


```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from fbprophet import Prophet
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
import plotly as pt
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import rmse
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

```
data = pd.read_excel(r'POCM_HISTORICAL.xlsx')
df1 = data[["Checkout_Date", "Order_Quantity"]]
```


```
df1.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 160577 entries, 0 to 160576
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Checkout_Date    160577 non-null  datetime64[ns]
1   Order_Quantity   160577 non-null  int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int64(1)
memory usage: 2.5 MB
```

```
df1
```

	Checkout_Date	Order_Quantity	
0	2018-12-04	1	
1	2018-12-04	1	
2	2018-12-05	5	
3	2018-12-05	10	
4	2018-12-05	20	
...	
160572	2020-05-15	5	
160573	2020-05-15	20	


```
df = df1.groupby(["Checkout_Date"])['Order_Quantity'].sum().reset_index()
df.tail()
```

	Checkout_Date	Order_Quantity	
465	2020-05-11	2749	
466	2020-05-12	3366	
467	2020-05-13	1491	
468	2020-05-14	6631	
469	2020-05-15	1018	

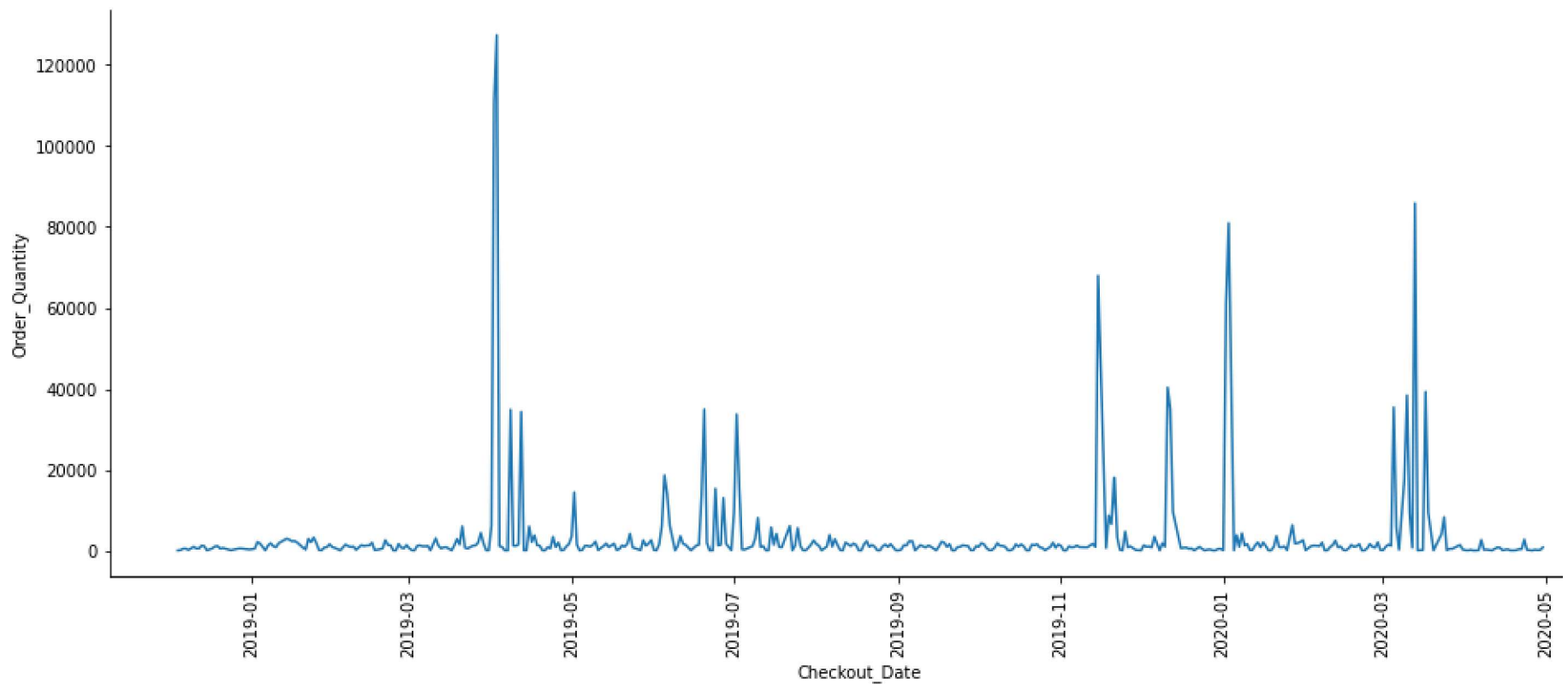
```
#selecting a time specific data, we can consider it as our train data
daily1 = df.loc[df['Checkout_Date'].between('2018-12-04','2020-04-30', inclusive=True)]
```

