# **KCET EXAMINATION - 2020 SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY**

# DATE: 31-07-2020

- 1. Copper is extracted from copper pyrites by
  - a) Thermal decomposition
  - b) Reduction by coke
  - c) Electrometallurgy
  - d) Auto reduction

#### Ans. d

- 2. Function of potassium ethyl xanthate in froth floatation process is to make the ore
  - a) Lighter
- b) Hydrophobic

d) SOCl<sub>2</sub>

- c) Hydrophilic
- d) Heavier

## Ans. b

- 3. Sulphide ore on roasting gives a gas X. X reacts with Cl2 in the presence of activated charcoal to give Y. Y is:
  - a)  $SO_2Cl_2$  b)  $S_2Cl_2$ c) SC1<sub>6</sub>

#### Ans. a

Aqueous solution of a salt (A) forms a dense 4. white precipitate with BaCl<sub>2</sub> solution. The precipitate dissolves in dilute HCl to produce a gas (B) which decolourises acidified KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution

A and B respectively are:

- a) BaSO<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>
- b) BaSO<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S
- c) BaSO<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S
- d) BaSO<sub>4</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>

### Ans. a

- Bond angle in PH<sub>4</sub> is more than that of PH<sub>3</sub>. 5. This is because
  - a) Lone pair bond pair repulsion exists in PH3
  - b) PH<sub>4</sub> has square planar structure
  - c) PH<sub>3</sub> has planar trigonal structure
  - d) Hybridisation of P changes when PH3 is converted to PH<sub>4</sub>

#### Ans. a

- 6. Incorrectly matched pair is:
  - a) XeO<sub>3</sub> pyramidal
  - b) XeF<sub>4</sub> tetrahedral
  - c)  $XeF_6$  disorted octahedral
  - d) XeOF<sub>4</sub> square pyramidal

# Ans. b

# TIME: 02.30 PM TO 03.50 PM

- Phosphorus pentachloride
  - a) On hydrolysis gives an oxo acid of phosphorus which is tribasic
  - b) On hydrolysis gives an oxo acid of phosphorus which is a good reducing agent
  - c) Has all the five equivalent bonds
  - d) Exists as an ionic solid in which cation has octahedral and anion structure tetrahedral structure

#### Ans. a

- 8. Identify the set of paramagnetic ions among the following:
  - a)  $V^{2+}, Co^{2+}, Ti^{4+}$  b)  $Ni^{2+}, Cu^{2+}, Zn^{2+}$
  - c)  $Ti^{3+}$ ,  $Cu^{2+}$ ,  $Mn^{3+}$
- d)  $Sc^{3+}$ ,  $Ti^{3+}$ ,  $V^{3+}$

## Ans. c

- 9. How many moles of acidified K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> is required to liberate 6 moles of I2 from an aqueous solution of I-?
  - a) 2
- b) 1
- c) 0.25
- d) 0.5

#### Ans. a

- 10. Cu2Cl2 and CuCl2 in aqueous medium
  - a) CuCl<sub>2</sub> is more stable than Cu<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>
  - b) Stability of Cu<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> is equal to stability of CuCl<sub>2</sub>
  - c) Both are unstable
  - d) Cu<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> is more stable than CuCl<sub>2</sub>

#### Ans. a

11. The Co-ordination number of Fe and Co in the  $\left[\operatorname{Fe}\left(\operatorname{C_2O_4}\right)_{2}\right]^{3-}$ complex ions,

 $\left[\text{Co}\left(\text{SCN}\right)_{4}\right]^{2-}$  are respectively:

- a) 3 and 4
- b) 6 and 8
- c) 4 and 6
- d) 6 and 4

## Ans. d

- 12. Number of stereoisomers exhibited  $\left[\operatorname{Co}(\operatorname{en})_{2}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$  is
- c) 5
- d) 3

Ans. d

- Give the IUPAC name of  $[Pt(NH_3)_4][PtCl_4]$  is 13.
  - a) Tetra ammine platinum (o) tetra chlorido platinum (IV)
  - b) Tetra ammine palatinate (II) tetra chlorido platinum (II)
  - c) Tetra ammine palatinate (o) tetra chlorido platinum (IV)
  - d) Tetra ammine platinum (II) tetra chlorido palatinate (II)

