Reg. No.							5	
	_	 	100	 				

## **B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023**

Fourth Semester

## 18CSC267J – DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2020-2021 & 2021-2022)

- 70	Τ.	4	_	
- 13		NT.	0	u

- Part A should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed (i) over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.

(11)	Part - B & Part - C should be answered in answer booklet.				
Time: 3	hours	Max. N	Marl	ks: 1	.00
,	$PART - A (20 \times 1 = 20 Marks)$	Marks	BL	СО	РО
	Answer ALL Questions				
1.	At a particular moment the data entered into a database is called	_, 1,	1	1	1
	(A) Data entry (B) Instance				
	(C) Domain (D) Insert				,
2.	Which of the following symbol represent derived attribute?	1	1	2	3
	(A) (B) (C)				
	$(C) \qquad (D) \qquad (D)$				
3.	is called minimal subset of super key.	1	1	2	1
	(A) Primary key (B) Foreign key				
	(C) Composite key (D) Candidate key				
4.	Application program object code and DML compiler provides the input for executing the query.	t to 1	1	1	1
bi T	(A) Query evaluation engine (B) DML interpreter				
	(C) Parser (D) Disks				
5.	Which option in view is to ensure that all update and insert satisfy condition(s) in the view definition?	the <sup>1</sup>	1	4	3
	(A) Uncheck (B) With check				
	(C) Check (D) Where				
6.	PL/SQL delimiters symbol is exponentiation operator.	1	1	4	3
	$(A) \sim = (B) <>$				
	(C) **	.8			Ä
7.	In order to add attributes, to an existing table, the command used is	1	1	4	1
	(A) Alter (B) Modify				
	(C) Update (D) Create				
8.	Where sub queries cannot be used?	1	1	4	1
	(A) Field names in the select (B) Where clause only in the sel	ect			
	statement statement				
	(C) Where clause in select as well (D) The from clause in the sel as DML statements statement	ect			

9.	If a relation R is said to be in thin	rd normal	form then it is also be in	1	1	5	2
	(A) First normal form		Second normal form				
	(C) Third normal form	` '	BCNF				
10.	In the relation $R = ABCDEF$ , fin $F = \{A \rightarrow B, B \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow D, E \rightarrow F\}$ (A) $ABD$	(B)	BDF	1	1	5	2
	(C) BEF	(D)	ACE				
11.	Which of the following is not a d (A) Lossless join (C) Redundancy avoidance	(B)	ition property? Dependency preservation Armstrong axioms	1	1	5	2
12.	For a database relation R (P, Q include only atomic values, only those that can be inferred from the (A) 2NF and not 3NF (C) 3NF	the follownem hold (B)	wing functional dependencies and	1	2	5	2
12	How many stans are involved i	in fotobin	a that data from the detailers in	1	1	5	1
13.	query processing?	in leichin	g the data from the database in	1	1	3	1
	(A) 1	(B)					
	(C) 3	(D)	4				
14.	As soon as the queries are transletransformations are performed.			1	1	5	1
	<ul><li>(A) Query-realizing</li><li>(C) Query Deoptimizing</li></ul>		Query optimizing Query deletion				
	(c) Query Deoptimizing	(D)	Query deterion				
15.	Which of the following scheme database for particular users?			1	1	5	1
	(A) Internal schema		Conceptual schema				
	(C) Physical schema	(D)	External schema		. `		
16.	B-trees eliminated the redundant	storage o	f	1	1	5	1
	(A) Search keys	_	Indices				
	(C) Buckets	` /	Bucket skew				
17.	In transaction the following statement transaction been executed	ate refers	to where the last statement of	1	1	6	1
	(A) Commit	(B)	Partial commit				
	(C) Failed	(D)	Abort				
18.	When transactions cannot be co	ompleted	due to internal error, it refers to	1	1	6	1
	(A) Logical error	(B)	System error				
	(C) Disk error	(D)	Total arror				

19.	applied. What would be result? <to, start=""> <to, 1000,="" 950="" a,=""> <to, 2000,="" 2050="" b,=""> <to, commit=""> <t1, start=""> <t1, 600="" 700,="" c,="">, UNDO (T1), REDO (TO) = ?  (A) C = 600 &amp; A = 950, B = 2050 (B) C = 700 &amp; A = 950, B = 2050 (C) C = 700 &amp; A = 1000, B = 2000 (D) C = 700 &amp; A = 1000, B = 2050</t1,></t1,></to,></to,></to,></to,>		k3		
20.	What does OLTP stand for?  (A) Offline transaction processing (C) Outline traffic processing (D) Outlook transaction processing	1	1	6	1
	PART – B (5 $\times$ 4 = 20 Marks) Answer ANY FIVE Questions	Marks	BL	со	РО
21.	Compare file processing systems with DBMS.	4	3	1	1
22.	Mention any 5 inbuilt functions with suitable SQL queries.	4	3	4	1
23.	Explain the properties of functional dependency.	4	3	5	3
24.	Diagrammatically represent the query processing operation.	4	3	5	3
25.	Explain the types of serializability with suitable examples.	4	. 3	6	1
26.	Describe about project and select relational algebraic operations with suitable expressions.	4	3	3	2
27.	What is super key and candidate key? Give suitable examples.	4	3	4	2
	PART – C ( $5 \times 12 = 60$ Marks) Answer ALL Questions	Marks	BL	со	PO
28. a.	Explain in detail about functional components of database systems.	12	3	1	3
b.	(OR)  Construct a ER diagram for the following database and convert into tables.  The National Hockey League has many teams. Each team has a name, a city, a coach, a captain, and a set of players each player belongs to only one team, each player has a name, a position, a skill level, and a set of injury records, a team captain is also a player, a game is played between two teams, and has a data and a score.			2	3
29. a.	<ul> <li>Write SQL query for the following table structures: Person (driver_id, name, address) Car (regno, model, year, owner) Accident (report_no, accd_date, location, report_no, damage_amount) </li> <li>(i) Display the total number of people who owned cars that were involved in accidents in the year 2020</li> <li>(ii) Display the details of accidents location wise</li> <li>(iii) Display the same type of car holders of Mr. John</li> </ul>	12	4	4	1

	(iv) Display the driver name which includes the characters 'b' and 'e'				
	and they should hold the cars belongs to the type of 'BMW' (v) Display the number of accidents held from the year 2005 to 2012				
	(vi) Remove the location field from accident table				
	(OR)				
b.i.	Write a PL/SQL program to find the greatest of 3 number.	6 .	3	4	1
ii.	Write short note on triggers.	6	3	4	1
30. a.	Explain in detail about 1NF and 2NF with suitable examples.	12	3	5	3
	(OR)				
b.	Write short note on	12	3	5	3
	(i) Armstrong axioms				
	(ii) Closure of attributes				
31. a.	Explain in detail about query processing and optimization techniques.	12	3	5	3
	(OR)				
b.	Discuss about hashing techniques with suitable examples.	12	3	5	3
20	XX7 ' 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		3	,	•
32. a.	Write short note on  (i) Web databases	6	3	6	3
	(ii) ACID properties	6			
	(OR)				
b.	Explain in detail about locking based protocol techniques with suitable examples.	-12	3	6	3