

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 10. Which of the following statements is true about keys in SQL? | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| (A) Primary key is a key that can have null values. | | | |
| (B) Foreign key is used to link a table to itself. | | | |
| (C) Candidate key is a key that is not selected as the primary key. | | | |
| (D) Composite key is a key that consists of two or more columns. | | | |
| 11. Check the correct option which deletes the Views. | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| (A) DELETE VIEW view_name; | | | |
| (B) DROP VIEW view_name/table_name; | | | |
| (C) DROP VIEW view_name; | | | |
| (D) DROP VIEW table_name; | | | |
| 12. In which normal form there can be no inter dependencies among non-key attributes | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| (A) 1 NF | | | |
| (B) 2 NF | | | |
| (C) 3 NF | | | |
| (D) BCNF | | | |
| 13. If A->B and B->C holds then A->C Using which rule above fact is justified | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| (A) Reflexivity rule. | | | |
| (B) Decomposition rule. | | | |
| (C) Augmentation rule. | | | |
| (D) Transitivity rule. | | | |
| 14. 5NF is designed to cope with | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| (A) Transitive dependency | | | |
| (B) join dependency | | | |
| (C) multi valued dependency | | | |
| (D) inconsistency | | | |
| 15. The "all-or-none" property is commonly referred to as _____ | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| (A) Isolation | | | |
| (B) Durability | | | |
| (C) Atomicity | | | |
| (D) Consistency | | | |
| 16. Identify the correct match for terms in Column I to those in Column II | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Column I Column II | | | |
| A) Rollback P) Relationship | | | |
| B) Atomicity Q) Checkpoint | | | |
| C) Entity R) Attribute | | | |
| D) Domain S) Transaction | | | |
| (A) A-S,B-P,C-R,D-Q | | | |
| (B) A-Q,B-P,C-R,D-S | | | |
| (C) A-S,B-Q,C-R,D-P | | | |
| (D) A-Q,B-S,C-P,D-R | | | |
| 17. A transaction successfully completed its execution is said to be | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| (A) Saved | | | |
| (B) Committed | | | |
| (C) Partially committed | | | |
| (D) Rolled | | | |
| 18. The rigorous two-phase locking protocol permits releasing all locks at the | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| (A) Beginning of transaction | | | |
| (B) During Execution of transaction | | | |
| (C) End of transaction | | | |
| (D) Never in the life-time of transaction | | | |
| 19. Empdt1(empcode, name, street, city, state, pincode). For any pincode, there is only one city and state. Also, for given street, city and state, there is just one pincode. In normalization terms, Empdt1 is a relation in | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) 1 NF | | | |
| (B) 2 NF and hence also in 1 NF | | | |
| (C) 3 NF and hence also in 2 NF | | | |
| (D) 2 NF and hence also in BCNF | | | |
| 20. In order to undo the work of transaction after last commit which one should be used? | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| (A) Commit | | | |
| (B) Savepoint | | | |
| (C) Rollback | | | |
| (D) complete | | | |

PART - B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer **any 5** Questions

Marks BL CO

21.	Consider employee and department relation for executing the following queries i. Write a query to find the salary of employees whose salary is greater than the salary of employee whose id is 100? ii. Write a query to find the employees who all are earning the highest salary? iii. Write a query to find the departments in which the least salary is greater than the highest salary in the department of id 200?	4	1	3
22.	a. Construct SQL statements (with Syntax and examples) for TCL COMMANDS b. Differentiate between SAVE POINT and COMMIT	4	1	2
23.	Brief the major components in an E-R diagram with a university database example.	4	1	2
24.	To ensure the transaction is reliable and secure, the bank requires that it adheres to all transaction properties. Brief the properties of the transaction.	4	2	4
25.	Differentiate wound wait scheme with wait die scheme in deadlock prevention strategies.	4	2	5
26.	List all the situation, when a user cannot able to update a VIEW	4	1	3
27.	Consider the relation Customer and Loan in Bank Management system, Draw the ER diagram and Identify the weak entity set, Justify your answers.	4	3	1

PART - C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

Answer **all** Questions

		Marks	BL	CO
28.	(a) Compare and Contrast file Systems with database systems. (OR) (b) i. Define database management system. (2) ii. What are the advantages of using a DBMS? (5) iii. What is the purpose of database management system ? (5)	12	2	1
29.	(a) Discuss in detail the various row level and table level integrity constraints (OR) (b) Draw an ER diagram for the relations Employee and Department with relevant relationships	12	1	2
30.	(a) Consider the following relational schema Employee (empno,name,office,age) Books(isbn,title,authors,publisher) Loan(empno, isbn,date) and Write the following queries in relational algebra. i. Find the names of employees who have borrowed a book Published by McGraw-Hill ii. Find the names of employees who have borrowed all books Published by McGraw-Hill iii. Find the names of employees who have borrowed more than five different books published by McGraw-Hill iv. For each publisher, find the names of employees who have borrowed (OR) (b) Write queries using Relational Set operators and SQL Join operators	12	3	3
31.	(a) What are the problems caused by Redundancy? Explain about Normalization and need for normalization. (OR) (b) Explain about Third NF and BCNF with relevant table structure.	12	1	4
32.	(a) Define Concurrency control. Explain different concurrency control mechanisms (OR) (b) How can you implement Atomicity in transactions? Explain.	12	1	5

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