

# CS110 - Introduction to Computing

## Tutorial - I

January 31, 2008

1. Expand the following

- (a) CPU
- (b) ASCII
- (c) IO
- (d) RAM

2. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
    int a;
    a = 1;
    a = 2;
    a = 3;
    printf("%d %d %d \n",a,a,a);
    return 0;}
```

3. Given that  $p, q$  and  $r$  are declared as integers in a  $C$  program. Also given that  $p = 12$  and  $q = 16$ , what are the possible values of  $r$  such that the following expressions in  $C$  language,  $p/q + r$  and  $4 * (p/(q - r))$  evaluate to the same value?

4. Will your answer change if the expressions are  $p/q + r$  and  $4 * p/(q - r)$ . If so, what would be the change?

5. For example,  $(95)_{10}$  stands for 95 to the base 10. In other words, it denotes  $9 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$ . For what values(s) of  $a$  will  $(69)_a = (127)_8$ .

6. What will be the output of this program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i;
    i = 076;
    printf("The value of i is %d\n",i);
    return 0; }
```

7. Convert the following to binary:

- (a)  $(712)_8$
- (b)  $(ABC)_{16}$

8. Evaluate:

- (a)  $(\text{---})_{10} = (AB)_{16} + (43)_8$
- (b)  $(EC9FA)_{16} - (8137)_{10} = (\text{---})_8 = (\text{---})_2$

9. In the *OuTel* computer made by Prof. Nutts, any integer  $A$  is represented using 13 bits. What would be the range of values if:

- (a)  $A$  is an unsigned integer.
- (b)  $A$  is a signed integer.

10. A matrix  $A$  of integers with dimension  $10 \times 13$  is stored in a row-major order starting at location  $0x1000$ , in memory. In which memory locations the entry  $A[2][3]$  shall be stored? Assume each integer is 4 bytes and every memory location stored one byte.

11. What would be the location of  $A[2][3]$  in the above problem if,  $A$  was stored in column-major order?

12. What are the errors in the following C code segment?

```
if(q >= r)
    printf("q is greater then or equal to r\n");
    p = q + r;
else
    printf("r is less than q\n");
    p = q - r;
```

13. What is the output of the following C program?

```
#include <stdio.h>
main() {
    printf("C", "S", "-", "1", "1", "0", "\n");
    return 0; }
```

14. Evaluate the following expressions using 2's complement arithmetic. Indicate overflows and underflows appropriately:

- (a)  $3_{10} - 2_{10}$
- (b)  $5_{10} - 6_{10}$
- (c)  $4_{10} + 3_{10}$
- (d)  $-4_{10} - 3_{10}$
- (e)  $2_{10} + 7_{10}$

(f)  $-5_{10} + -4_{10}$

15. What is the output of the following C program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    float a;
    a = 1.2365;
    printf("%d\n",a);
    printf("%f\n",a);
    printf("%.2f\n",a);
    return 0; }
```

16. What is wrong with the following C declaration?

```
int float[5] = {0,0,0,0,0};
```

17. Consider the following C program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int a;
    printf("Enter the value for a:");
    scanf("%d", &a);
    if(a = 25)
        printf("a is 25");
    else
        printf("a is not 25");
    return 0; }
```

For what values of  $a$  will the program output  $a$  is not 25?

18. What will be the output of the following program?

```
int main(){
    int x;
    x = 5;
    printf("%d %d %d",x, x<<2, x>>2);
    return 0; }
```

19. What will be the output of the following program?

```
int main() {
    int x=20, y=35;
    x = x++ + y++;
    y = ++x + ++y;
    printf("%d %d\n",x++,++y);
    return 0; }
```

20. Is the following for loop correct?

```
int main(){
    int i,x,y=0,r,t=0;
    x=56342;
    for(i=0;x>0;i++) {
        t = t+1;
        r = x%10;
        y = y*10+r;
        x = x/10; }
    printf("%d %d %d\n",x,y,t);
    return 0;
}
```

If the answer is **yes** then what is the output?  
If the answer is **no** then where is it wrong?

21. What is the output of `printf("%d");`?

22. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int i = 0 , a[5] ;
    a[i]= i++;
    printf("%d\n",a[i]);
    i=i--;
    printf ("%d\n",a[i]) ;
    return 0; }
```

23. What is the output of the `printf` statements?

```
int main(){
    int array1 [8] = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16,7};
    int array2 [] = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16,7};

    printf("%d\n",array1[8]);
    printf("%d\n",array2[8]);
    return 0;
}
```

24. Is the following C code segment correct?

```
for(int i=0,intj=0;i<10,j<5;i++,j++)
{
    printf("%d\n",i);
    printf("%d\n",j);
}
```

25. What is the URL of the course website?