```
#we can consider it as test data after training and getting prediction of the previous data.
daily2 = df.loc[df['Checkout_Date'].between('2020-05-01','2020-05-15', inclusive=True)]
```

```
daily1.tail()
```


	ds	y	
454	2020-04-26	2	
455	2020-04-27	170	
456	2020-04-28	78	
457	2020-04-29	115	
458	2020-04-30	750	

```
sns.relplot(x = 'Checkout_Date', y = 'Order_Quantity', data = daily1, kind = 'line', height = 5.5, aspect = 2.5)
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')
plt.show()
```



```
model = Prophet()
daily1.columns = ['ds', 'y']
```


```
daily1.tail()
```

	ds	y	
454	2020-04-26	2	
455	2020-04-27	170	
456	2020-04-28	78	
457	2020-04-29	115	
458	2020-04-30	750	

```
model = model.fit(daily1)
```

INFO:fbprophet:Disabling yearly seasonality. Run prophet with yearly_seasonality=True to override this.
INFO:fbprophet:Disabling daily seasonality. Run prophet with daily_seasonality=True to override this.

```
future = model.make_future_dataframe(periods= 15)
future.tail()
```

	ds	
469	2020-05-11	
470	2020-05-12	
471	2020-05-13	
472	2020-05-14	
473	2020-05-15	

```
forecast = model.predict(future)
forecast.tail()
```

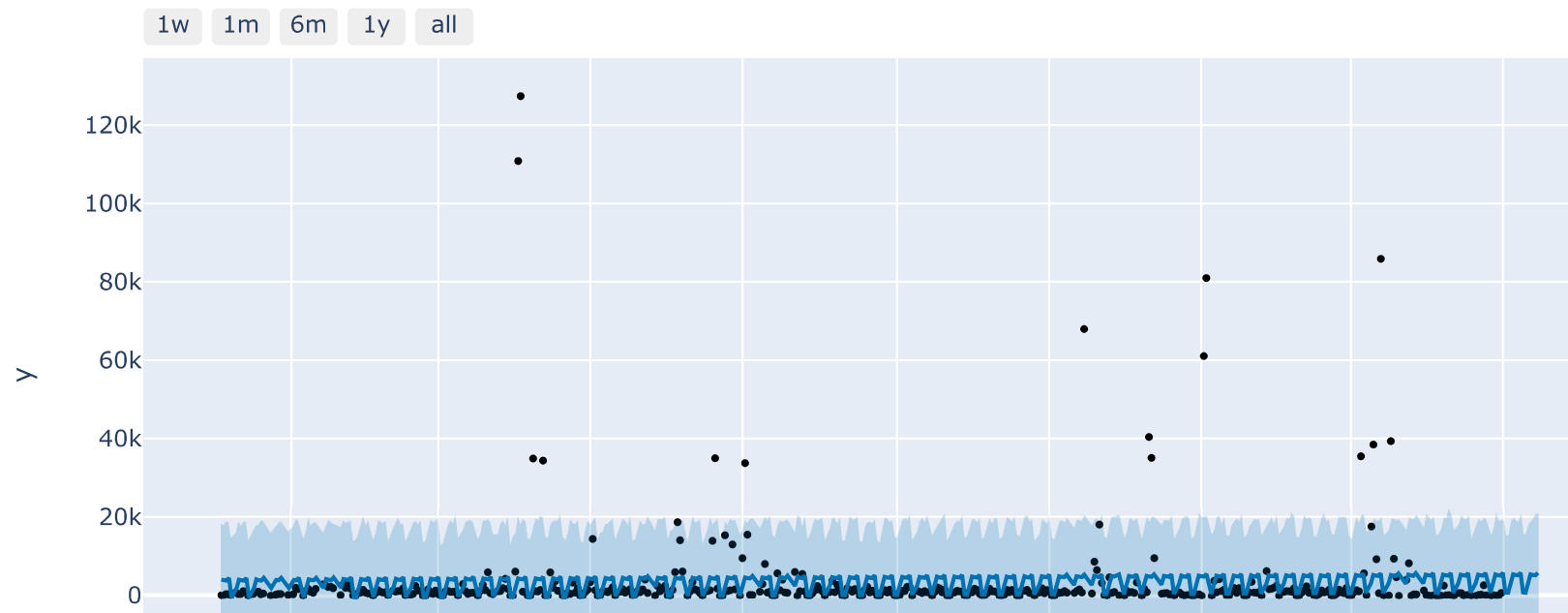
	ds	trend	yhat_lower	yhat_upper	trend_lower	trend_upper	additive_terms	additive_terms_lower	add
469	2020-05-11	3656.899539	-10716.160561	18244.981180	3656.870981	3656.931046	-583.424374	-583.424374	
470	2020-05-12	3659.399482	-9669.415555	18828.306724	3659.364802	3659.435262	1648.870184	1648.870184	
471	2020-05-13	3661.899425	-8867.285475	19572.495283	3661.853154	3661.942083	1471.131418	1471.131418	
472	2020-05-14	3664.399367	-9657.396345	20864.139435	3664.346838	3664.449569	1388.198489	1388.198489	
473	2020-05-15	3666.899310	-9453.904577	20583.584990	3666.837808	3666.954865	2039.183785	2039.183785	



