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**B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY 2024**  
Sixth Semester

**18BMC306J – MEDICAL IMAGE PROCESSING**

*(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2021-2022)*

**Note:**

- (i) **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40<sup>th</sup> minute.
- (ii) **Part - B & Part - C** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

**PART – A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)**

Marks    BL    CO    PO

Answer ALL Questions

- |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Identify the transform which has poor energy compaction property for highly correlated images<br>(A) DCT<br>(B) DFT<br>(C) Hadamard<br>(D) HAAR  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2. Find the chess board distance for the image coordinates (5,4) and (7,8)<br>(A) 2<br>(B) 3<br>(C) 4<br>(D) 5  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3. If the number of gray level in the image is 512, the number of bits used to represent each pixels.<br>(A) 8<br>(B) 9<br>(C) 10<br>(D) 11   | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4. Consider a person standing at a distance of 100 m looking at a tree whose height is 15 m. the focal length of the lens of a person is 17 mm. calculate the image formed in the retina of the eye of the person<br>(A) 2.5 mm<br>(B) 2.55 mm<br>(C) 2.75 mm<br>(D) 3.5 mm | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5. Identify the example of non-linear filter<br>(A) Low pass filter<br>(B) High pass filter<br>(C) Median filter<br>(D) Band pass filter  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 6. Highlighting the specific gray level present in the image is called<br>(A) Intensity level slicing<br>(B) Contrast stretching<br>(C) Dynamic range compression<br>(D) Bit plane slicing  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 7. _____ model is used in color TV monitors.<br>(A) RGB<br>(B) CMY<br>(C) HIS<br>(D) YIQ  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 8. _____ refers to purity of color<br>(A) Hue<br>(B) Saturation<br>(C) Intensity<br>(D) Brightness  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |

9. The image degradation model is given by 1 1 3 1  
 (A)  $H=FG-N$  (B)  $F=HG-N$   
 (C)  $F=NH-G$  (D)  $G=HF+N$
10. Find the filters which does not come under order statistics filter 1 1 3 1  
 (A) Median filter (B) Max and min filter  
 (C) Midpoint filter (D) Laplacian filter
11. In unconstrained restoration, the restored image is given by 1 1 3 1  
 (A)  $F = H^{-1}g$  (B)  $F=HG$   
 (C)  $G = F^{-1}H$  (D)  $G=FH$
12. \_\_\_\_\_ filter is good for random Gaussian and uniform noise 1 1 3 1  
 (A) Median filter (B) Max and min filter  
 (C) Midpoint filter (D) Laplacian filter
13. Non maxima suppression occurs in \_\_\_\_\_ 1 1 4 2  
 (A) Canny edge detection (B) Sobel edge detection  
 (C) Marr Hildreth (D) Prewitt
14. \_\_\_\_\_ algorithm segments the regions into catchment basins. 1 1 4 2  
 (A) Watershed (B) Region growing  
 (C) Snake (D) k-means clustering
15. Seed points are fixed in \_\_\_\_\_ algorithms. 1 1 4 2  
 (A) Watershed (B) Region growing  
 (C) Snake (D) k-means clustering
16. The Laplacian of Gaussian is called \_\_\_\_\_ operator. 1 1 4 2  
 (A) Sobel (B) Prewitt  
 (C) Robert (D) Mexican hat
17. Feature map fusion is performed in \_\_\_\_\_ fusion. 1 1 5 3  
 (A) Pixel based (B) PCA based  
 (C) Wavelet transform based (D) Frequency based
18. Decomposing the images into set of binary images takes place in 1 1 5 3  
 (A) Arithmetic coding (B) Huffman  
 (C) Bit-plane (D) Run length
19. Which of the following comes under lossy compression technique? 1 1 5 3  
 (A) Huffman (B) Arithmetic  
 (C) Bit plane (D) Transform
20. \_\_\_\_\_ coding is slower than Huffman coding but achieve better 1 1 5 3  
 compression  
 (A) Arithmetic coding (B) Transform  
 (C) Bit-plane (D) Run length

**PART – B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)**

Answer ANY FIVE Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
21. Define DST and mention its properties.	4	2	1	1
22. Illustrate adjacency and connectivity with an example.	4	3	1	1
23. Write a brief note on log transformation and power law transformation.	4	2	2	2
24. Convert RGB to HIS model with suitable mathematical expressions.	4	3	2	2
25. Draw the image degradation model and mention its properties.	4	3	3	2
26. Comment on region splitting and merging algorithm.	4	2	4	3
27. Mention the types of registration and give an example.	4	2	5	3

**PART – C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)**

Answer ALL Questions

	Marks	BL	CO	PO
28. a. Elucidate the basic relationship between the pixels with an example.	12	3	1	1
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Design a 2D DCT for N=4 mention the properties of 2D-DCT.	12	3	1	1
29. a. Enumerate in detail about the pseudo color image processing using slicing technique and frequency approach.	12	2	2	4
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Discuss in detail about the first order and second order derivative filter using suitable mathematical expressions.	12	2	2	4
30. a. Derive the necessary expressions for least means square (wiener) filter for image restoration process.	12	3	3	3
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Elaborate in detail about the digital implementation of filter back projection algorithm with a neat block diagram.	12	2	3	3
31. a. Explain in detail about the canny edge detection algorithm.	12	2	4	2
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Illustrate in detail about the segmentation using morphological watersheds based on dam construction and algorithm.	12	2	4	2
32. a. Perform Huffman coding for the source symbols $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, a_6$ and $a_7$ with probabilities 0.05, 0.1, 0.6, 0.01, 0.04, 0.2. calculate the average length, entropy and efficiency.	12	2	5	3
<b>(OR)</b>				
b. Describe in detail about the pixel based image fusion.	12	2	5	3

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