



# Python Lambda Function



# Lambda Function

- Python Lambda Functions are anonymous function means that the function is without a name.
- As we already know that the def keyword is used to define a normal function in Python. Similarly, the lambda keyword is used to define an anonymous function in Python.
- This function can have any number of arguments but only one expression, which is evaluated and returned.

## Syntax:

**lambda arguments:expression**

# Example:-

```
str1 = 'Python'
# lambda returns a function object
rev_upper = lambda string: string.upper()[::-1]
print(rev_upper(str1))

##### OUTPUT #####
NOHTYP
```

In this example we are taking a string and then converting it into Uppercase and reversing it.

```
format_numeric = lambda num: f"{num:e}" if isinstance(num, int) else f"{num:,.2f}"

print("Int formatting:", format_numeric(1000000))
print("float formatting:", format_numeric(999999.789541235))

##### OUTPUT #####
Int formatting: 1.000000e+06
float formatting: 999,999.79
```

In this example we are formatting the Integer and the float along with the if statement to check if the given input is an integer or a float.



```
def cube(y):  
    return y*y*y  
lambda_cube = lambda y: y*y*y  
# using function defined  
# using def keyword  
print("Using function defined with `def` keyword, cube:", cube(5))  
# using the lambda function  
print("Using lambda function, cube:", lambda_cube(5))
```

```
##### OUTPUT #####  
Using function defined with `def` keyword, cube: 125  
Using lambda function, cube: 125
```

In this example we are calculating the cube of a number and we are comparing it with the traditional function and the lambda function.