

Parallel Coordinates Plots Made Easy

Shane Rosanbalm, Rho, Inc.

Abstract

A parallel coordinates plot is useful for visualizing multivariate data. Unfortunately, there isn't a PARALLEL statement in SGPLOT. In this paper we present a macro called %parallel. Using a minimum of parameters (data=, var=, group=) the macro will produce a parallel coordinates plot via SGPLOT.

Background

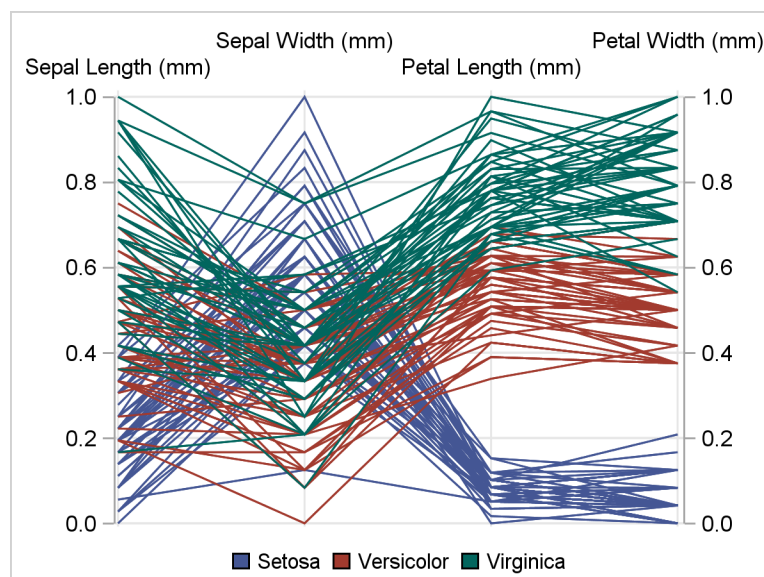
Producing a parallel coordinates plot in SAS is not straightforward. There definitely isn't a PARALLEL statement in SGPLOT. The best approach I could find online was from SAS author Prashant Hebbar in his paper from SGF 2012 (Off the Beaten Path: Creating Unusual Graphs with GTL). The outlined process certainly works, but it's written for readability and not for flexibility or scalability. I decided to experiment to see if was possible to generate a parallel coordinates plot using more flexible and scalable code. The result of this experiment is a macro called %parallel which is capable of producing a parallel coordinates plot with a minimum of parameters.

Macro Basics

A basic call to %parallel looks like this:

```
%parallel  
  (data=sashelp.iris  
   ,var=sepalength sepalwidth petallength petalwidth  
   ,group=species  
  );
```

Figure 1: Parallel Coordinates Plot for Fisher's Iris Data



The required parameters are `data=` and `var=`.

Parameter	Description
<code>data=</code>	Input dataset. Required.
<code>var=</code>	Space-separated list of variables to plot. Required.

The optional parameters that are likely to be of most interest are `group=` and `axistype=`.

Parameter	Description
<code>group=</code>	Grouping variable. Optional.
<code>axistype=</code>	Type of yaxis to create. Optional. Valid values: <code>percentiles</code> <code>datavalues</code> .

Using `axistype=datavalues` changes the yaxis of the previous output as follows:

```
%parallel
(data=sashelp.iris
, var=sepalwidth petalwidth
, group=species
, axistype=datavalues
);
```

Figure 2: Parallel Coordinates Plot Using Data Values