```
from fbprophet.plot import plot_plotly, plot_components_plotly

plot_plotly(model, forecast)
```






plot_components_plotly(model, forecast)



```
f1 = forecast.loc[forecast['ds'].between('2020-05-01','2020-05-15', inclusive=True)][['ds', 'yhat']]
f1 = f1.set_index('ds')
f1 = f1[(f1.index.dayofweek < 5)]
f1
```

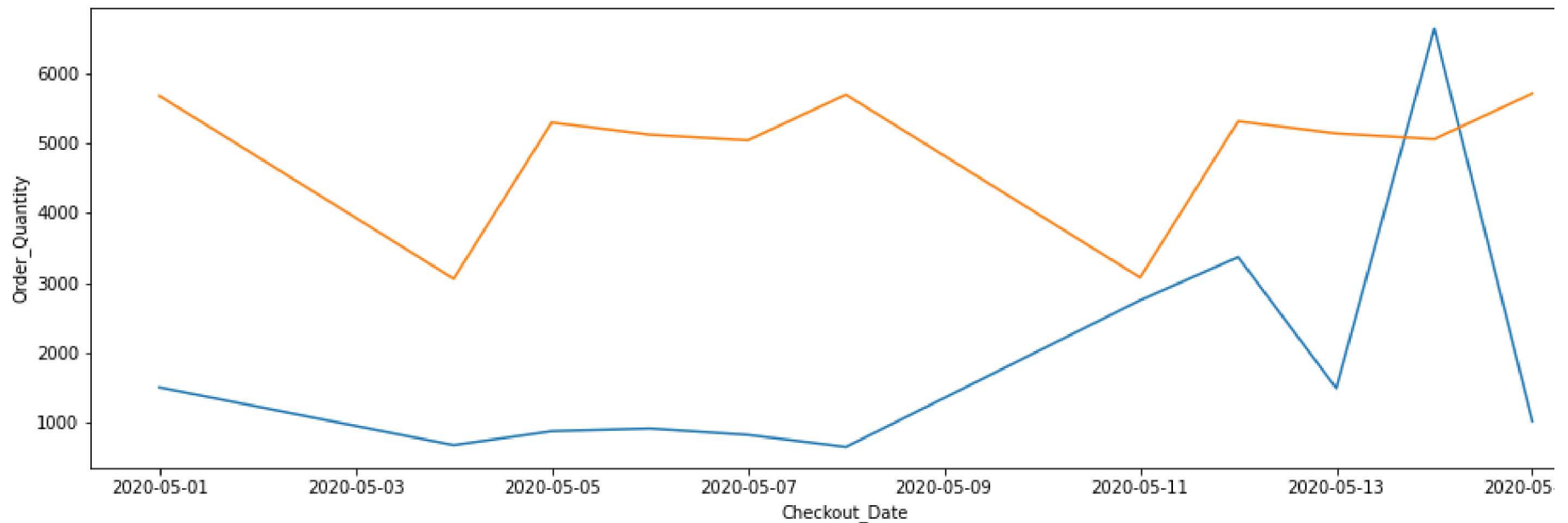
	yhat 
ds	
2020-05-01	5671.083898
2020-05-04	3055.975567
2020-05-05	5290.770068
2020-05-06	5115.531245
2020-05-07	5035.098258
2020-05-08	5688.583497
2020-05-11	3073.475165
2020-05-12	5308.269666
2020-05-13	5133.030843
2020-05-14	5052.597856
2020-05-15	5706.083095

#Comparing the forecasted and original data plots

```
plt.figure(figsize=(16,5))
```

```
sns.lineplot(x= daily2['Checkout_Date'], y= daily2["Order_Quantity"])
sns.lineplot(x= f1.index, y = f1.yhat)
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f009317ca90>



```
# Checking Evaluation/Performance Metrics
```

```
prophet_rmse_error = rmse(daily2['Order_Quantity'], f1["yhat"])
```

```
prophet_mse_error = prophet_rmse_error**2
```

```
mean_value = df['Order_Quantity'].mean()
```

```
print(f'MSE Error: {prophet_mse_error}\nRMSE Error: {prophet_rmse_error}\nMean: {mean_value}')
```

MSE Error: 13166503.243065955

RMSE Error: 3628.5676572259135

Mean: 3314.923404255319