$PART - B (5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

Marks BL CO PO

Answer ALL Questions

26.	a.	Draw the design of a snack vending machine and justify it as an embedded system appropriately.	10	3	1	4
1	b.	(OR) With necessary coding examples explain the various conditional statements in C language.	10	3	1	3
27.	a.	With a neat sketch explain the successive approximation ADC.	10	1	2	1
1	b.	(OR) How can you generate a PWM wave of different duty cycle? Explain in detail about the logic.	10	3	2	3
28.	a.	Distinguish between ticker and timeout mode in mbed timer controller. With C code explain the implementation of these codes.	10	2	3	1
1	b.	(OR) Draw a 16×16 bitmap image and divide pixels into 4×4 blocks and write a hex code to display check board pattern of the same. Explain the concept behind the graphic formation.	10	2	3	3
29. a	a.	How can you access data files in mbed controller? Explain the concepts and code related to it?	10	4	4	
		(OR)				
1	b.	Explain data communication using Zigbee in mbed microcontroller.	10	4	4	
30. a	a.	How is MIDI used to interface audio to mbed controller? Explain the interfacing concepts in detail.	10	5	5	2i
		(OR)				
1	b.	What is way audio file? How do you interface wave audio files using mbed controller? Explain in detail.	10	5	5	

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Reg. No.							

B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2022

Sixth and Seventh Semester

18ECE204J – ARM-BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN

(For the candidates admitted from the academic year 2018-2019 to 2019-2020)

Note: (i) (ii)	Part - A should be answered in OMR sover to hall invigilator at the end of 40 th Part - B should be answered in answer by	minut	e.	et shoul	ld be	han	ıded
Time: 2½	Hours			Max.	Ma	rks:	75
	PART – A (25 × 1 : Answer ALL Q			Marks	BL	co	PO
1.	The type of instruction that has a fe code density with execution done by (A) Conditional execution (C) Pipelining	eature using (B)	to improve the performance and	1	1	1	1
2.	Which register is used as a stack po stack in the processor mode of ARM	archi	tecture?	1	1	1	1
	(A) R1 (C) R14	` ′	R13 R15				
3.	The type of architecture with a con	bine	data and instruction memory is	1	2	1	1
	(A) ARM (C) Von Neuman	(B) (D)	Thumb Harvard				
4.	What will be output of instruction Nr5=5 and r7 =8?			1	2	1	3
	(A) R7=20 (C) R7=25	` '	R7=24 R7=23				
5.	If-else structure in a program is a type (A) Data transfer instruction (C) Branch instruction	(B)	Memory instruction Control instruction	1	2	1	1
6.	milliseconds specified as int (C) Waits for number of	(D)	Waits for number of milliseconds specified as float Waits for number of microseconds specified as float		1	2	1
7.	Pin numbersare configu mbed microcontroller. (A) 1 to 26 (C) 21 to 40	(B)	s digital input and /or outputs in 5 to 30 15 to 23	1	1	2	1

8.	(A) Start conversion, end of (B) Start conversion, end of code	1	1	2	1		16.	The	memory which retains is data	even when power is removed is called as	1	1		+
	conversion			-				$\overline{(A)}$	Non volatile memory	(B) Volatile memory				
	(C) Select conversion, end of (D) Stop conversion, enable of conversion								-	(D) Storage cell				
			19				17.	Wh	at is the location of the internal	registers of CPU?	1	1	4	4
9.	Duty cycle of PWM is given as	1	1	2	1		17.		Internal	(B) On chip				
	(A) Pulse on time/(pulse off time + (B) Pulse on time * 100/pulse off							` /	External	(D) Motherboard				
	pulse period) time							(-)		(2,) 1.201101011				
	(C) Pulse period * 100/pulse off (D) Pulse on time * 100/pulse time period				*		18.	info	rmation is	very few milliseconds, otherwise the	1	1	4	1
1.0				•	•				Duplicated	(B) Forwarded to next block				
10.	Fill in the missing line to display a sawtooth waveform #include "mbed.h"	1	2	2	3			` ,	Archieved	(D) Lost				
	Analog out Aout(P18)						19.			ended to allow the mbed to utilize an	1	2	. 4	ŀ
	float i;								ernal flash mass storage device					
	int main () {							` '	USB host	(B) Host API				
	while (1) { for (i=0; i<1;i=i+0.1) {							(C)	USB host MSD	(D) USB API				
	wait (0.001);}}}			-			20	The	anneximate communication	ronge for along 1 Divote oth device is	1	2		4
	(A) $A_{out} = 1$ (B) $A_{out} = 0$						20.	1116	approximate communication	range for class 1 Bluetooth device is	•	_		
	(C) $A_{out} = i$ (D) $A_{out} = 2$							(A)	100 m	(B) 10 m				
	(b) $I_{out} = 2$							` '	1000 m	(D) 50 m				
11	In locate (x, y) function, x, y	1	1	3	1			(0)	1000 111	(2) 30 m				
11.			-				21.	MII	OI note value 60 represents C4	, which has a fundamental frequency of	1	1	4	5
	(A) Gets display cursor position (B) Finds display cursor position (C) Regets display cursor position (D) Sets display cursor position								*					
	(C) Resets display cursor position (D) Sets display cursor position							(A)	21.63 Hz	(B) 266.63 Hz				
12	C time () function in timer interface is used to	1	1	3	1			(C)	251.63 Hz	(D) 241.63 Hz				
12.	(A) Convert a tm structure to (B) Converts a time stamp to tm			-	-	70								
	custom format human readable structure						22.		20 kHz-tick, attach-us (& S 20		1	1	5	j
	string							(A)	To attach 50 us timer count	(B) To attach subroutine to 50 us				
	(C) Converts a timestamp to a (D) Get the current time							(0)	T 1	clock				
	human readable string							(C)		er (D) To attach task to 50 us tick				
520									code					
13.	Two commonly used techniques to identify external events by	1	2	3	1		23	Wit	h many audio DSP systems	the analog output from the DAC is	1	1	5	5
	microcontroller are						23.		verted to a reconstructed signal	<u> </u>				
	(A) Time triggers and event (B) Interrupts and polling					9			removes all steps from the sign					
	triggers (C) Contest writehing and marking (D) Pro 1 1 1								Analog reconstruction filter	(B) Rectifier				
	(C) Context switching and nesting (D) Read and write								Regulator	(D) PWM output				
14	To display the digit 9 using seven segment LED which of the following	1	2	3	4			. ,	M. m					
17.	hexacoode has to be entered		_	-	·		24.	Filte	ers can be designed to have dif	ferent steepness of cut off attenuation to	1	2		j
	(A) 5f (B) 64							adju	st the					
	(C) Og (D) 6f							٠ .	Bandwidth	(B) Cut off frequency				
								(C)	Filters roll off rate	(D) Band rejection				
15.	Assuming the speed of data transfer of I2C to be 100 Kbits/sec, how much	1	2	3	4		0.5	,, 4	C* 11 CC	1 1 01 02 1 1	1	2	5	5 10
	time will it take you transferring one byte of data?								fined buffer size 0×FF. What is	•	1	2	2	,
	(A) 1 μs (B) 0.7μs							` ′	128	(B) 64				
	(C) $0.7\mu s$ (D) 2 ms							(C)	256	(D) 512				
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