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## B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024

Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Semester

### 18MAB302T – DISCRETE MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)

**Note:**

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40<sup>th</sup> minute.
- (ii) **Part - B & Part - C** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

#### PART – A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

Marks    BL    CO    PO

- |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. $A - (B \cap C)$ is  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| (A) $\phi$  |   |   |   |   |
| (B) A   |   |   |   |   |
| (C) $(A-B) \cap (A-C)$  |   |   |   |   |
| (D) $(A-B) \cup (A-C)$  |   |   |   |   |
| 2. Let $R = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$ be a relation on $A = \{1,2,3\}$ . Then R is                                 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) Reflexive only  |   |   |   |   |
| (B) Symmetric only  |   |   |   |   |
| (C) Transitive only   |   |   |   |   |
| (D) An equivalence relation   |   |   |   |   |
| 3. Let $f = \{(1,2), (2,1), (3,4), (4,5), (5,3)\}$ be a function on $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ . Then f is                   | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| (A) Injective only  |   |   |   |   |
| (B) Surjective only   |   |   |   |   |
| (C) Bijective   |   |   |   |   |
| (D) Neither injective nor surjective  |   |   |   |   |
| 4. Let $f = \{(1,2), (2,1), (3,4), (4,5), (5,3)\}$ be a function on $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ . Then the inverse of f is    | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| (A) Not exist   |   |   |   |   |
| (B) $\{(1,2), (2,1), (3,4), (4,5), (5,3)\}$   |   |   |   |   |
| (C) $\{(1,2), (2,1), (3,5), (4,3), (5,4)\}$   |   |   |   |   |
| (D) $\{(1,2), (2,1), (3,5), (4,4), (5,5)\}$   |   |   |   |   |
| 5. If a club consisting of 6 men and 7 women, the number of ways to select a committee of 3 men and 4 women is    | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) $C(6,3) + C(7,4)$   |   |   |   |   |
| (B) $C(6,3) \times C(7,4)$  |   |   |   |   |
| (C) $C(5,2) + C(6,3)$   |   |   |   |   |
| (D) $C(5,2) \times C(6,3)$  |   |   |   |   |
| 6. The number of different circular arrangements of n objects is  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| (A) $(n-1)!$  |   |   |   |   |
| (B) $(n+1)!$  |   |   |   |   |
| (C) $1/2(n-1)!$   |   |   |   |   |
| (D) $1/2(n+1)!$   |   |   |   |   |
| 7. If 36 pigeons are accommodated in 4 pigeonholes, the least number of pigeons accommodated in one pigeonhole is | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) 8   |   |   |   |   |
| (B) 9   |   |   |   |   |
| (C) 10  |   |   |   |   |
| (D) 11  |   |   |   |   |
| 8. If x and y are two positive integers, then $\gcd(x,y) \cdot \text{lcm}(x,y)$ is                                | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| (A) x   |   |   |   |   |
| (B) y   |   |   |   |   |
| (C) xy  |   |   |   |   |
| (D) x+y   |   |   |   |   |

9. The dual of  $p \rightarrow q$  is 1 1 3 2  
 (A)  $\neg p \vee q$  (B)  $\neg p \wedge q$   
 (C)  $\neg p$  (D)  $q$
10. A premise may be introduced at any step in the derivation is known as 1 2 3 2  
 (A) Rule T (B) Rule P  
 (C) Rule C (D) Rule CP
11. The symbolic form of "good food is not cheap".  $P$  : food is good and  $q$  : food is cheap. 1 1 3 1  
 (A)  $p \rightarrow q$  (B)  $p \rightarrow \neg q$   
 (C)  $p \vee \neg q$  (D)  $p \wedge \neg q$
12.  $p \leftrightarrow q$  is equivalent to 1 2 3 1  
 (A)  $(p \rightarrow q) \vee (q \rightarrow p)$  (B)  $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p)$   
 (C)  $p \rightarrow q$  (D)  $q \rightarrow p$
13. Which of the following is a group? 1 1 4 1  
 (A)  $(\mathbb{N}, +)$  (B)  $(\mathbb{Z}, -)$   
 (C)  $(\mathbb{Z}, \cdot)$  (D)  $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$
14. The cardinality of the permutation group of degree  $n$  is 1 1 4 1  
 (A)  $n$  (B)  $2n$   
 (C)  $n!$  (D)  $(n-1)!$
15. Let  $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$  be a group under multiplication. The order of  $-i$  is 1 2 4 2  
 (A) 1 (B) 2  
 (C) 3 (D) 4
16. The Hamming distance between 11010 and 10101 is 1 2 4 2  
 (A) 4 (B) 3  
 (C) 2 (D) 1
17. The maximum number of edges in a simple disconnected graph with 8 vertices and 2 components is 1 2 5 2  
 (A) 19 (B) 20  
 (C) 21 (D) 22
18. Every connected graph has atleast 1 1 5 1  
 (A) One spanning tree (B) Two spanning tree  
 (C) Three spanning tree (D) Four spanning tree
19. A tree with 10 vertices has 1 1 5 1  
 (A) 8 edges (B) 9 edges  
 (C) 10 edges (D) 11 edges
20. The chromatic number of a complete graph  $K_n$  with  $n$  vertices is 1 2 5 2  
 (A)  $n-1$  (B)  $n$   
 (C)  $n+1$  (D)  $n+2$