### Ans. d

- Prolonged exposure of chloroform in humans 14. may cause damage to liver. It is due to the formation of the following compound
  - a) CCl<sub>4</sub>
- b) COCl<sub>2</sub> c) CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> d) Cl<sub>2</sub>

#### Ans. b

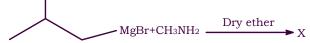
**Sol.** 
$$CHCl_3 \xrightarrow{[o]} COCl_2 + HCl$$

- Which of the following halide shows highest 15. reactivity towards S<sub>N</sub>1 reaction?
  - a)  $C_6H_5CH_2C1$
  - b) CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>2</sub>Cl
  - c)  $CH_3 CH_2 CH_2 CH_2I$
  - d)  $C_6H_5C1$

#### Ans. a

**Sol.** Rate of SN¹ reaction is directly proportional to stability of carbocation or Reactivity of SN1 reaction influenced bv stability carbocation.

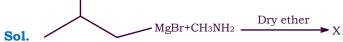
In the reaction 16.



The number of possible isomers for the organic compound X is

- a) 4
- b) 5
- c) 3
- d) 2

Ans. d



x = isobutane and it has two isomers.

- 17. Which of the following on heating gives an ether as major products?
  - P:  $C_6H_5CH_2Br + CH_3ONa$
  - Q:  $C_6H_5ONa + CH_3Br$
  - R:  $(CH_3)_3 C Cl + CH_3ONa$
  - S:  $C_6H_5CH = CHCl + CH_3ONa$

- a) Both R and S
- b) Both P and R
- c) Both Q and S
- d) Both P and Q

#### Ans. d

**Sol.** Primary alkyl halides/benzyl halides reacts alkoxide/phenoxide through mechanism gives ethers.

Vinyl and aryl halides least reactive towards

- 18. The steps involved in the conversion of propan -2-ol to propan -1-ol are in the order
  - a) Dehydration, addition of HBr, heating with aq. KOH
  - b) Heating with PCl<sub>5</sub>, heating with alc. KOH, acid catalysed addition of water
  - c) Heating with PCl<sub>5</sub>, heating with alc. KOH, hydroboration oxidation
  - d) Dehydration, addition of HBr in presence of peroxide, heating with alc. KOH

Ans. c

- 19. Which of the following is the strongest base?
  - a) CH<sub>3</sub>COO<sup>-</sup>
- b) C1-
- c) OH-
- d) CH<sub>3</sub>O

Ans. d

The product 'P' is

Ans. c

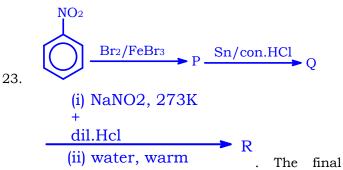
- 21. Which of the following has the lowest boiling point?
  - a) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH
- b)  $CH_3 CH_2 NH_2$
- c) CH<sub>3</sub> O CH<sub>3</sub>
- d) HCOOH

Ans. c

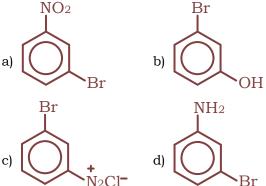
- 22. The carbonyl compound that does not undergo aldol condensation is
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Di chloro acetaldehyde
  - c) Tri chloro acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetaldehyde

Ans. c

Sol. Aldehydes and ketones containing alpha hydrogens will undergo aldol condensation



product is



Ans. b

- 24. Hinsberg's reagent is
  - a) (CH<sub>3</sub>CO)<sub>2</sub> O / pyridine
  - b)  $C_6H_5SO_2C1$
  - c) C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>
  - d) CH<sub>3</sub>COCl / pyridine

Ans. b

- 25. Which one of the following vitamins is not stored in adipose tissue?
  - a) A
- b) B<sub>6</sub>
- c) D
- d) E

Ans. b

- Hypothyroidism is caused by the deficiency of 26.
  - a) Vitamin B-12
- b) Adrenalin
- c) Thyroxine
- d) Glucocorticoid

Ans. c

- 27. C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> glycosidic bond is NOT found in
  - a) Maltose
- b) Sucrose
- c) Lactose
- d) Starch

Ans. b

- Which of the following polymer has strongest 28. intermolecular forces of attraction?
  - a) Neoprene
- b) Terylene
- c) Polythene
- d) Polystyrene

Ans. b

- 29. Which of the following monomers can undergo condensation polymerization?
  - a) Styrene
- b) Glycine
- c) Isoprene
- d) Propene

