 5 1
 (A) 7805 (B) 7905
 (C) 723 (D) 380

PART – B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)Answer **ANY FIVE** Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
21. Show the circuit of differential pair with large input differential signal.	4	1	1	1
22. List any four ideal characteristics of op-amp.	4	1	1	1
23. Show the circuit that gives cosine wave as output for an input sine wave.	4	2	2	1
24. Discuss about the regenerative comparator circuit.	4	2	2	1
25. Define Barkhausen criterion with a block diagram.	4	1	3	1
26. List the advantages and disadvantages of flash type A/D converter.	4	1	4	1
27. Name the categories of voltage regulation and explain.	4	1	5	1

PART – C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)Answer **ALL** Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
28. a.i. Design an adder circuit using an op-amp to get the output expression as $V_0 = -(0.1V_1 + 2V_2 + 10V_3)$ where V_1 , V_2 and V_3 are inputs.	8	3	1	2
ii. Associate the nodal equation of a non-inverting summing amplifier and give the expression for output voltage.	4	2	1	1
(OR)				
b. Develop the output voltage for four input voltages for an adder subtractor circuit with all necessary circuit diagrams.	12	1	1	1
29. a. Analyze the transfer characteristics of regenerative comparator and discuss its working.	12	2	2	1
(OR)				
b. Calculate the total time period, frequency of oscillation and explain the working of astable multivibrator using op-amp.	12	4	2	2
30. a. Outline the functional diagram of 555 timer as Schmitt trigger.	12	3	3	1
(OR)				
b. Discuss about the functional diagram of 555 timer in astable mode and derive the expression of frequency and duty cycle of output waveform.	12	3	3	1
31. a. Modify the circuit diagram of R-2R ladder type DAC that corresponds to the binary word 100 and find the output voltage.	12	2	4	1
(OR)				
b. Illustrate and explain the working of successive approximation type ADC.	12	3	4	1
32. a. Analyze how 723 general purpose voltage regulator acts as a low voltage regulator.	12	3	5	2
(OR)				
b. Outline the four parts of series op-amp regulated power supply.	12	3	5	1

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