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B.Tech DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023

Fifth Semester

18MHC201J - LINEAR AND DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

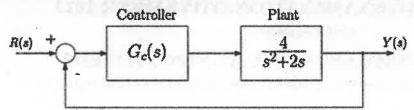
(For the candidates admitted during the academic year (2020-2021 & 2021-20222))

Note:

i. Part - A should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
ii. Part - B and Part - C should be answered in answer booklet.

[im	e: 3 Hours		Max. M	(arks:	: 100
	PART - A (20 × 1 = : Answer all Que		Marks	s BL	CC
1.	The open loop transfer function of a syst designed such that the damping ratio is 0. rad/s. The real part of dominant pole is	6 and undamped natural frequency is 0.8		2	1
	(A) -0.6 (C) -0.48	(B) 0.6 (D) 0.48			
2.	With regard to the filtering capacity the le respectively (A) Low pass and high pass filter (C) Both high pass filter	ead compensator and lag compensator are (B) High pass filter and low pass filter (D) Both low pass filters	1	1	1
3.	If the transfer function of the phase lead compensator is $\frac{s+p}{s+q}$ then which of the follows:	F 1 -	1	1	1
	(A) a > b and p > q (C) a < b and p > q	(B) $a < b$ and $p < q$ (D) $a > b$ and $p < q$			
4.	The steady state error of a Type 1 system for (A) Zero (C) A/(1+ K _p)	or an acceleration input is (B) A/K _v (D) Infinity	1	2	1
5.	The constant steady state error is the drawb (A) P (C) PD	ack of controller (B) PI (D) PID	1	1	2
6.	The transfer function of PI controller is (A) K_p	(B) $K_p(1 + K_i s)$	1 :	2	2
	(C) $K_p(1+\frac{K_i}{s})$	^(D) $K_p(1+\frac{T_i}{s})$			
7.	What is the effect on natural frequency, system when derivative controller is used?	1	2	2	
	(A) ω_n increases and ς decreases	(B) ω_n remains unchanged and ζ decreases			
	(C) ω _n remains unchanged and ς increases	(D) ω_n decrease and ς increases			

8.	Consider	the	system	in	figure	below
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If a proportional controller $G_c(s) = K_P$, find the value of controller gain K_p to have steady state error of 0.25 for a unit ramp input.

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C)3

- (D) 4
- 9. In the diagonalized system matrix, the elements on the diagonal are of the 1 1 3 transfer function of the system.
 - (A) Zeros

(B) Poles

(C) either poles or zeros

- (D) neither poles or zeros
- 10. What does "D" represent in output equation of state model?

1

1

3

3

2

(A) System matrix

(B) Input matrix

(C) Output matrix

- (D) Feedback matrix
- 11. The number of in a state diagram is equal to number of
- 1 2 3

- (A) integrator, state variable
- (B) state variable, output variable
- (C) output variable, state variable
- (D) state variable, integrator
- 12. The eigen values of the state matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ are
 - (A) 2 and -3
- (B) -1 and -3

(C) -2 and 3

- (D) 1 and -3
- 13. A transfer function of a control system does not have pole-zero cancellation. Which one of the following statement is true?
- 1 4

- (A) system is controllable but unobservable
- (B) system is observable but uncontrollable
- (C) system is completely controllable and observable
- (D) system is neither controllable nor observable
- 14. The controller gain with desired pole location -1±j for the system below is
- 1 2

$$\dot{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x$$

(A) (3 1)

(B) (5 2)

(C) (3 2)

- (D) $(1 \ 2)$
- 15. What will happen to a system in a closed loop with the observer's poles "slower" 1 than the system's poles?
 - (A) The transient system's response will be longer
- (B) The correct state can be estimated quickly
- (C) The transient system's response will be shorter
- (D) The correct state can be estimated slowly
- 16. Consider a second order system whose state space representation is of the form $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$. If $x_1(t) = x_2(t)$, then system is
 - (A) Controllable

