



## Lab Week 03

### Functions

#### Basic Functions

Functions allow us to group related code into a **named entity** making large program more manageable. In addition, it also allows us to **reuse** the named entity making the program shorter. Furthermore, **modification** is easier since similar code is centralized.

Create a program that repeat same task multiple time. Example **week6ex1.py**:

Instead of

```
print ("Hello Buddy")
print ("How are you?")
print ("Hello Buddy")
print ("How are you?")
print ("Hello Buddy")
print ("How are you?")
```

we use function

```
def hellomat():
    print ("Hello Buddy")
    print ("How are you?")
    return

hellomat()
hellomat()
hellomat()
```

#### Exercise 1

Create a program called *MyNameInput.py* that ask for a name and display back the name using a function. Ask the user repeatedly (Minimum 3 times).

Output example

```
Your name please >> Buddy
Your name is Buddy
Your name please >> Linda
Your name is Linda
Your name please >> joyah
Your name is joyah
```

#### Functions with Parameters

The parentheses in a function definition block is used to pass parameters or arguments. Example **week6ex2.py**

```
def add_number(n1, n2):
    sum = n1 + n2
    print ("Total of", n1 , "and", n2, "is", sum)
    return

add_number(4,5)
```

---



```
add_number(10,20)
add_number (10.3,20.4)
```

## Exercise 2

Create a program called *MyAgeInput.py* that ask for an age. Pass the age to a function that calculates and displays the birth year.

*Output example*

```
Your age please >> 20
Your birth year is 1997
```

## Functions that return Values

The return keyword can be used to return a value. Example ***week6ex3.py***

```
def add3number(n1, n2, n3):
    sum = n1 + n2 + n3
    return sum

n1 = 4
n2 = 6
n3 = 10
sum = add3number(n1, n2, n3)
print(n1 , "+", n2, "+", n3, "=", sum)
sum = add3number(0.5, 20, 3.5)
print(0.5 , "+", 20, "+", 3.5, "=", sum)
```

## Exercise 3

Create a program called *calcBirthYear* that ask for an age. Pass the age to a function that ***calculates and returns*** back the birth year to be displayed by the program.

*Output example*

```
Your age please >> 20
Your birth year is 1997
```

## Exercise 4

Create a program called *convertFtToM* that pass feet (ft) value. Pass the value to a function that calculates and returns back the metre (m) value to be displayed in the program.

*Output example*

```
Convert ft to m >> 20
20 ft is 6.096 m
```

- The End -

---