Reg. No.			
Reg. No.			

## **B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024**

Second Semester

18PYB101J – PHYSICS: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY, QUANTUM MECHANICS, WAVES AND OPTICS (For the candidates admitted during the academic year 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)

(i) (ii)		Part - A should be answered in OMR over to hall invigilator at the end of 40 Part - B & Part - C should be answer	th minute	o	et shoul	d be	han	ded
Time	: 3	hours			Max. N	Marl	cs: 1	00
		DADE A (00	4 20 T	(fl)	Marks	BL	CO	PO
		$PART - A (20 \times$						
		Answer ALL	-		1	1	1	1
	1.	The vector field whose curl is zero						
		(A) Irrotational	, ,	Rotational				
		(C) Conservative	(D)	Solenoidal				
	2.			integral of the divergence of a	a <sup>1</sup>	1	1	1
		vector to the surface integral of the		Gauss divergence				
		(A) Stoke's	. ,	Cauchy's				
		(C) Green's	(D)	Cauchy S				
	3.	Orientation polarization arises due	to the p	presence of	1	1	1	1
		(A) Conductors	(B)	Polar molecules				
		(C) Semiconductors	(D)	Superconductors				
	4	The process of producing electric of	dinoles :	are called as	1	1	1	1
	т.			Ionic polarization				
		. ,		Space charge				
		(C) Offentation polarization	(D)	Space charge				
	5.	Bubble memory is amemo	ry.		1	1	2	1
	550	(A) Non-volatile		Permanent				
		(C) Temporary	(D)	Erasable				
	_	To the second second in		site.	1	1	2	1
	6.	In pyralspite garnets, aluminum in						
		(A) X	(B)	YX				
		(C) XY	(D)	1 A				
	7.	Space polarization will occur in _		frequency range.	1	1-	2	1
		(A) Electric power		Audio				
		(C) Radio	(D)	Optical				
	Ω	The houndary well hotween dome	ine je br	nown as	1	1	2	1
	ð.	The boundary wall between doma	(B)	Bloch wall				
		(A) Potential wall (C) Magnetic wall		Semiconductor wall				
		COLUMN TERM TERM TERM TERM TERM TERM TERM TERM	(1)	DOMINOUS WALL				

Note:

9.	The waves associated with a	a material particle are called waves.	1	1	3	1
	(A) Matter	(B) Sonic				
	(C) Ultrasonic	(D) Infrasonic			,	
10.	$P =  \psi ^2$ is called as		1	1	3	1
	(A) Probability density	(B) Schrodinger's equation				
7.	(C) Probability	(D) Planck's equation				
11.	The Quantum energy levels	of an electrons are	1	1	3	1
	(A) Discrete	(B) Continuous				
	(C) Random	(D) Orified				
12.	experiment prov	red the existence of matter waves.	1	1	3	1
	(A) Raman	(B) Davisson and Germer				
	(C) De-Broglie	(D) Fresnel				
13.	In Fraunhofer diffraction, the	e incident wavefront should be	1	1	4	1
	(A) Elliptical	(B) Plane				
	(C) Spherical	(D) Cylindrical				
14.		ereby waves travel across corners and obstacle	s 1	1	4	1
	in their paths.					
	(A) Reflection	(B) Refraction				
	(C) Interference	(D) Diffraction				
15.		refractive index can be expressed as	1	1	4	1
	-	(B) $\mu = \cos \theta_p$				
	(C) $\mu = tan\theta_p$	(D) $\mu = \cot \theta_p$				
16.	A Nicol prism is made from		1	1	4	1
	(A) Calcite	(B) Nickel				
	(C) Cobalt	(D) Zinc				
17.	The minimum population in is called as popu	version density requires to overcome the losses	s <sup>1</sup>	1	5	1
	(A) Threshold	(B) Normal				
	(C) Standard	(D) Dense				
18.			1	1	5	1
	(A) $V^2/2$	(B) $V^2/4$				
1.0	(C) $V^2/16$	(D) $V^2/32$			_	
19.		s, the V number is less than	1	I	5	1
	(A) 0.5	(B) 0.25				
• •	(C) 1	(D) 2.4				
20.	CO <sub>2</sub> is a laser.		1	1	5	1
	(A) Solid	(B) Liquid				
	(C) Molecular gas	(D) Semiconductor				

	$PART - B (5 \times 4 = 20 Marks)$					
	Answer ANY FIVE Questions	Marks	BL	co	PO	
21	D	4	3	1	1	
	Derive an expression for continuity equation.				1	
	Explain hysteresis loop and energy product with a neat diagram.  Write a note on magnetoplumbits.				1	
	Derive de-Broglie wave equation in terms of energy and voltage.	4	3	3	1	
		4	4	3	1	
	Analyse the physical significance of wave function.  Write a note on half wave plate.	4	2	4	1	
	Discuss the essential components of laser.	4	2	5	1	
21.	Discuss the essential components of laser.					
	$PART - C (5 \times 12 = 60 Marks)$					
	Answer ALL Questions	Marks	BL	CO	PO	
28. a.i.	Define Gauss law. Using Gauss Law derive an expression to find the electric field intensity in a uniformly charged spherical shell.	8	2	1	1	
ii.	Derive an expression for Clausius Mosotti equation.	4	4	1	1	
	(OR)					
b.i.	Using Faraday's law and Ampere's circuital Law deduce an expression for	8	3	1	1	
	Maxwell's equations.					
ii.	Derive Poisson's equations.	4	3	1	1	
	To the discount to the first and the second	12	2	2	1	
29. a.	Define magnetoresistance. Explain the different types of magneteresistance and its working.	12	L	2	1	
	(OR)					
b.i.	Explain in detail about the theory of magnetic domains in ferromagnetic	6	3	2	1	
	material.					
			2	2		
ii.	Explain multiferroic materials. Write any four applications.	6	3	2_	1	
• •	Control Contro	12	4	3	1	
30. a.	30. a. Derive an expression for the application of Schrodinger's wave equation to					
	a particle enclosed in an one dimensional potential box.					
	(OR)					
b.	Derive an expression for energy and wave function in Linear Harmonic	12	4	3	1	
	Oscillator.					
31. a.i.	With a neat sketch explain the concept of Fraunhofer diffraction at single	8	3	4	1	
	slit.					
ii	Write a note on Brewster's law.	4	2	4	1	
11.	- v				192	
	(OR)	10	2	_		
b.	Explain the production and detection of circularly polarized light using	12	3	5	1	
	quarter wave plate.					
22	The state of citations of CO malacula Describe the	12	3	5	1	
32. a.	Explain the modes of vibrations of CO <sub>2</sub> molecule. Describe the construction and working of CO <sub>2</sub> laser with necessary diagrams.					
	(OR)					
	(OII)	218/42	1003	TD101	T .	

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- b.i. Derive an expression for Einstein's coefficient and also explain rate of 8 4 5 1 absorption and emission.
- ii. Calculate the V-number and number of modes propagating through the  $^4$   $^4$   $^5$  fiber having a = 50 m,  $n_1$ =1.53,  $n_2$  = 1.50 and  $\lambda$ =1  $\mu$ m.

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