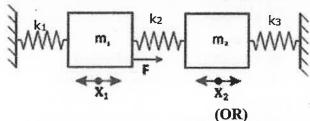
(B) uncontrollable

(C) observable

(D) Unstable

17.	If Z transform of $x(n)$ is $X(Z)$ then the Z t (A) $X(z^{-k}z)$ (C) $z^{-k}X(z)$	ransform of x(n-k) is (B) X(z ^k z) (D) z ^k X (z)	1	1	5
18.	A zero order hold is used with sampled da (A) make it critically damped (C) improve the stability of the system		1	1	5
19.	What is the z-transform of the signal $x[n]$ (A) $X(z) = 1/z-1$ (C) $X(z) = z/z-a$		1	1	5
20.	Z and s are related by: (A) $s = \ln z$ (C) $s = z$	(B) $s = \ln z/T$ (D) $s = T/\ln z$	1	1	5
	PART - B ($5 \times 4 =$ Answer any 5 Q		Mark	s BL	CO
21.	Draw the electrical realization of lag netw	ork and derive its transfer function	4	2	1
22.	Given that the maximum peak overshoo oscillation is 12 rad/s. Compute the domin	4	= 3	1	
23.	List different types of controller and deriv	4	2	2	
24.	Write the procedures for the design of PII	4	2	2	
25.	Consider the system is given by $\frac{U(s)}{Y(s)} = \frac{s+3}{s^2+3s+2}$ obtain a state space representation				3
	in controllable canonical form.				
26.	Derive the state space representation with	4	3	4 =	
27.	Obtain the relationship between d transfer function.	iscrete state space model and pulse	4	3	5
	PART - C (5 × 12 = Answer all Qu		Marl	ks BL	CO
28.		OLTF $\frac{K}{s(1+2s)}$. Design a suitable lag	12	4	1
	for ramp input is less than or equal	gin is 40 degree and the steady state error to 0.2 OR)			
	transfer function of a unity feedbac	unity feedback system with open loop k system is given by $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+4)(s+7)}$ to			
	meet the following specifications. Natural frequency of oscillation is 2.5	. (i) % peak overshoot = 12.63%. (ii) 8 rad/s. (iii) Velocity error constant, $K_v \ge$			
29.		em with open loop transfer function PID controller so that the phase margin of	12	4	2
	ramp input is 0.1	f 4 rad/sec and the steady state error unit			
	·	OR) 75			
		with OLTF, $G(s) = \frac{75}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+8)}$.			
	Design a PID controller to satisfy t ramp input should be less than 0.08	the following specifications a) e_{ss} for unit $(b) \delta = 0.8 c) \omega_n = 2.5 \text{ rad/s}$			

(a) Obtain the state model of the mechanical system shown below 30.



(b) i) State and prove any two properties of state transition matrix ii) Determine the diagonal canonical model of the system whose transfer function is

$$T(s) = \frac{2(s+5)}{(s+2)(s+3)(s+4)}$$

(a) Check the controllability and observability for the system described by: 31.

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 6 & -5 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} x$$

(OR)

- described by the transfer (b) Consider a linear system $rac{z_{\,\,(s)}}{U(s)}=rac{10}{s(s+1)(s+2)}$. Design a feedback controller by any two methods with a state feedback so that the closed loop poles are placed at -2, $-1 \pm j$
- (a) Check the stability of the sampled data control systems represented by the 12 32. following characteristic equations. Z^3 -1.8 Z^2 +1.05Z-0.20=0 ; Z^3 -0.2 Z^2 -1.25Z+0.05=0 (OR)

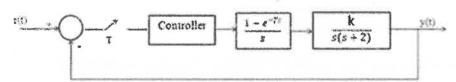
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12

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3

(b) Design a lag compensator and Draw roots locus diagram in the z plane for the system shown in Figure for the following sampling period: T = 0.2 sec



The given data are i) Velocity error constant of uncompensated system, K_v = 6 ii) Peak overshoot M_p for step input $\leq 15\%$ iii)settling time t_s (2% tolerance) ≤ 5 sec