

9. Debroglie waves are characterized by a variable quantity called _____
 (A) Wave function (B) electron
 (C) photon (D) phonon 1 1 3 1
10. In Davisson and Germer's experiment _____ target is used to study the reflection of electrons
 (A) nickel (B) lithium
 (C) calcium (D) iron 1 2 3 1
11. Calculate the de-Broglie wavelength if the momentum is 'p'
 (A) $\lambda = p/h$ (B) $\lambda = h/p$
 (C) $\lambda = hp$ (D) $\lambda = hp^2$ 1 1 3 1
12. _____ scattering is involved in Compton scattering of X-rays
 (A) Raman (B) Rayleigh
 (C) Elastic (D) Inelastic 1 1 4 1
13. The Alternate bright and dark bands are called _____
 (A) Interference (B) Diffraction
 (C) Polarization (D) Reflection 1 1 4 1
14. The source of light and the screen are at finite distances from the obstacle is _____
 (A) Fraunhofer diffraction (B) Fresnel diffraction
 (C) Polarization (D) Scattering 1 1 4 1
15. The phenomenon of diffraction can be understood using
 (A) Huygens principle (B) Fraunhofer
 (C) Uncertainty principle (D) Fresnel 1 1 4 1
16. A Nicol prism is made from _____ Crystal.
 (A) Calcite (B) Nickel
 (C) Cobalt (D) Zinc 1 1 4 1
17. The average lifetime of carriers in the excited state is _____ seconds.
 (A) 10^{-2} (B) 10^{-8}
 (C) 10^{-32} (D) 10^{-34} 1 1 3 1
18. A pair of mirrors placed on either side of the active medium is known as _____
 (A) Pumping mechanism (B) Active medium
 (C) Directionality (D) Optical resonator 1 1 5 1
19. In the _____ mode of the Carbon dioxide laser, the molecule ceases to be exactly linear as the atoms move perpendicular to the molecular axis.
 (A) symmetric (B) asymmetric
 (C) bending (D) constant 1 1 5 1
20. Band width of multi mode optical fiber is _____
 (A) 1000 MHz (B) 2000 MHz
 (C) 50 MHz (D) 5000 MHz 1 1 5 1

PART – B (5 × 8 = 40 Marks)**Marks BL CO PO****Answer ALL Questions**

21. a. Interpret the Gauss divergence theorem and Stokes theorem along with the equation. 8 4 1 2

(OR)

- b. Explain the various polarization mechanisms in the dielectric material. 8 3 1 1

22. a. Compare the Soft and Hard magnetic materials. 8 3 2 1

(OR)

- b. Illustrate the regular and inverse Spinel structure of ferrites with a neat diagram. 8 3 2 2

23. a. Derive the Schrodinger time-independent wave equation. 8 3 3 4

(OR)

- b. Explain the experimental support of the existence of matter waves with a neat sketch using Davisson and Germer's diffraction setup. 8 3 3 1

24. a. Describe the intensity distribution in the Fraunhofer diffraction pattern due to a double slit. 8 4 4 2

(OR)

- b. Explain the production and detection of circularly polarized light using a quarter wave plate. 8 3 4 2

25. a. Describe the construction and working of the CO₂ laser with the necessary diagrams. 8 3 5 3

(OR)

- b. Define the numerical aperture and acceptance angle. Derive the expression for numerical aperture. 8 4 5 2

PART – C (1 × 15 = 15 Marks)**Marks BL CO PO****Answer ANY ONE Question**

26. Interpret Maxwell's equation for electromagnetism from fundamental laws of electricity and magnetism. 15 4 1 2

27. Describe the application of the Schrodinger wave equation to a particle enclosed in a one-dimensional potential box. 15 4 3 4

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