### PART – B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer ANY FIVE Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
21. Draw the Hasse diagram for the divisibility relation on $\{2,4,5,10,12,20,25\}$ .	4	3	1	1
22. In how many ways can 2 letters be selected from the set $\{a,b,c,d\}$ when repetition of the letters is allowed, if (i) The order of the letters matters (ii) The order does not matter?	4	4	2	2
23. Construct a truth table for the compound proposition $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$ .	4	3	3	2
24. Prove that the intersection of two subgroups of a group G is also a subgroup of G. Give an example to show that the union of two subgroups of G need not be a subgroup of G.	4	4	4	1
25. Prove that the number of edges in a bipartite graph with n vertices is at most $n^2/4$ .	4	3	5	1
26. If R and S be relations on a set A represented by the matrices $M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $M_S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ find the matrix that represent $R \oplus S$ .	4	3	1	2
27. Without constructing the truth table, prove that $\neg p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \equiv q \rightarrow (p \vee r)$ .	4	3	3	2

### PART – C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

Answer ALL Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
28. a.i. If R is the relation on the set of positive integers such that $(a,b) \in R$ if and only if $a^2+b$ is even, prove that R is an equivalence relation.	6	4	1	1
ii. Verify that $fo(goh)=(fog)oh$ , when $f,g,h:R \rightarrow R$ are defined by $f(x) = x^2, g(x) = x+5$ and $h(x) = \sqrt{x^2+2}$ .	6	4	1	1
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. By using Warshall's algorithm, find the transitive closure of the relation $R = \{(1,1), (1,3), (2,1), (2,4), (3,3), (4,2), (5,4)\}$ on the set $A = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$ .	12	3	1	2
29. a. Find the number of integers between 1 and 250 both inclusive that are not divisible by any of the integers 2,3,5 and 7.	12	4	2	2
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Use the Euclidean algorithm to find $\gcd(28844, 15712)$ and express the gcd as a linear combination of the given number.	12	3	2	2
30. a.i. Derive $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow s)$ using the CP-rule from the premises $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ and $q \rightarrow (r \rightarrow s)$ .	6	3	3	1

- ii. Use mathematical induction to prove that  $(3^n + 7^n - 2)$  is divisible by 8, for  $n \geq 1$ . 6 3 3 1

(OR)

- b. Construct an argument to show that the following premises imply the conclusion. If A works hard, then B or C will enjoy themselves. If B enjoys himself, then A will not work hard. If D enjoys himself, then C will not. Therefore, if A works hard, D will not enjoy himself. 12 4 3 1

31. a. State and prove the necessary and sufficient condition for a non empty subset to be a sub group. 12 3 4 1

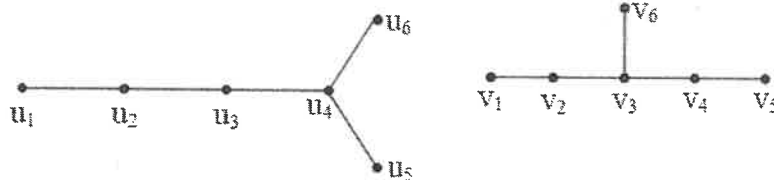
(OR)

- b. 12 4 42

Find the code words generated by the parity check matrix  $H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

when the encoding function is  $e: B^3 \rightarrow B^6$ .

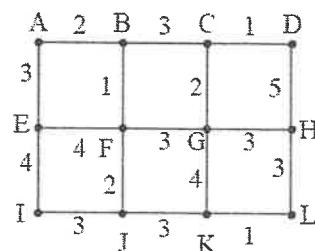
32. a.i. Determine whether the following graphs are isomorphic 6 3 5 2



- ii. Show that the number of vertices of odd degree in a undirected graph is even. 6 3 5 2

(OR)

- b. Find the minimum spanning tree for the following weighted graph using Kruskal's algorithm. 12 3 5 2



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