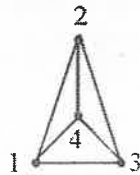




9. The converse statement of  $\neg p \rightarrow q$  is \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 3 2  
 (A)  $p \rightarrow q$  (B)  $q \rightarrow \neg p$   
 (C)  $\neg p \rightarrow q$  (D)  $p \rightarrow \neg q$
10. What is the dual of  $(P \vee Q) \rightarrow R$  is \_\_\_\_\_ 1 2 3 2  
 (A)  $(P \wedge Q) \wedge R$  (B)  $\neg(P \vee Q) \rightarrow R$   
 (C)  $\neg(P \wedge Q) \wedge R$  (D)  $(P \vee Q) \wedge \neg R$
11. The negation of the statement "I did not have strange dreams" 1 1 3 2  
 (A) I have a strange dreams (B) I have a peaceful dreams  
 (C) I have a dreamless sleep (D) I never sleep
12. Which of the following proposition is a tautology? 1 2 3 2  
 (A)  $(p \vee q) \rightarrow p$  (B)  $p \vee (q \rightarrow p)$   
 (C)  $p \vee (p \rightarrow q)$  (D)  $p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$
13. If  $e_1, e_2$  are 2 identity elements in a group  $(G, *)$  then \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 4 2  
 (A)  $e_1 = 0$  (B)  $e_2 = 0$   
 (C)  $e_1 = e_2$  (D)  $e_1 \neq e_2$
14. The inverse element 'a' in group  $(G, *)$  with binary operation  $a * b = a + b + 2$  1 2 4 2  
 is \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A)  $-a$  (B)  $a^{-1}$   
 (C) 2 (D)  $-(a+4)$
15. Every finite integral domain is a \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 4 2  
 (A) Field (B) Ring  
 (C) Integral domain (D) Group
16. The Hamming weight of  $x = 111010$  1 2 4 2  
 (A) 3 (B) 2  
 (C) 4 (D) 6
17. A graph in which loops and parallel edges are allowed is called \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 5  
 graph  
 (A) Pseudo (B) Multi  
 (C) Simple (D) Bipartite
18. The degree of  $v_5$  in the following graph is \_\_\_\_\_ 1 2 5 2
- 
- (A) 3 (B) 2  
 (C) 1 (D) 0
19. A connected graph without any circuit is called \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 5 2  
 (A) Leaf (B) Flower  
 (C) Loop (D) Tree

20. The chromatic number for the following graph is \_\_\_\_\_

1 2 5 2



- (A) 4  
(C) 2

- (B) 3  
(D) 1

**PART – B (5 × 8 = 40 Marks)**

Answer ALL Questions

Marks BL CO PO

21. a. If A, B and C are sets, prove both set identities and analytically, that  $A \cap (B - C) = (A \cap B) - (A \cap C)$ .

8 3 1 2

**(OR)**

- b. Draw the Hasse diagram representing the partial ordering  $P = \{(a, b) / a \text{ divides } b\}$  on the set  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$  starting from the digraph of P and also prove that P is partial ordered relation.

8 3 1 2

22. a. There are 250 students in an engineering college of these 188 have taken a course in Fortran, 100 have taken a course in C and 35 have taken a course is Java further 88 have taken courses in both Fortran and C. 23 have taken courses in both C and Java and 29 have taken courses in both Fortran and Java. If 19 of these students have taken all the three courses, how many of these 250 students have not taken a course in any of these three languages?

8 3 2 2

**(OR)**

- b. Use Euclidean algorithm to find the integers 'm and n' such that  $28844m + 15712n = 4$ .

8 3 2 2

23. a. Show that b can be derived from the premises  $a \rightarrow b, c \rightarrow b, d \rightarrow (a \vee c), d$  by the indirect method.

8 4 3 2

**(OR)**

- b. Prove that the premises  $p \rightarrow q, q \rightarrow r, s \rightarrow \neg r$  and  $p \wedge s$  are inconsistent.

8 4 3 2

24. a. Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a non empty subset H of a group  $(G, *)$  to be a subgroup is  $a, b \in H \Rightarrow a * b^{-1} \in H$ .

8 3 4 2

**(OR)**

- b. Find the code words generated by the parity check matrix  $H = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ,

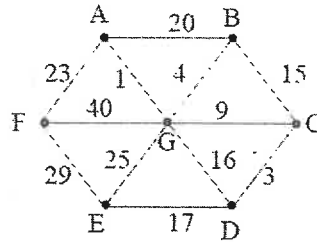
8 3 4 2

when the encoding function is  $R: B^3 \rightarrow B^5$ .

25. a. Prove that the maximum number of edges in a simple disconnected graph  $G$  with  $n$  vertices and  $k$  components is  $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ . 8    4    5    2

**(OR)**

- b. Find the minimum spanning tree for the following weighted graph using Kruskal's algorithm. 8    4    5    2



**PART – C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)**

Answer **ANY ONE** Questions

Marks    BL    CO    PO

26. Let  $R = \{(1,2), (1,5), (2,2), (3,3), (3,4), (4,4), (5,1)\}$  defined on  $A = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$  then find the transitive closure of  $R$  using Warshall's algorithm. 15    4    1    2
27. Find the code words generated by the generator matrix  $G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the corresponding parity check matrix and use it to decode the following received words and hence find the original message 15    4    4    2
- Are all the words decoded uniquely?
- (i)    11110
  - (ii)   11101
  - (iii)   11011
  - (iv)   10101
  - (v)    10011
  - (vi)   11111
  - (vii)   01100

\* \* \* \* \*