

Minor CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2023

Third Semester

18CSE004T - FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA

(For the candidates admitted during the academic year (2020-2021 & 2021-2022))

Note:

- i. **Part - A** should be answered in OMR sheet within first 40 minutes and OMR sheet should be handed over to hall invigilator at the end of 40th minute.
- ii. **Part - B** and **Part - C** should be answered in answer booklet.

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 100**

PART - A (20 × 1 = 20 Marks)

Marks BL CO

Answer all Questions

- | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1. Devices with a finite amount of memory which is used to model “small” computers. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) finite automata | | | |
| (B) push-down automata | | | |
| (C) Turing machine | | | |
| (D) Linear bounded automata | | | |
| 2. Which of the following belongs to union operation? | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| (A) $r1.r2=r1r2$ | | | |
| (B) $r1+r2$ | | | |
| (C) $r1^*$ | | | |
| (D) $r1+$ | | | |
| 3. Deterministic Finite Automata means | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) multiple paths exists from current state to next state for a particular input | | | |
| (B) two path exists from current state to next state for a particular input | | | |
| (C) one path exists from current state to next state for a particular input | | | |
| (D) three path exists from current state to next state for a particular input | | | |
| 4. Kleen closure produces | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| (A) Zero or more number of inputs | | | |
| (B) Zero input | | | |
| (C) One input | | | |
| (D) one or more number of inputs | | | |
| 5. How many components are available in the definition of grammar | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| (A) 3 | | | |
| (B) 2 | | | |
| (C) 1 | | | |
| (D) 4 | | | |
| 6. Type 3 Grammar represents | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| (A) Regular Grammar | | | |
| (B) context sensitive grammar | | | |
| (C) context free grammar. | | | |
| (D) unrestricted grammar | | | |
| 7. The input is scanned and replaced with the production rule from left to right. | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| (A) Right most Derivation | | | |
| (B) Left most Derivation | | | |
| (C) Shortest Derivation | | | |
| (D) Fastest Derivation | | | |
| 8. A grammar is said to be _____ if there exists more than one leftmost derivation or more than one rightmost derivation or more than one parse tree for the given input string. | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| (A) ambiguous | | | |
| (B) non-ambiguous | | | |
| (C) rightmost derivation | | | |
| (D) leftmost derivation | | | |
| 9. Pushdown Automata contains memory in the point of | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) Queue | | | |
| (B) Stack | | | |
| (C) Linked List | | | |
| (D) Array | | | |
| 10. Pushdown automata accepts _____ | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| (A) context sensitive grammar | | | |
| (B) regular grammar | | | |
| (C) context free grammar | | | |
| (D) unrestricted grammar | | | |

11. By default pushdown automata is (A) nondeterministic (C) centralized	(B) deterministic (D) decentralized	1	2	3
12. Pushdown automata cannot process the string in (A) last in first out order (C) random order	(B) first in last out order (D) sequence order	1	2	4
13. Turing machine was invented by (A) Charles Babbage (C) Einstein	(B) Alan Turing (D) Edison	1	1	5
14. Turing machine can process the input in (A) left to right (C) Both left to right and right to left	(B) right to left (D) non generating symbol	1	1	5
15. Turing Machine has (A) bounded in left side (C) bounded in both sides	(B) bounded in right side (D) no boundaries	1	2	5
16. Turing machine accepts (A) context free grammar (C) regular grammar	(B) context sensitive grammar (D) all the above as it is called as unrestricted grammar	1	2	4
17. The turing machine has accepted the input, comes under (A) recursive language (C) regular language	(B) recursive enumerable language (D) context free language	1	1	6
18. In closure properties of recursive language, If L is recursive then L' is (A) non recursive (C) regular	(B) recursive (D) context free	1	1	6
19. Any non-trivial property of R.E languages is (A) decidable (C) closure	(B) undecidable (D) kleen closure	1	2	6
20. The Post Correspondence Problem (PCP), introduced by Emil Post in 1946, is (A) decidable problem (C) undecidable problem	(B) recursive problem (D) accepted problem	1	2	6

PART - B (5 × 4 = 20 Marks)

Answer **any 5** Questions

21. Convert the given NFA to DFA. Let $M = (\{q_0, q_1\}, \{0, 1\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_1\})$ be NFA, where $\delta(q_0, 0) = \{q_0, q_1\}$, $\delta(q_0, 1) = \{q_1\}$, $\delta(q_1, 0) = \emptyset$, $\delta(q_1, 1) = \{q_0, q_1\}$	4	3	1
22. Prove the language of prime number is not regular by using pumping lemma	4	3	1
23. Analyze the steps involved in removing the ambiguity in a grammar with an example	4	4	2
24. Convert the given CFG to PDA $S \rightarrow aBB, B \rightarrow bS c$	4	3	3
25. Write short notes on Instantaneous Description of push down automata with an example.	4	2	4
26. Draw a Turing Machine to perform 2's Complement.	4	3	5
27. Whether NP-hard and NP-Complete provide solutions? Justify.	4	4	6

PART - C (5 × 12 = 60 Marks)

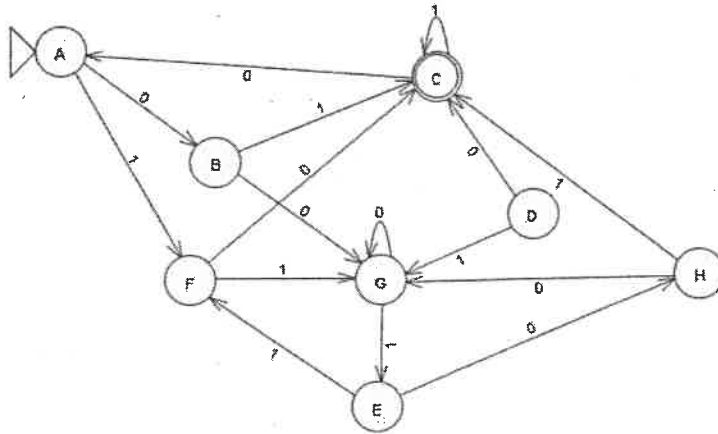
Answer **all** Questions

Marks BL CO

Marks BL CO

28. (a) Construct the minimum finite state automata for the following DFA.

12 3 1



(OR)

- (b) Construct NFA for the R.E $= (a(aa)^*b + ab^*a)^*$

29. (a) Convert the following CFG to Chomsky normal form:

12 3 3

$$S \rightarrow A/B/C$$

$$A \rightarrow aAa/B$$

$$B \rightarrow bB/bb$$

$$C \rightarrow baD/abD/aa$$

$$D \rightarrow aCaa/D$$

(OR)

- (b) Convert the following to Greibach Normal Form

$$S \rightarrow AB$$

$$A \rightarrow BS|b$$

$$B \rightarrow SA|a$$

30. (a) Design a Push Down Automata which accepts the set of balanced parenthesis $\{\{\{\}\}\}\}$

12 3 4

(OR)

- (b) Draw a Push Down Automata which accepts $L = \{a^n b^n / n > 1\}$

31. (a) Sketch a Turing Machine to perform multiplication.

12 3 5

(OR)

- (b) Design a Turing Machine to perform division.

32. (a) Analyze Rice theorem in the construction of Turing Machine reduction

12 4 5

(OR)

- (b) Justify Post Correspondence Problem is undecidable with suitable example.