Ans. b

- 30. A food additive that acts as an antioxidant is
  - a) BHA
- b) Saccharin
- c) Sugar syrup
- d) Salt

Ans. a

- 31. Which of the following is not related to drugenzyme interaction?
  - a) Allosteric site
- b) Antagonist

c) 90.8L

c) Co-enzymes

a) 9.08L

d) Enzyme inhibitor

d) 45.4L

Ans. b

32. 0.4 g of dihydrogen is made to react with 7.4 g of dichlorine to form hydrogen chloride. The volume of hydrogen formed at 273K and 1 bar pressure is

Ans. b

b) 4.54L

- 33. With regard to photoelectric effect, identify the correct statement among the following
  - a) Energy of e- ejected increases with the increase in the intensity of incident light
  - b) Number of e- ejected increases with the increase in the frequency of incident light
  - c) Number of e- ejected increases with the increase in work function
  - d) Number of e- ejected increases with the increase in the intensity of incident light

Ans. d

- The last element of the p-block in 6th period is 34. represented by the outer most electronic configuration
  - a)  $7s^2 7p^6$
  - b)  $5f^{14}6d^{10}7s^27p^5$
  - c) 4f145d106s26p4
  - d) 4f145d106s26p6

Ans. d

- 35. The conjugate base of NH<sub>3</sub> is
  - a) NH<sup>+</sup>
- b) NH<sub>4</sub>OH c) NH<sub>2</sub>OH d) NH<sub>2</sub>

Ans. d

- 36. A gas mixture contains 25% He and 75% CH<sub>4</sub> by volume at a given temperature and pressure. The percentage by mass of methane in the mixture is approximately\_
- a) 75%
- b) 25%
- c) 92%
- d) 8%

Ans. c

- The percentage of s-character in the hybrid 37. orbitals of nitrogen in NO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>3</sub> and NH<sub>4</sub> respectively are
  - a) 33.3%, 50%, 25%
- b) 33.3%, 25%, 50%
- c) 50%, 33.3%, 25%
- d) 25%, 50%, 33.3%

Ans. c

- 38. The formal charge on central oxygen atom in ozone is
  - a) -1
- b) 0
- c) +2
- d) + 1

Ans. d

- When the same quantity of heat is absorbed by 39. a system at two different temperatures T<sub>1</sub> and  $T_2$ , such that  $T_1 > T_2$ , change in entropies are  $\Delta S_1$  and  $\Delta S_2$  respectively. Then
  - a)  $\Delta S_1 < \Delta S_2$
- b)  $\Delta S_1 = \Delta S_2$
- c)  $S_2 > S_1$
- d)  $\Delta S_2 < \Delta S_1$

Ans. a

Sol.

$$\Delta S = \frac{q}{T}$$

q is same (constant)

$$\therefore \boxed{\Delta S \alpha \frac{1}{T}}$$

- 40. The oxidation number of nitrogen atoms in NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> are
- a) +5, +5 b) -3, +5 c) +3, -5
- d) -3, -3

Ans. b

- A Lewis acid 'X' reacts with LiAlH4 in ether 41. medium to give a highly toxic gas. This gas when heated with NH<sub>3</sub> gives a compound commonly known as inorganic benzene. The gas is
  - a)  $B_2O_3$
- b)  $B_2H_6$
- c) B<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub> d) BF<sub>3</sub>

Ans. b

The oxide of potassium that does not exist is a) K<sub>2</sub>O b) KO<sub>2</sub> c)  $K_2O_2$ d)  $K_2O_3$ 

Ans. d

- 43. The metal that products H2 with both dil HCl and NaOH (aq) is
  - a) Zn
- b) Mg
- c) Ca
- d) Fe

Ans. a

- Sol. Amphoteric metals can react with both acids and bases.
- 44. Which of the following is NOT a pair of functional isomers?
  - a) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> and C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>
  - b) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH and CH<sub>3</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>
  - c) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>COOH
  - d) CH<sub>3</sub>COOH and HCOOCH<sub>3</sub>

Ans. a

45. Identify 'X' in the following reaction

$$\begin{array}{c} +6\text{Cl}_2 \\ \text{(Excess)} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Anhydrous AlCl}_3} X + 6\text{HCl} \\ \end{array}$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

$$CI$$

Ans. b

- Which of the following is NOT a green house 46. gas?
  - a) CFC
- b) CO<sub>2</sub>
- c)  $O_2$
- d) NO<sub>2</sub>

