# DIABETIC DETECTION THROUGH EYES

# **Submitted By**

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## 1. Introduction

The **Diabetic Detection through Eyes** system is an Al-powered application designed to assist in early detection of diabetes through retinal image analysis. Using deep learning algorithms and medical imaging techniques, the system identifies potential signs of diabetes-related eye conditions, enabling timely intervention and treatment.

This system provides a non-invasive and accessible approach to diabetes detection, improving diagnostic accuracy and supporting healthcare professionals in patient care.

## 2. Key Features

## **Image Analysis and Detection:**

- Identify diabetic retinopathy and related abnormalities from retinal images.
- Highlight affected regions in analysed images for better visualization.

## **Predictive Analytics:**

- Risk assessment based on detected patterns in retinal images.
- Insights into diabetes progression based on historical data.

## **Interactive User Interface:**

- Easy-to-navigate platform for uploading and analyzing images.
- Visualization of results through annotated images and graphs.

# 3. Technical Implementation

## **Libraries and Tools Used:**

#### Core Libraries:

- OpenCV and Pillow: Image processing and manipulation.
- NumPy and Pandas: Data handling and preprocessing.
- o Matplotlib and Seaborn: Data visualization.

## Deep Learning Frameworks:

- TensorFlow and Keras: For building and training CNN models.
- o Pre-trained models like ResNet or EfficientNet for feature extraction.

#### **Model Architecture:**

- A Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) fine-tuned on diabetic retinopathy datasets.
- Metrics: Accuracy, Precision, Recall, and F1-score for model evaluation.

# **Implementation Workflow:**

# 1. Data Preprocessing:

- Resize and normalize retinal images.
- Augment data to improve generalization.

#### 2. Model Training:

- Train the CNN using labelled datasets (e.g., EyePACS or APTOS 2019).
- Optimize using techniques like dropout and learning rate decay.

## 3. Prediction and Visualization:

- Classify images as diabetic or non-diabetic.
- Annotate and display results.

# 4. Challenges Addressed

## **Data Quality Issues:**

Addressed imbalance in datasets using data augmentation and resampling.

## **High Computational Requirements:**

• Optimized the model to work efficiently on GPUs or cloud platforms.

## **Model Interpretability:**

• Incorporated Grad-CAM to visualize regions influencing predictions.

# 5. Project Structure

## **Main Application:**

• Central application script (e.g., main.py).

## **Image Processing:**

• Scripts for preprocessing and augmentation (image\_preprocessing.py).

## **Model Training:**

• Training scripts (model\_training.py) for CNN architecture.

#### **Prediction and Visualization:**

Scripts for image classification and result visualization (predict\_and\_visualize.py).

## **Resources:**

• Folder for datasets and pre-trained models.

#### 6. Future Enhancements

- Real-Time Analysis: Develop mobile or web applications for instant analysis.
- Integration with Healthcare Systems: Store results in electronic health records (EHR).
- Multi-Disease Detection: Extend the system to identify other conditions like glaucoma or macular degeneration.
- **Explainable AI Features:** Enhance interpretability for better trust among medical professionals.

#### 7. Conclusion

The **Diabetic Detection through Eyes** project leverages AI to provide a reliable tool for detecting diabetes-related eye conditions. By integrating advanced machine learning techniques with a user-friendly interface, the system enhances diagnostic accuracy and contributes to improved patient outcomes. With its modular design, it is scalable for additional features and healthcare applications.

#### **Screenshots and Visuals**

(Include sample annotated retinal images and interface screenshots.)