Ans. c

- A metal exists as an oxide with formula  $M_{0.96}O$ . 47. Metal M can exist as M+2 and M+3 in its oxide  $M_{0.96}O$ . The percentage of  $M^{+3}$  in the oxide is nearly
  - a) 8.3%
- b) 4.6%
- c) 5%
- d) 9.6%

Ans. a

**Sol.**  $M_0.96^{\circ}$ 

No. of  $M^{+2}$ ions = x

No. of  $M^{+3}$  ions = 0.96 - x

Total positive charges = Total negative charge (in magnitude)

$$x(2)+(0.96-x)(3)=1(2)$$

$$2x + 2.88 - 3x = 2$$

$$-x = 2 - 2.88$$

$$\therefore x = 0.88$$

No. of 
$$M^{+3}ions = 0.96 - 0.88$$

Percentage of 
$$M^{+3} = \frac{0.08}{0.96} \times 100$$
  
= 8.33 %

- A metal crystallises in face centred cubic 48. structure with metallic radius  $\sqrt{2}A^0$ . The volume of the unit cell (in m3) is
  - a)  $4x10^{-10}$
- b) 6.4x10<sup>-29</sup>
- c)  $4x10^{-9}$
- d) 6.4x10-30

Ans. b

Sol. For FCC

Atomic radius 
$$(r) = \frac{\sqrt{2}a}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-10} = \frac{\sqrt{2}a}{4}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-10} = \frac{\sqrt{2}a}{4}$$

$$a = \frac{4 \times \sqrt{2} \times 10^{-10}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$a = 4 \times 10^{-10} \, \text{m}$$

Volume of unit cell =  $a^3$ 

$$= (4 \times 10^{-10})^{3}$$
$$= 64 \times 10^{-30}$$
$$= 6.4 \times 10^{-29} \,\mathrm{m}^{3}$$

- 49. Silicon doped with gallium forms
  - a) n-type semiconductor
  - b) both n and p type semiconductor
  - c) an intrinsic semiconductor
  - d) p-type semiconductor

Ans. d

- The pair of electrolytes that posses same value 50. for the constant (A) in the Debye - Huckel -Onsagar equation,  $\lambda_m = \lambda_m^e - A\sqrt{C}$  is
  - a) MgSO<sub>4</sub>, NaSO<sub>4</sub>
- b) NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, NaBr
- c) NaBr, MgSO<sub>4</sub>
- d) NaCl, CaCl<sub>2</sub>

Ans. b

- 51. Which of the following pair of solutions is
  - a) 0.01M BaCl2 and 0.015M NaCl
  - b) 0.001M Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> and 0.01 M BaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - c) 0.001M CaCl2 and 0.001M Al2(SO4)3
  - d) 0.01M BaCl2 and 0.001M CaCl2

Ans. a

- When solute particle concentration is same Sol. then they are isotonic
- 52. Solute 'X' dimerises in water to the extent of 80%. 2.5g of 'X' in 100g of water increases the boiling point by 0.3 °C. The molar mass of 'X' is  $[K_b=0.52K \text{ kg mol}^{-1}]$ 
  - a) 13
- b) 52
- c) 65
- d) 26

Ans. d

**Sol.** 
$$i = 1 + \alpha \left(\frac{1}{n} - 1\right)$$

$$i = 1 + 0.8 \left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right)$$

$$i = 1 - 0.4 = 0.6$$

$$\Delta T_{_{\rm b}} = k_{_{\rm b}} \times \frac{W}{m} \times \frac{100}{W \left( gm \right)} \times i$$

$$0.3 = 0.52 \times \frac{2.5}{m} \times \frac{1000}{100} \times 0.6$$

Molar mass of 
$$x(m) = \frac{0.52 \times 2.5 \times 10 \times 0.6}{0.3}$$
  
= 26

 $E^0_{Fe^{+3}/Fe^{+2}} = +0.76V$  and  $E^0_{I_2/I^-} = +0.55V.$ 53. Given

> The equilibrium constant for the reaction taking place in galvanic cell consisting of above

two electrodes is 
$$\left[\frac{2.303RT}{F} = 0.06\right]$$

- a)  $1x10^7$
- b)  $1x10^9$  c)  $3x10^8$  d)  $5x10^{12}$

Ans. a

**Sol.** 
$$E^0_{Fe^{+3}/Fe^{+2}} = +0.76$$
 (cathode)

$$E^{0}_{I_{2}/I^{-}} = +0.55 \text{ (Anode)}$$

$$E_{cell}^{0} = E_{C}^{0} - E_{A}^{0}$$
  
= 0.76 - 0.55 = 0.21

$$2Fe^{+3} + 2I^{-} \rightarrow 2Fe^{+2} + I_{2}$$

$$E_{Cell}^0 = \frac{0.059}{n} log \, k_c$$

$$0.21 = \frac{0.059}{2} \log k_c$$

$$\log k_c = 7$$

$$k_c = 10^7$$

- 54. If an aqueous solution of NaF is electrolyzed between inert electrodes, the product obtained at anode is
  - a) F<sub>2</sub>
- b) H<sub>2</sub>
- c) Na
- d) O<sub>2</sub>

# Ans. d

- 55. In which of the following cases a chemical reaction is possible?
  - a)  $ZnSO_{4(aq)}$  is placed in a copper vessel
  - b)  $AgNO_3$  solution is stirred with a copper spoon
  - c) Conc.  $HNO_3$  is stored in a platinum vessel
  - d) gold ornaments are washed with dil HCl

#### Ans. b

- 56. The time required for 60% completion of a first order reaction is 50 min. The time required for 93.6% completion of the same reaction will be
  - a) 100 min
- b) 83.8 min
- c) 50 min
- d) 150 min

## Ans. d

**Sol.** 60% completion

$$K = \frac{2.303}{t} log \frac{\left[R_0\right]}{\left[R\right]}$$

$$K = \frac{2.303}{50} \log \frac{100}{40}$$

$$K = \frac{2.303}{50} \times 0.397$$

93.6% completion

$$K = \frac{2.303}{t} log \frac{\left[R_0\right]}{\left[R\right]}$$

$$\frac{2.303}{50} \times 0.397 = \frac{2.303}{t} \log \frac{100}{6.4}$$

t = 150 min

- 57. For an elementary reaction  $2A+3B \rightarrow 4C+D$  the rate of appearance of C at time 't' is  $2.8 \times 10^{-3}$  mol L<sup>-1</sup>S<sup>-1</sup>. Rate of disappearance of B at 't' t will be
  - a)  $\frac{4}{3} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) \text{mol } L^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$
  - b)  $\frac{3}{4} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) \text{mol L}^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$
  - c)  $2(2.8 \times 10^{-3})$  mol L<sup>-1</sup> S<sup>-1</sup>
  - d)  $\frac{1}{4} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) \text{mol } L^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$

Ans. b

Sol. 
$$-\frac{1}{3} \frac{d(B)}{dt} = +\frac{1}{4} \frac{d(C)}{dt}$$
$$-\frac{d(B)}{dt} = +\frac{3}{4} \frac{d(C)}{dt}$$
$$= \frac{+3}{4} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) \text{mol } L^{-1} \text{ S}^{-1}$$

- 58. The rate constant of a reaction is given by  $k=P Ze^{-Ea/RT}$  under standard notation. In order to speed up the reaction, which of the following factors has to be decreased?
  - a) Z

b) Both Z and T

c) E<sub>a</sub>

d) T

Ans. c

- 59. A sol of AgI is prepared by mixing equal volumes of 0.1M AgNO<sub>3</sub> and 0.2M KI, which of the following statement is correct?
  - a) Sol obtained is a negative sol with  $NO_3^-$  adsorbed on AgI
  - b) Sol obtained is a positive sol with  $Ag^+$  adsorbed on AgI
  - c) Sol obtained is a positive sol with  $K^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  adsorbed on AgI
  - d) Sol obtained is a negative sol with I-adsorbed on AgI

Ans. d

- 60. During Adsorption of a gas on a solid
  - a)  $\Delta G < 0$ ,  $\Delta H < 0$ ,  $\Delta S < 0$
  - b)  $\Delta G > 0$ ,  $\Delta H > 0$ ,  $\Delta S > 0$
  - c)  $\Delta G < 0$ ,  $\Delta H < 0$ ,  $\Delta S > 0$
  - d)  $\Delta G$ <0,  $\Delta H$ >0,  $\Delta S$ >0

Ans. a